Northwest Territories

SOCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

APRIL 1980 - MARCH 1985

The Goal of the Financial Assistance Program is that Northwest Territories residents are able to meet their basic needs and become self-sufficient.

ADDENDUM

1. TABLE 28 B (p. 124) "Number on SA" represents applicants only and does not include dependents; hence the "Percent on SA" is misleading. A more accurate representation is obtained by estimating the number of recipients and dependents by ethnic status, and calculating the percent of this group in the ethnic population. The result is:

Indian			Inuit			Non-Native			All		
Population Projections (1985)	Number on SA	Percent on SA	Population Projections (1985)	Number on SA	Percent on SA	Population Projection (1985)	Number on SA	Percent on SA	Population Projections (1985)	Number on SA	Percent on SA
11,749	4,440	37.7	18,107	9,819	54.2	21,781	2,768	12.7	51,637	17,027	32.9

2. PIE CHART (p. 129) This chart is misleading as the percent of persons on Social Assistance does not include dependents. A more accurate description is:

Indians on SA	8.6%	Inuit on SA	19%	Non-Native on SA	5.4%
Indians not on SA	14.2%	Inuit not on SA	16%	Non-Native not on SA	36.8%

SOCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
APRIL 1980 - March 1985

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃᑯᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᖅᓯᐊᕐᓇᓱᒋᑦ

ᐊᐃᓗᒃ 1980 - ᒪᑉᓗ 1985

The GOAL of the Financial Assistance Program is that NWT residents are able to meet their basic needs and become self-sufficient.

ᐱᓕᕆᐊᖑᓇᒪᔪᓂᒃᑯᐊᓕᒃᑐᑦ ᑭᓱᓕᐅᔨᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᖅᓯᐊᕐᓇᓱᒋᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᑎᐊ

ᐃᓄᖓᓱᓄᑦ ᓇᒥᓂᖅ ᐊᐅᓚᕐᔪᐊᓇᕆᐊᓚᓂᖓᓱᓕᒃ ᐱᒋᐊᕐᕿᒋᔭᖓᓱᓂ

ᒪᓕᒐᓕᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᓗ ᐃᒥᓂᖅ ᐱᖓᓱᓕᒃ.

REPORT ON THE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

1980 - 1985

Department of Social Services
Government of the Northwest Territories
Yellowknife, N.W.T.
November, 1985

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ᓯᓚᐃᓐᓂᖅ ᐅᓂᒃ ᑲᐅᓯᖏᑎᐊᒃ ᓴᖅᑭᓂᒃ

ᐱᒋᐊᓂᓂᖅ: ᒥᓂᑦᑕ ᐊᓯᓂ ᓴᓕᑎᕐᒃ ᑯᓐᓂᒃ ᐋᓐᓂᐊᓂ ᓴᓕᑎ-ᕐᒃ ᑯᓐᓂᒃᓗ ᐊᖏᔪᓂᖅ ᑲᓇᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᐅᑎᓯᐅᑉ ᓴᓇᓂᒃᑐᖅ, ᐊᓯᓂ ᓴᓕᑎᕐᒃ ᑯᓐᓂᒃ

ᐃᓕᖏ 1: ᐊᓯᓂ ᓴᓕᑎᕐᒃ ᑯᓐ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᒋᓕᒃ ᑕᖅᑭᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 2: ᐃᑲᔪᑕᐅᓕᒃ ᓴᓐ ᐋᓐᓇᐅᒪᓐᓄᑦᓗ
(a) ᐃᑲᔪᑎᑦ ᑲᓇᐅᔨᓕᓐᓄᑦᓗ ᓂᕆᔨᒃ ᓂᑦ ᐊᒥᑦ ᓂᑦ
(b) ᓄᓇᑦ ᐅᓂᑦᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᓕᖅᑕᒃ ᑐᓐ ᑐᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 3: ᐃᓐᓇᑐᖏᑦ ᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᔪᓕᒃ ᑐᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 4: <ᐃᑎᑦ ᕆᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 5: ᐃᓕᒃᓇᐃᔨᖏᑦᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 6: ᐃᓕᒃᓇᐃᔨᖏᕐᓗᐊᑦ ᓗᑎᒃ ᐊᓯᓂ ᑐᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 7: ᓄᑕᖏᕐᓂ ᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᓯᑦ ᑕᐅᓴᑎᐊᖏᖅᑕ ᑐᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 8: ᐋᓐᓂᐊᖏᖅᑕ ᑐᑦ /ᐱᔭᑎᑦ ᓴᒃ ᑐᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 9: ᓄᑕᕐᕆᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖏᓂᑦᑕ

ᐃᓕᖏ 10: ᓄᓇᓕᑦ ᑐᓂᐅᖏᖅᑕ ᑕᐅᒃ ᓴᓗᑦᑕ

ᐃᓕᖏ 11: ᐃᓗ ᓗᑦ ᓴᐊᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑕᐅᓕᒃ ᑐᑦ

ᐃᓕᖏ 12: ᐊᑐᑦ ᑐᐅᓴᑎᐊᖏᖅᑕ ᑐᑦ

ᐊᓗᑦᑕ: ᑎᑎᕐᑦ ᑕᐅᓘᒪᓴᑦᑕ
ᐊᒃᓴᓂᓕᔪᐊᑦᑕ
ᑎᑎᕐᑕᐅᓴᑦ ᓘᒪᓴᑦᑕ (<ᐃᓂᓕᔪᐊᑦᑕ)

ᖁᓕᓂᓂᓕᑦ ᑕᐅᓴᑦᑕ

INTRODUCTION BY THE MINISTER OF HEALTH & SOCIAL SERVICES

This report outlines the role which social assistance plays in the economy of the Northwest Territories. It meets the financial needs of a variety of people: the aged and handicapped, single parents with young children, the working poor, and the unemployed.

The years 1980-85 have seen a rise in unemployment and inflation in Canada. Unemployment has always been high in the Northwest Territories and remains high. Inflation has been harder on northern communities than elsewhere. Anti-sealing and trapping sentiment in Europe, North America and elsewhere has caused a decline in income from fur.

ᓴᖅᑭᑎᕐᓂᖅ ᒥᓂᔅᓴᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᓂᓕᕆᓂᖅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᐊᖅᑐᓕᕆᔨᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᐊᑕᐅ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᖅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ

ᐅᓪᓗ ᐅᖃᓕᒫᖅ ᐅᖃᐅᓯᖃᓐᓄᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᖅᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓂᖅᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓐᓇᖅᑐᖅ ᓴᓇᔨᓕᐅᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᓴᓇᔨᓐᓇᖅᑐᖅ ᓴᓇᓕᒫᒥᒃ ᓴᓇᔨᓐᓇᖅᑐᖅ, ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓂᖅᓄᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓕᖅᑐᖅ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᐊᖅᑐᓕᕆᔨᒪᔪᓄᑦ

The goal of the Financial Assistance Program is self-sufficiency. For older people this means adequate pension support. The unemployed need financial help while they prepare themselves for the wage economy through academic and vocational training. Handicapped persons need special orientation to life and vocational skills. Families, especially single parent families, need day-care.

The future of social assistance lies in integrating the creation of jobs with assessment and training, day-care, life skills and financial assistance.

This report, the first time program information has been made available in this detail, provides information to government and public at large so that discussion on the future of social assistance in the Northwest Territories may be factual and stimulating.

Your comments will be welcome.

Bruce McLaughlin

ᐱᓕᕆᔨᒃᑲᐃᓕᓐᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᓴᓕᕐᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᒥᓂ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᖅᑐᓄᑦᓯᓕᒥᑦ. ᐃᓄᐃᖅᑲᓱᒪᓂᖅ ᓇᒪᔭᖅᑐᓂ ᐃᑲᓴᓕᕐᓂᒃᑯᑦᓯᐅᖅᑐᓂ. ᐃᖅᑲᓇᐃᔨᓴᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᓴᕆᐊᖃᑎᒌᖅᑯᒪᒃ ᓇᒥᓂ ᐱᔪᓐᓇᖅᑐᓂᒃᑯᑦᓯᐅᖅᑐᓂ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅᑐᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ

HEALTH & SOCIAL SERVICES GHA K'ÓHOWE TS'Ę ʔEDĮHTL'É

Hederi ʔedįhtl'é k'e júhdá hįnéné sǫ́ba hé dágaw'e hé ʔeyi Dene sǫ́ba hé gots'é rágodee héni dágǫ́ht'e ghǫ yá ʔahęt'e. Hederi dagháré Dene łǫ ts'é rágodee gha. ʔeyi Dene Hįshai ke, meni bene t'áhsą́ ʔagǫ́ht'e ke w'ilá, gots'ę meni wani deya yáríhshee ke w'ilá, meni ʔeghálayeda kólí sǫ́ba hé kugha kégǫfa ke, gots'ę meni du ʔeghálayeda ke.

Júhni 1980-85 gok'énahtani deri ʔehda Canada ni k'áʔone Dene hįłǫ kugha ʔeghálayída gǫ́hlíle hé w'ila k'áʔone t'áhsį déʔadedéhtį ghát's'eyída. Júhdá hįnéné Northwest Territories golǫ gots'é Dene hįłǫ du kugha ʔeghálayída gǫ́hlíle gots'ę hįdú k'ále ʔekáʔagǫ́ht'e. Hagú júhdá kǫ́ę́ kágodéyįla niyá lǫ́ t'áhsį yádétį. Hagú hįdé gots'ę hįná Tudate ʔeyi sáwé ch'áʔeret'ę gots'ę sáwé gǫ sǫ́ba lą́ yúwé ʔája.

ʔeyi Financial Assistance Program yeri ts'é gokeʔa la Dene ke ʔareyǫ́né kugha gonezǫ́ góʔǫ wǫ́le gogha ni yá ʔaket'į. Hederi gháré Dene Hįshai ke sǫ́ba hé kuts'é rágodi wóle, gots'ę meni du ʔeghálayeda ke ʔeghálayída gha gákurétǫ gots'é sǫ́ba hé kuts'é rágodeeni. Gots'ę meni bene t'áhsą́ ʔagǫ́ht'e ke t'áhsį gogha gákuretę gha. Hagú ʔeyi beya gǫ́hlį, meni wani deya yáríhshee ke yá lǫ́ ʔeyi ke yá láni kuya hek'égodi kǫ́ het'óʔeʔa.

ʔeyi hé Social Assistance got'íné ke hederi ʔareyóné ghálakeyeda gha. Yeri ʔeghálayeda yákíhsį gha meni gálayúda yeri hokenihshǫ gha ʔeyi gákeyída yítl'ą gogha Dene gáhukerehtę gha. Gózee w'ila ts'ǫ́dane hek'égodi ni w'ilá, gots'ę dzine tóréht'é t'áhsį hots'edúhsha gha Dene gáhukerehtę gha. Sǫ́ba hé w'ila Dene ts'érakeedee gha.

Hederi gode yeri gha kideyítl'e la ʔeyi Government selekúwé ke gots'ę hóyí Dene ke kik'e godee ʔeyi ni gháré ni dá dúle gonezǫ́ ʔagówot'e ghǫ gots'é gokeedee gha dúle.

Hederi ʔedįhtl'é hai xeedee dukáʔaréht'e k'ę́ ʔedátl'e yáʔahęt'e. Mǫ́la k'ę́, ʔerakee k'ę́, Mǫ́la Wá k'ę́ w'ila.

Deri ʔedįhtl'é ghǫ t'áhsą́ ʔadewídí yerahwę nídé dúle.

Bruce McLaughlin

INTRODUCTION

by: Director of Social Assistance

This report sets out basic data on the social assistance program in the Northwest Territories between April 1980 and March 1985. The choice of data was based on questions most frequently asked about the program.

The most common questions are about expenditures in the communities and regions between 1980 and 1985. (See Section 1.)

Another set of questions deals with the importance of social assistance in the overall economy, and how dependent people are on social assistance as a substitute for wage or trapping income. (See Section 2.)

Then there are the questions asked about financial assistance to senior citizens, families using day-care, the unemployed, the working poor and disabled or sick persons. Questions about the working force and the unemployed frequently are followed by further questions concerning their age and education.

The various groups which receive financial assistance are summarized in Sections 3 to 8.

Questions are asked about the types of family which receive financial assistance, either couples with or without ch'ldren, single parents or single persons (See Section 9).

ᐱᒋᐊᕐᓂᖅ

ᐊᐅᓚᕐᓂᐊᖅ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᓐ ᐃᓚᖓᑕᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᓄᓐ

ᒪᕐᓇ ᐅᓂᒃ ᑲᓕᐊᑦᔪᓐᓇᖅ ᑐᓴᒪᒃᓴᖏᓐᓄᑦ >ᓐᒃ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᓐ ᐃᓚᖓᑕᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᕐᓂᐊᕐᒥ ᐃᕐ >ᓐᑭ 1980-ᒥᕐ ᒪᕐᓂᓗ 1985-ᒧᕐ. ᒪᒃ ᑯᐊ ᑐᓴᒪᒃ ᓴᓇᕐᐊᑎᑎᑕᐅᓕᕐᓂ >ᓐ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᐱᕐ ᓂᕐ ᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᕿᑐᒪᕐᓂ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐱᓕᑎᐊᑦᔪᓚᒧᕐ ᐱᒃ ᔭᑎᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᓗᑎᒃ.

ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᕿᑎᖏᓐᓇᑕᐅᓕᕐᓂᑦ ᑐᓴᒃ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᒃ ᐊᑭᓕᑕᐅᑎᐃᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒻᒥᓂ ᐊᐃᒃ ᑐᓂ ᓂᒪᓂᕐᓂᓕᖅᓂ 1980-ᒥᕐ 1985-ᒧᕐ (ᐃᓕᖏᓐ 2 ᑕᑯᓗᒍ)

ᐊᓂᖏᓕ ᑕᐅᓐᓄ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᓂᕐ ᐱᒃ ᔭᑎᖏᓐᓄᑎᓐᓂᕐ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᓐ ᐃᓚᖓᑕᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᓴᒪᒃᓴᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂ ᐱᒃᒪᒪᐅᓂᖏᓐᓄᓂᒃᓂᒃ ᑲᓇᑕᒫᓂᕐᒥ, ᐊᒻᒪ ᖃᓄᐃᓐ ᑭᒃᑯᓕᕐᓂᐊᕐᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᖓᑕᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᓴᒪᒃᓴᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐅᓇᓱᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᓂᒃ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᐱᕐ ᓂᕐ ᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᕿᑐᒪᕐᓂ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᓂᒃ ᑐᓂᒃ (ᒥᑭᒪᐊᓂᒃ ᓂᐊᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑕᒪᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᓂᖅᓂᒃ ᑐᓂᒃ). ᐃᓕᖏᓐᓂ ᑎᑎᕋᓂ ᓂᒪᓂᕐᓂᓕᖅᓂ ᑕᑯᓗᒍ (3, 4, 5 ᐊᒻᒪᓗ 6).

ᑕᐃᒪᓂ ᑕᐅᓐᓄ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᐅᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑕᓪᓕᐅᓂᒃ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᓂᒃ ᐃᓚᖓᑕᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ-ᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖏᓐᓄᓂᒃ, ᐃᓕᖏᓐᓂ ᓄᑕᖅᑲᓂᒃ ᕿᐃᑦᑎᒥᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᓂᒃ ᓴᓇᔨᓂᒃ ᑐᓂᒃ (ᐃᓕᖅᑲᓇᐃᔨᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᒃ), ᓴᓇᓂᕐ ᑮᓇᐅᔭᖏᓐᓄᑦ-ᑎᑕᐅᓂᕐᓂᒃ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᑲᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐋᖅᓂᐊᑦ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐱᒃᒪᒪᐅᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᒃ. ᐃᓕᖏᓐᓂ ᑎᑎᕋᓂ ᓂᒪᓂᕐᓂᓕᖅᓂ (7-ᒥᕐ 12-ᒧᕐ ᑕᑯᓗᒍ). ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᑕᐅᖏᓐᓄᑦᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᑕᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐ ᓴᓇᔨᓂᒃ ᓂᓚᒥᒃ ᐱᒃ ᔭᑎᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓚᖓᑕᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᑕᐃᒪᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᓴᓇᔨᓂᒃ ᓂᓚᒥᒃᓗ ᐱᒃ ᔭᑎᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖏᓐᓄᑦᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᑕᐃᒪᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᓴᓇᔨᓂᒃ ᓂᓚᒥᒃ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᑕᐅᖏᓐᓄᑦᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᑕᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐ ᑎᑎᕋᓂ ᓂᒪᓂᕐᓂᓕᖅᓂ (9, 10 ᐊᒻᒪᓗ 11) ᑕᑯᓗᒍ.

ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᑕᐅᔪᓂᕐ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᑕᐅᖏᓐᓄᑦᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᑕᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐ ᑎᑐᓕᕐᓂ ᐃᒡᒪᓂᕐ ᐊᐳᓴᒪᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᐱᒃᒪᒪᐅᓂᕐᓂᒃ ᕿᑐᒪᕐᓂ ᓄᑕᐊᑎᒃ ᑐᓂ ᓴᑐᒃᓴᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᓴᑐᒃᓴᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑲᓂᒃ, ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊᓗ ᐊᐃᓂᕐ ᕿᖏᓂᕐ ᑐᓂ ᑐᓂ ᓴᑐᒃᓴᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑲᓂᕐ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᑕᐅᖏᓐᓄᑦᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᑕᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐ >ᓐ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᓂᕐ <ᖏᓂᕐ ᑐᓂᒃᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᓂᓗ ᐊᐃᓂᕐ <ᑎᒃ ᑐᓐᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᐱᓐᓄᑯᑎᑕᐅᖏᓐᓄᑦᑕᐅᓂᕐ ᑕᓪᓕᐅᓂᕐ >ᓐ. (ᐃᓕᖏᓐ 14 ᑕᑯᓗᒍ).

A concern of many people is whether social assistance expenditures in a community are "typical" of similar communities, or appear to be "extreme". Section 10 describes how expenditures between communities compare with one another, and show the proportion of typical and extreme cases.

Questions are asked about accommodations social recipients live in (public housing, private rental accommodation, own housing) and how much assistance is given for rent or mortgage payments. (See Section 11.)

Finally there are questions about what social assistance is used or needed for: food, clothing, etc. (See Section 12.)

This report does not attempt to draw conclusions, as that can only be done when particular concerns are being addressed. For example, policy makers may wish to look closely at the adequacy of day-care support. Educators may be concerned about the educational level of young unemployed persons. This report deals with such concerns by providing basic information, and by showing what kind of information is available.

The report presents only a sampling of available information. Legislators, policy planners, researchers, report writers and the public at large may obtain more detailed information by writing to:

Director of Social Assistance
Bag 1320
YELLOWKNIFE, N.W.T.
XIA 2L9

or by phoning (403) 873-7160.

G. Richard Clarke

ᐃᓕᓴᕆᐅᕐᑎᑦᑕᕐᓂᖅ ᑭᑐᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅᓄᑦ ᓄᑦ ᐊᒥᓗ ᒪᑎᑕᐅᕙᓄᑦ ᒪᓐᓇᐅᑉᓱᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᕙᑎᖅᓯᓕᕐᓂᖅ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᕐᓂᖅ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᖅ "ᐃᓕᓴᕆᐅᕐᑎᑦᑕᕐᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᑕᒪᐃᓐᓇᒥ, ᐅᑎᕐᓯᓐᓂᖅ "ᐊᑐᑎᑦ ᑕᐅᓪᓚᕐᓗᒍ ᒪᑎᑕᐅᑭᓐᓇᑎᑦᓂᖅ" ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᐅᑎᒃᑐᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᓕᓴᕆᐅᕐᑎᑦᑕᕐᓂᒃ ᒪᑎᑕᐅᖅ >ᖅ. ᐃᓕᓴᖅ ᑎᑎᕋᓕᒫᖅ 10-ᒥ ᐅᓂᒃ ᑲᑎᕐᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᑭᓕᐅᑕᐅᕙᓪᓕᐊᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᑎᑦ ᑕᐅᓪᓚᕐᓗᒍ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᑎᑦ ᑕᐅᓪᓚᕐᓗᒍ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐅᓂᒃ ᑲᑎᕐᓂᖅ ᑕᐅᓪᓚᕐᓗᒍ ᑕᐅᓪᓚᕐᓗᒍ

SECTION I - SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES

The Social Assistance Program in the Northwest Territories is administered to 63 communities, grouped in six geographic regions: Yellowknife, Fort Smith, Inuvik, Kitikmeot, Keewatin and Baffin.

Social Assistance expenditures have increased by 33% from 1980-81 to 1984-85. During this period, the Consumer Price Index for Canada increased by 37.5%. Social Assistance rates for food were increased by 10% in May 1982 and have remained constant. (An increase of 5% was made in April 1985, but this does not affect the data in this report which closes with March 1985).

When social assistance expenditures are converted into the purchasing power of 1980 dollars, they vary by less than 3% from the 1980-81 expenditures total of $6.92 million; for 1984-85 expenditures decreased by 1% when converted and compared to the 1980-81 total.

The number of recipients has increased by 3% from 4,896 in 1980-81 to 5,031 in 1984-85. However, the average length of time on social assistance has decreased from 4.5 months in 1980-81 to 3.5 months in 1984-85.

Social Assistance in the Northwest Territories increases in the winter months and falls in the summer. This reflects the northern economic pattern of increased jobs in construction and activity "on the land" in the summer, as compared to the winter when jobs are scarce and fewer people live away from their home communities.

ᐃᓕᖅ I

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᖅᑐᒃ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐊᑭᓕᐅᔨᑦ ᐊᑐᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᓕᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᓂ

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᖅᑐᒃ ᑐᓂ ᐊᐅᓕᑕᐅᔭᒃ >ᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᓄᑦ 64 ᖃᓄᓄᑦ, ᓄᓇᓕᑦ ᐊᖏ ᐱᓂᓕᑦ ᓂᒃ ᐊᐱᒃ ᑐᓂ ᓯᒪᓂᖅᐅᖏᑦ ᓇᑎᒃ ᐅᑯᓂᖅ: ᓴᓇᓇᐃ, ᔨᐊᑦ ᓯᒥᑦ, ᐃᓅᓚᒃ, ᖁᑎᑦ ᒥᐅᑦ ᑭᔭᓕᓐᓂ ᐊᒃᒪ ᖁᑭᑦ ᒋᓇᓂ.

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᑎᕆᒃ ᑯᵃᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᑦ ᐊᑐᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᔭᑦ ᐃᓕᒥᐊᓕᐅᖏᑦ >ᑦ 33-%-ᒥᒃ ᐱᒥᐊᖏᑦ ᐃᖅᖏᑦ ᓇᒥᑦ 1980-81 ᑎᑭᓪᓗᒍ 1984-85 ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᓂᐅᐃᐊᒃ ᓴᓂᑎᑦ ᐃᖅ ᔨᐊᖏᔪᓐᓇᖅᓂᒃ ᖃᓄ ᐸᑎᐊᖏᑦ ᓂᖅᓴᓕᐅᖏᑦ >ᓂᒃ 37.5-%-ᒥᒃ ᑕᒪᑐᒪᓂ ᖃᓄ ᐸᑎᐊᖏᑦ ᓂᐅᔭᑦᒥ. ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᑎᕆᒃ ᑯᵃᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑕᐅᔭᓂᒃ ᑐᓂ ᓂᑭᓄᑦ ᖃᓄ ᐸᑎᐊᖏᑦ ᓂᐱᑦ 10-%-ᖅᔪᐅᖏᑦ ᒪᑦ ᐱᒥᐊᖏᑦ ᐃᖅᖏᑦ ᓄᑐ ᒪᐃ 1982-ᒥᒃ ᓯᑯᓕᐅᑎᐱᑦᓂᑐᓂ. (ᐊᐃᐅᑭ 1985-ᒥ ᐃᓕᒥᐊᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ 5%-ᒥᒃ ᑭᓕᐊᓂ ᒋᒃ ᑯᐊ ᐅᓂᒃ ᑲᑦ ᑕᐅᔭᑦ ᐱᓂᖅᖃᐱᓪᓚᑦ ᑕᐃᑦ ᓕᒪᓂᐅᔪᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᒥᒃ ᒋᵃᓇ ᐅᓂᒃ ᑲᓪᓚᐊᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᓂᑦ ᑲᑦ ᐃᒃ ᓴᖅᓪᓚᐅᖏᑦ ᒪᑦ ᒋᑦᓕ 1985-ᒥ).

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᑎᕆᒃ ᑯᵃᓄᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᐊᑐᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᔭᐃᓂᑦ 1980-ᒥ ᐊᑭᓐᓂᑦ ᓂᖅᐅᑕᐅᖏᑦ >ᑦ 3%-ᒥᒃ 1980-81-ᒥ ᐊᑭᑐᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᐅᓂᑦ ᓂᖅᕆᔭᑦ >ᑦ $6.92-ᒥᑲᵃᓂᒃ ; 1984-85-ᒥᓄ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᐊᑐᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᑕᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᓂ 1%-ᒥᒃ ᐅᓂᖓᵃᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑕᑦᒪᑕ 1980-81-ᒥ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᓂᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᓕᖅᑐᑦ ᓴᐅᑦ ᑕᐃᒪᵃᓇ ᐅᓂᖓᵃᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑎᓕᐅᖏᑦ >ᑦ.

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᑎᕆᒃ ᑯᵃᓄᑦ ᐃᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᐊᑐᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᔭᑦ ᐅᓂᑦ ᓂᖅᖃᕐᓂᑦ >ᑦ 4,896-ᒥᒃ 1980-81-ᖅᔪᐅᖏᑦ ᑎᑭᓄ 1984-85-ᒥᓂ ᐅᓂᑦ ᓂᖅᖃᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ **5,031** -ᒥᒃ 40%-ᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᒥᐊᖏᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ. ᑭᓇᐅᔭ 1980-81-ᒥ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᑦ ᕿᒃ ᑐᓂ ᐊᑐᖏᑦ ᕿᓕᐅᖏᑦ >ᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᑦ ᒥᵃᓂᒃ ᑕᖅᑭᓂᒃ ᓯᒪᓕᓂᑦ ᓇᑦ ᕿᖓᓂᒃ ᑕᖅᑭᐅᑦ ᐃᓕᖅᑦ ᓄᑕ ᒪᵃᓇᓕ 1984-85-ᒥ ᑕᖅᑭᓂᒃ ᐱᖓᓂᒃ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᑦ ᑦᒥᒃ ᑕᑦ ᑭᐅᑦ ᓇᐃᕿᖓᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᖅᑦ ᓄᑕ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᑐᐃᵃᓇᑦ ᕿᓕᑦ ᒪᑕ.

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᑐᓂᑎᕆᓂᑦ ᒧᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᑎᐅᑐᖅᑐᒃ ᑐᓂ ᐅᓂᑦ ᓯᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑦᖅ >ᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᒃ ᑯᑦ ᒥᒃ ᓕᓵᑦᓕᑦ ᕿᒃ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐊᐅᖅᒃ ᑯᑦ ᓄᓇᑦ ᓯᐊᑦᒥ. ᑕᒪᵃᓇ ᓇᓄᐃᑦ ᓯᒪᑎᑦ ᓯᑐᖅᓂ ᐊᐅᖅᒃ ᑯᑦ ᓴᓇᖅᒃ ᓴᐃᑦ ᐊᒥᑉᓕᑦ ᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑦᖅᓂᑦ ᓂᒃ ᓴᓇᖅᒃ ᓴᐃᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᓂᖅᒃ ᓂᑦ ᑭᐅᑦ ᓇᐃᕿᖓᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᖅᑦ ᓄᑕ ᐃᒃ ᓄᑦ ᕿᐊᓕᐅᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᒃ ᓄᑕ ᐱᖓᓂᒃ ᑕᑦ ᒪᑕ.

TABLE 1: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-1985

This table shows the number of people who have received social assistance in each community, and how much, for the fiscal years (April to March) between 1980 and 1985.

Social assistance expenditures are shown in actual dollars as well as "1980" dollars (which adjusts expenditures for inflation by reducing them to their 1980 purchasing power).

"Recipients" are the number of people who receive social assistance one or more times in a year. "Cases" are the number of people who apply each month totalled for the year. For example, a recipient may apply for assistance in April, September and January in a fiscal year; he or she will count as one "Recipient" and three "Cases".

The column "Average $/Recipient" shows the average financial help a person received for the year. "Average $/Case" shows the average financial help received by a person each month.

If you wish to know more about the range of differences between communities for social assistance expenditures, turn to pages 8-18.

Graphs 1, 2 and 3 (pages 20-22) illustrate the pattern of social assistance expenditures and cases from 1980 to 1985.

Source: Department of Social Services, Government of the Northwest Territories

ᑭᓇᐅᔨᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕕᐊᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᑐᒍᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒻ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᓂᒍᖏᓐᓂᒃᑯᑦ, 1980-85: ᖃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᒍᒍᓂᖅᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕕᒃᓵᒍᒍᓂᖅᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔨᓕᒃ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕕᐊᓂᖅᓂᒃᑯᓗᒃ.

TABLE 1: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1980 - 1985

COMMUNITY		SA BY COMMUNITY 1980-85 (CALCULATED IN 1980 DOLLARS)	$ SA EXPENDITURES (ACTUAL $'s)	RECIP-IENTS	AVERAGE $/ RECIPIENT	TOTAL CASES	AVERAGE NO. CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE SA $/CASE (ACTUAL $'s)
NWT TOTAL	1980-81	6,962,124	6,962,124	4,896	1,419	22,150	1,846	314
	1981-82	6,608,817	7,417,303	4,932	1,498	23,270	1,939	319
	1982-83	7,089,936	8,742,214	5,022	1,741	23,807	1,984	367
	1983-84	7,156,174	9,281,678	5,120	1,813	24,571	2,048	378
	1984-85	6,889,343	9,297,359	5,031	1,845	24,386	2,032	381
REGIONAL TOTALS:								
YELLOWKNIFE AREA	1980-81	269,532	269,532	325	831	1,021	85	264
	1981-82	300,476	337,235	311	1,085	1,066	89	316
	1982-83	347,566	428,565	313	1,369	1,162	96	369
	1983-84	388,472	503,855	336	1,500	1,373	114	367
	1984-85	431,530	582,361	316	2,609	1,512	126	385
FORT SMITH REGION	1980-81	1,826,228	1,826,228	1,224	1,495	6,045	504	302
	1981-82	1,498,574	1,681,901	1,145	1,471	5,730	476	294
	1982-83	1,729,579	2,132,650	1,257	1,697	7,173	598	297
	1983-84	1,740,990	2,258,105	1,293	1,746	6,373	531	354
	1984-85	1,613,875	2,177,969	1,261	1,797	6,009	501	362
INUVIK REGION	1980-81	969,698	969,698	745	1,304	3,215	268	302
	1981-82	996,219	1,118,091	802	1,395	3,533	294	316
	1982-83	1,007,178	1,241,897	794	1,564	3,342	279	372
	1983-84	971,786	1,260,428	792	1,591	3,375	281	373
	1984-85	896,411	1,209,732	790	1,503	3,205	267	377
BAFFIN REGION	1980-81	1,585,492	1,585,492	1,216	1,302	5,197	433	305
	1981-82	1,714,529	1,924,275	1,306	1,473	6,169	514	312
	1982-83	1,871,763	2,307,969	1,395	1,654	6,546	546	353
	1983-84	1,965,178	2,423,159	1,445	1,677	6,628	552	366
	1984-85	1,944,941	2,624,752	1,430	1,687	6,952	579	378
KEEWATIN REGION	1980-81	1,224,848	1,224,848	627	1,956	3,540	295	346
	1981-82	1,297,684	1,456,435	631	2,307	3,792	316	384
	1982-83	1,342,138	1,654,918	619	2,674	3,684	307	449
	1983-84	1,401,880	1,834,997	662	2,823	4,183	349	463
	1984-85	1,305,929	1,762,387	649	2,985	4,026	336	437
KITIKMEOT REGION	1980-81	1,073,640	1,073,640	681	1,581	3,037	253	354
	1981-82	773,970	868,653	554	1,567	2,752	229	314
	1982-83	771,817	951,686	557	1,709	2,697	225	353
	1983-84	677,388	878,587	511	1,719	2,513	209	343
	1984-85	683,515	922,423	504	1,736	2,561	213	360

TABLE 1: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1980 - 1985

COMMUNITY		SA BY COMMUNITY 1980-85 (CALCULATED IN 1980 DOLLARS)	$ SA EXPENDITURES (ACTUAL $'s)	RECIP-IANTS	AVERAGE $/ RECIPIENT	TOTAL CASES	AVERAGE NO. CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE SA $/CASE (ACTUAL $'s)
YELLOWKNIFE AREA								
Detah	1980-81	28,177	28,177	18	1,565	113	9	249
	1981-82	40,011	44,906	25	1,796	154	13	292
	1982-83	45,478	56,077	33	1,699	181	15	310
	1983-84	47,292	61,339	28	2,191	178	15	345
	1984-85	45,222	61,028	24	2,543	161	13	379
Yellowknife	1980-81	241,855	241,855	307	788	913	76	265
	1981-82	260,600	292,480	286	1,023	914	76	320
	1982-83	302,899	372,488	280	1,330	1,047	87	356
	1983-84	341,179	442,515	308	1,437	1,195	100	370
	1984-85	386,307	521,332	338	1,546	1,351	113	386
FORT SMITH REGION								
Fort Smith	1980-81	310,617	310,617	295	1,053	1,209	101	257
	1981-82	309,911	347,824	267	1,303	1,142	95	305
	1982-83	308,211	380,038	280	1,357	1,162	97	327
	1983-84	380,286	493,238	339	1,455	1,394	116	354
	1984-85	382,167	515,745	314	1,642	1,365	114	378
Rocher River	1980-81	222	222	1	222	2	0.2	111
	1981-82	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
	1982-83	910	1,122	1	1,122	5	0.4	224
	1983-84	1,890	2,451	1	2,451	9	0.8	272
	1984-85	257	347	1	347	2	0.2	174
Snowdrift	1980-81	31,325	31,325	30	1,044	100	8	313
	1981-82	45,876	51,488	39	1,320	158	13	326
	1982-83	72,809	89,777	45	1,995	222	19	404
	1983-84	87,529	113,527	69	1,645	291	24	390
	1984-85	60,381	81,486	43	1,895	200	17	407
Fort Providence	1980-81	68,098	68,098	62	1,098	272	23	250
	1981-82	62,667	70,333	61	1,153	273	23	258
	1982-83	67,979	83,821	66	1,270	308	26	272
	1983-84	69,462	90,094	74	1,217	359	30	251
	1984-85	58,855	79,426	68	1,169	312	26	255
Fort Simpson	1980-81	104,267	104,267	96	1,086	462	39	227
	1981-82	71,874	80,667	93	867	401	33	201
	1982-83	76,266	94,040	103	913	401	34	234
	1983-84	74,866	97,103	77	1,261	394	33	246
	1984-85	76,536	103,287	91	1,139	378	32	273

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Jean Marie River	1980-81	3,551	3,551	6	592	24	2	148
	1981-82	6,483	7,276	6	1,213	30	3	243
	1982-83	7,534	9,290	6	1,548	31	3	230
	1983-84	2,466	3,198	5	640	16	1	200
	1984-85	435	587	3	196	3	0.3	196
Nahanni Butte	1980-81	9,171	9,171	7	1,310	24	2	382
	1981-82	9,742	10,934	6	1,822	29	2	377
	1982-83	7,510	9,260	6	1,543	25	2	370
	1983-84	10,014	12,988	7	1,855	33	3	394
	1984-85	9,377	12,655	6	2,109	40	3	316
Fort Liard	1980-81	17,315	17,315	15	1,154	64	5	271
	1981-82	17,217	19,323	19	1,017	56	5	345
	1982-83	13,753	16,958	15	1,131	52	4	326
	1983-84	18,428	23,902	24	996	78	7	306
	1984-85	27,868	37,608	26	1,446	102	9	369
Fort Wrigley	1980-81	16,521	16,521	24	688	83	7	199
	1981-82	23,854	26,772	37	724	112	9	239
	1982-83	12,891	15,895	18	883	68	6	234
	1983-84	14,752	19,133	18	1,063	73	6	262
	1984-85	8,982	12,121	15	808	45	4	269
Tungsten	1980-81	194	194	1	194	1	0.1	194
	1981-82	122	137	1	137	3	0.3	46
	1982-83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1983-84	139	180	1	180	1	0.1	180
	1984-85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trout Lake	1980-81	14,345	14,345	7	2,049	63	5	228
	1981-82	12,615	14,158	8	1,770	57	5	248
	1982-83	8,278	10,207	8	1,276	45	4	227
	1983-84	10,664	13,831	8	1,729	58	5	278
	1984-85	11,946	16,121	9	1,791	58	5	278
Willowlake River	1980-81	1,091	1,091	1	1,091	-	-	-
	1981-82	359	403	1	403	1	0.1	403
	1982-83	2,213	2,729	3	910	5	0.4	546
	1983-84	474	615	2	308	3	0.3	205
	1984-85	1,675	2,261	2	1,131	8	0.7	283

TABLE 1: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1980 - 1985

COMMUNITY		SA BY COMMUNITY 1980-85 (CALCULATED IN 1980 DOLLARS)	$ SA EXPENDITURES (ACTUAL $'s)	RECIP-IENTS	AVERAGE $/ RECIPIENT	TOTAL CASES	AVERAGE NO. CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE SA $/CASE (ACTUAL $'s)
Kakisa Lake	1980-81	8,439	8,439	6	1,407	35	3	241
	1981-82	8,451	9,485	3	3,162	34	3	279
	1982-83	7,040	8,681	4	2,170	37	3	235
	1983-84	7,160	9,286	7	1,327	41	3	226
	1984-85	6,262	8,451	4	2,113	36	3	235
Fort Resolution	1980-81	72,779	72,779	97	750	384	32	190
	1981-82	40,299	45,229	47	962	224	19	202
	1982-83	68,233	77,450	74	1,047	327	27	237
	1983-84	87,128	87,127	92	947	370	31	235
	1984-85	55,819	75,329	78	974	306	26	246
Enterprise	1980-81	767	767	1	767	6	0.5	128
	1981-82	312	350	2	175	3	0.3	117
	1982-83	4,435	5,468	1	5,468	7	0.6	781
	1983-84	3,440	4,462	4	1,116	9	0.8	496
	1984-85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pine Point	1980-81	13,587	13,587	16	849	37	3	367
	1981-82	3,055	3,429	7	490	9	0.8	381
	1982-83	7,109	8,766	18	487	24	2	365
	1983-84	11,122	14,426	17	849	40	3	361
	1984-85	14,346	19,360	19	1,014	63	5	307
Hay River	1980-81	122,008	122,008	137	891	435	36	280
	1981-82	80,436	90,276	108	836	384	32	235
	1982-83	86,142	106,217	138	770	412	34	258
	1983-84	59,560	77,276	90	859	266	22	291
	1984-85	85,138	114,896	107	1,138	325	27	354
Hay River Reserve	1980-81	15,991	15,991	24	666	114	10	140
	1981-82	8,406	9,434	18	524	80	7	118
	1982-83	11,571	14,267	23	620	82	7	150
	1983-84	7,762	10,067	17	592	68	6	148
	1984-85	9,406	12,694	15	846	65	5	195
Rae	1980-81	655,734	655,734	283	2,317	1,844	154	356
	1981-82	547,269	614,219	303	2,027	1,887	157	326
	1982-83	632,726	780,180	296	2,636	1,985	165	393
	1983-84	534,109	692,749	295	2,348	1,776	148	390
	1984-85	492,449	664,573	301	2,205	1,723	144	386

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Lac La Martre	1980-81	204,889	204,889	57	3,595	480	40	427
	1981-82	149,937	168,279	59	2,852	453	38	371
	1982-83	173,961	214,502	66	3,250	509	42	421
	1983-84	172,231	223,386	64	3,490	499	42	448
	1984-85	149,085	201,194	79	2,547	459	38	438
Rae Lakes	1980-81	156,369	156,369	50	3,127	391	33	340
	1981-82	95,667	107,370	45	2,386	345	29	311
	1982-83	142,442	175,638	57	3,081	406	39	433
	1983-84	134,027	173,835	53	3,280	392	33	443
	1984-85	112,659	152,036	59	2,590	362	30	420
Snare Lakes	1980-81	2,415	2,415	8	302	18	2	134
	1981-82	5,806	6,516	15	434	50	4	130
	1982-83	22,987	28,344	29	977	72	6	394
	1983-84	72,963	94,634	30	3,154	200	17	473
	1984-85	50,227	67,783	27	2,537	157	13	432
INUVIK REGION								
Inuvik	1980-81	199,753	199,753	190	1,051	602	50	332
	1981-82	208,381	233,873	226	1,035	758	63	309
	1982-83	212,029	261,441	242	1,080	757	63	345
	1983-84	206,825	268,256	237	1,132	790	66	340
	1984-85	216,097	291,629	223	1,317	761	63	383
Aklavik	1980-81	157,047	157,047	130	1,208	622	52	252
	1981-82	122,365	137,335	105	1,308	557	46	247
	1982-83	106,775	131,658	109	1,208	445	37	296
	1983-84	105,162	136,397	99	1,378	420	35	325
	1984-85	95,875	129,386	92	1,406	408	34	317
Fort McPherson	1980-81	88,679	88,679	82	1,081	373	31	238
	1981-82	50,985	57,222	63	908	241	20	237
	1982-83	58,676	72,350	65	1,113	230	19	315
	1983-84	66,818	86,664	73	1,187	263	22	330
	1984-85	48,657	65,513	64	1,024	222	19	295
Arctic Red River	1980-81	3,163	3,163	9	351	14	1	226
	1981-82	7,409	8,315	12	693	28	2	297
	1982-83	8,262	10,188	12	849	33	3	309
	1983-84	9,193	11,923	16	745	30	3	397
	1984-85	6,816	9,199	5	1,840	30	3	307

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Tuktoyaktuk	1980-81	96,681	96,681	87	1,111	374	31	259
	1981-82	91,211	102,369	91	1,125	382	32	268
	1982-83	102,631	126,549	88	1,438	395	33	320
	1983-84	105,170	136,407	107	1,275	437	36	312
	1984-85	82,967	111,966	97	1,153	366	31	306
Sachs Harbour	1980-81	18,429	18,429	11	1,675	47	4	392
	1981-82	16,340	18,339	9	2,038	42	3	437
	1982-83	19,247	23,733	12	1,978	43	4	552
	1983-84	15,305	19,851	9	2,206	42	3	473
	1984-85	17,361	23,430	10	2,359	49	4	478
Paulatuk	1980-81	27,267	27,267	20	1,363	76	6	359
	1981-82	74,909	84,073	45	1,868	223	9	377
	1982-83	84,566	104,274	47	2,219	232	19	449
	1983-84	41,813	54,232	17	3,190	107	9	507
	1984-85	51,445	69,427	19	3,654	125	10	555
Norman Wells	1980-81	5,645	5,645	5	1,129	27	2	209
	1981-82	6,440	7,228	7	1,033	25	2	289
	1982-83	7,021	8,657	8	1,082	33	3	262
	1983-84	13,391	17,368	9	1,930	26	2	668
	1984-85	17,722	23,917	19	1,264	49	4	488
Fort Norman	1980-81	51,586	51,586	34	1,517	152	13	340
	1981-82	38,752	43,493	35	1,243	143	12	304
	1982-83	30,352	37,425	29	1,291	116	10	323
	1983-84	24,561	31,856	28	1,138	86	7	370
	1984-85	12,979	17,516	16	1,088	53	4	330
Fort Good Hope	1980-81	170,174	170,174	101	1,685	474	40	359
	1981-82	205,621	230,775	127	1,817	637	53	362
	1982-83	193,702	238,843	102	2,342	565	47	423
	1983-84	205,667	266,753	117	2,280	645	54	414
	1984-85	189,200	255,330	121	2,115	642	54	398
Fort Franklin	1980-81	148,968	148,968	71	2,098	438	37	340
	1981-82	168,811	189,462	70	2,707	477	40	397
	1982-83	175,909	216,904	68	3,190	469	39	462
	1983-84	156,474	202,949	68	2,985	462	39	439
	1984-85	141,166	190,507	70	2,722	436	36	437

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Colville Lake	1980-81	3,928	3,928	5	786	17	1	231
	1981-82	5,425	6,089	12	507	24	2	254
	1982-83	8,009	9,875	12	823	24	2	411
	1983-84	21,408	27,767	12	2,314	67	6	414
	1984-85	16,232	21,905	17	1,310	64	5	342
BAFFIN REGION								
Igloolik	1980-81	138,307	138,307	103	1,343	407	34	340
	1981-82	140,023	157,153	110	1,429	461	38	341
	1982-83	196,376	242,141	119	2,035	492	41	492
	1983-84	227,707	295,340	133	2,221	701	58	421
	1984-85	215,404	290,694	140	2,078	649	54	448
Hall Beach	1980-81	51,517	51,517	31	1,662	137	11	376
	1981-82	56,913	63,875	36	1,774	169	14	378
	1982-83	67,816	83,620	45	1,858	141	12	593
	1983-84	100,823	130,769	72	1,816	270	22	484
	1984-85	127,718	172,359	91	1,910	375	31	460
Pond Inlet	1980-81	94,240	94,240	64	1,473	246	21	383
	1981-82	84,638	94,992	60	1,583	247	21	385
	1982-83	94,306	116,283	75	1,550	301	12	386
	1983-84	110,496	143,315	93	1,541	330	27	434
	1984-85	101,855	137,456	79	1,727	304	25	452
Clyde River	1980-81	103,606	103,606	64	1,619	266	22	390
	1981-82	120,142	134,839	61	2,210	335	28	403
	1982-83	128,788	158,801	80	1,985	412	32	385
	1983-84	142,264	184,519	93	1,984	435	36	424
	1984-85	134,706	181,790	87	2,091	437	36	416
Arctic Bay	1980-81	44,081	44,081	43	1,025	138	12	319
	1981-82	49,415	55,460	40	1,387	158	13	351
	1982-83	40,574	50,030	34	1,471	143	12	350
	1983-84	57,197	74,186	48	1,546	192	16	386
	1984-85	49,135	66,309	38	1,761	170	14	390
Resolute Bay	1980-81	17,736	17,736	17	1,043	60	5	296
	1981-82	13,073	14,672	13	1,129	49	4	299
	1982-83	18,374	22,656	16	1,416	59	5	384
	1983-84	24,223	31,418	24	1,309	83	7	379
	1984-85	13,660	18,435	21	903	54	5	341

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Grise Fiord	1980-81	7,233	7,233	9	804	30	3	241
	1981-82	12,662	14,211	19	748	54	4	263
	1982-83	10,635	13,113	17	771	57	5	230
	1983-84	24,766	32,122	29	1,108	101	8	318
	1984-85	37,286	50,318	31	1,623	148	12	340
Lake Harbour	1980-81	19,166	19,166	47	408	151	13	127
	1981-82	22,591	24,825	54	460	163	14	152
	1982-83	31,185	38,453	57	675	182	15	211
	1983-84	39,392	51,092	58	881	231	19	221
	1984-85	44,519	60,080	54	1,048	207	17	290
Cape Dorset	1980-81	253,577	253,577	173	1,466	839	70	302
	1981-82	200,362	224,873	179	1,256	756	63	297
	1982-83	261,217	322,093	191	1,686	863	72	373
	1983-84	221,158	286,846	189	1,518	837	70	343
	1984-85	230,039	310,444	217	1,432	878	73	354
Pangnirtung	1980-81	237,653	237,653	147	1,617	687	57	346
	1981-82	297,197	333,554	151	2,209	901	75	370
	1982-83	263,847	325,336	162	2,008	892	74	365
	1983-84	239,394	310,498	158	1,965	835	70	372
	1984-85	257,679	347,745	179	1,960	908	76	383
Broughton Island	1980-81	88,761	88,761	82	1,082	341	28	260
	1981-82	90,006	101,017	70	1,443	370	31	273
	1982-83	94,921	117,042	78	1,501	410	34	285
	1983-84	60,263	78,162	75	1,042	267	22	293
	1984-85	81,687	110,239	77	1,434	363	30	304
Sanikiluaq	1980-81	122,478	122,478	82	1,494	419	35	292
	1981-82	143,918	161,524	112	1,442	607	51	266
	1982-83	204,240	251,837	136	1,852	805	67	313
	1983-84	163,935	212,626	109	2,006	590	49	360
	1984-85	207,322	279,787	97	2,884	642	54	436
Frobisher Bay	1980-81	405,214	405,214	353	1,148	1,469	122	276
	1981-82	484,056	543,273	401	1,355	1,900	158	286
	1982-83	459,479	566,559	385	1,472	1,789	149	317
	1983-84	456,633	592,261	364	1,627	1,756	146	337
	1984-85	443,926	599,091	377	1,583	1,817	151	330

TABLE 1: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1980 - 1985

COMMUNITY		SA BY COMMUNITY 1980-85 (CALCULATED IN 1980 DOLLARS)	$ SA EXPENDITURES (ACTUAL $'s)	RECIP-IENTS	AVERAGE $/ RECIPIENT	TOTAL CASES	AVERAGE NO. CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE SA $/CASE (ACTUAL $'s)
KITIKMEOT REGION								
Holman	1980-81	35,516	35,516	29	1,225	106	9	335
	1981-82	27,891	31,303	16	1,956	85	7	368
	1982-83	21,965	27,084	17	1,593	80	7	339
	1983-84	23,568	30,592	21	1,457	77	6	397
	1984-85	26,633	35,942	23	1,639	94	8	382
Cambridge Bay	1980-81	226,511	226,511	184	1,231	752	63	301
	1981-82	230,177	258,336	176	1,468	963	80	268
	1982-83	176,569	217,718	158	1,378	788	66	276
	1983-84	106,665	138,346	115	1,203	540	45	256
	1984-85	155,680	210,095	135	1,556	668	56	315
Coppermine	1980-81	229,818	229,818	172	1,336	781	65	294
	1981-82	164,238	184,330	144	1,280	683	57	270
	1982-83	142,393	175,577	131	1,340	552	46	318
	1983-84	132,917	172,395	121	1,425	553	46	312
	1984-85	155,062	209,261	140	1,495	608	51	344
Bathurst Inlet	1980-81	31,006	31,006	24	1,292	68	6	456
	1981-82	30,730	34,489	23	1,500	51	4	676
	1982-83	46,088	56,829	22	2,583	81	7	702
	1983-84	13,337	17,298	21	824	47	4	368
	1984-85	6,851	9,245	11	841	36	3	257
Gjoa Haven	1980-81	287,052	287,052	119	2,412	618	52	464
	1981-82	115,808	129,975	73	1,780	377	31	345
	1982-83	141,054	173,926	78	2,230	480	40	362
	1983-84	182,727	237,000	104	2,279	590	49	402
	1984-85	143,952	194,267	86	2,175	505	42	385
Spence Bay	1980-81	223,793	223,793	106	2,111	579	48	387
	1981-82	176,069	197,608	92	2,148	484	40	408
	1982-83	197,102	243,036	115	2,113	588	49	413
	1983-84	170,131	220,663	98	2,252	565	47	391
	1984-85	156,936	211,789	78	2,739	505	42	419
Pelly Bay	1980-81	43,238	43,238	47	920	141	12	307
	1981-82	28,582	32,079	29	1,106	110	9	292
	1982-83	45,307	55,865	35	1,596	128	11	436
	1983-84	45,852	59,471	30	1,982	136	11	437
	1984-85	38,077	51,386	32	1,606	144	12	357

TABLE 1: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1980 - 1985

COMMUNITY		SA BY COMMUNITY 1980-85 (CALCULATED IN 1980 DOLLARS)	$ SA EXPENDITURES (ACTUAL $'s)	RECIP-IENTS	AVERAGE $/ RECIPIENT	TOTAL CASES	AVERAGE NO. CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE SA $/CASE (ACTUAL $'s)
KEEWATIN REGION								
Chesterfield Inlet	1980-81	71,435	71,435	43	1,662	225	19	317
	1981-82	53,494	60,038	39	1,539	220	18	273
	1982-83	67,832	83,640	35	2,390	224	19	373
	1983-84	53,490	69,377	30	2,313	189	16	367
	1984-85	53,647	72,398	38	1,895	195	16	371
Baker Lake	1980-81	310,687	310,687	159	1,954	1,023	85	1,023
	1981-82	360,345	404,428	170	2,379	1,109	92	365
	1982-83	343,104	423,063	141	3,000	993	83	426
	1983-84	379,286	491,940	171	2,877	1,146	96	429
	1984-85	316,892	427,654	159	2,696	1,055	88	405
Coral Harbour	1980-81	165,976	165,976	53	3,132	363	30	457
	1981-82	126,822	142,337	55	2,588	348	29	409
	1982-83	168,089	207,261	73	2,840	442	37	469
	1983-84	196,840	255,305	80	3,191	524	44	487
	1984-85	132,723	179,113	78	2,339	422	35	424
Repulse Bay	1980-81	87,545	87,545	55	1,592	212	18	413
	1981-82	97,360	109,270	64	1,707	245	20	446
	1982-83	162,275	200,092	70	2,858	329	27	608
	1983-84	167,012	216,617	72	3,009	359	21	603
	1984-85	166,562	224,780	98	2,294	410	34	548
Eskimo Point	1980-81	340,744	340,744	174	1,958	1,050	88	325
	1981-82	384,059	431,043	149	2,893	1,044	87	413
	1982-83	282,427	348,245	147	2,369	839	70	415
	1983-84	371,445	481,771	142	3,393	1,034	86	466
	1984-85	330,588	446,137	160	2,789	979	82	456
Whale Cove	1980-81	48,238	48,238	24	2,010	112	9	431
	1981-82	53,525	60,073	22	2,731	138	11	435
	1982-83	56,000	69,051	21	3,288	131	11	527
	1983-84	41,459	53,773	25	2,151	108	9	522
	1984-85	53,538	72,251	30	2,408	153	13	472
Rankin Inlet	1980-81	201,687	201,687	119	1,695	555	46	363
	1981-82	221,408	248,494	132	1,883	686	57	362
	1982-83	262,412	323,566	132	2,451	726	60	446
	1983-84	282,349	366,211	142	2,579	823	69	445
	1984-85	251,979	340,052	161	2,116	822	69	414

TABLE 1: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1980 - 1985

COMMUNITY		SA BY COMMUNITY 1980-85 (CALCULATED IN 1980 DOLLARS)	$ SA EXPENDITURES (ACTUAL $'s)	RECIP-IENTS	AVERAGE $/ RECIPIENT	TOTAL CASES	AVERAGE NO. CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE SA $/CASE (ACTUAL $'s)
Bay Chimo	1980-81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1981-82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1982-83	1.339	1.651	1	1,651	-	-	-
	1983-84	2,173	2,819	1	2,819	5	0.4	564
	1984-85	322	435	1	435	1	-	435

GRAPH 1A & 1B: MONTHLY REGIONAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE: 1980-85

GRAPH 2A & 2B: MONTHLY REGIONAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE CASES: 1980-85

GRAPH 3: MONTHLY NWT TOTAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES & CASES: 1980-85

These line graphs show the pattern of social assistance expenditures and cases between April 1980 and March 1985.

Increases in the food allowance cause a rise in expenditure. Since April 1980, the food allowance has been increased as follows:

April 1980 by 10%
October 1982 by 10%
April 1985 by 5%

Source: Department of Social Services, Government of the Northwest Territories

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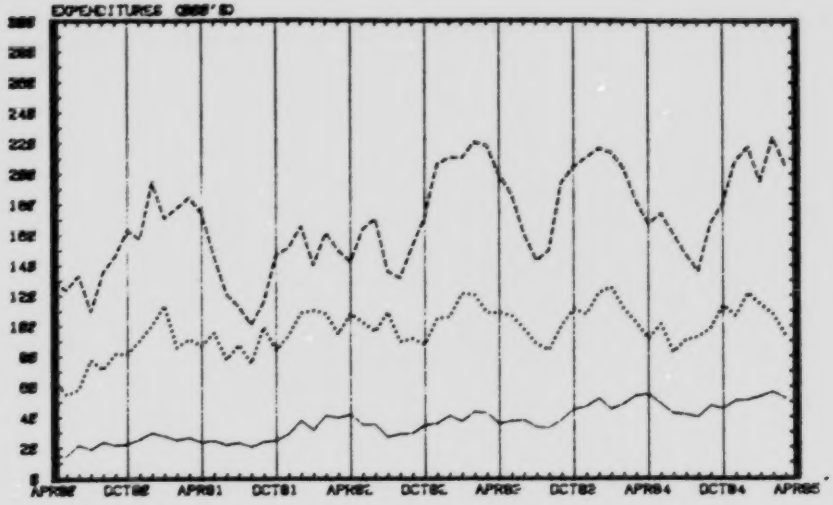
ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᖓᓱᓕᕆᓂᖅ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᖓᑦ ᐃᒃᓱᕈᐊᖅᑕᖓᓚᑦ ᑕᖅᑕᒪᑦ, 1980-85.

ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᖓᓱᓕᕆᓂᖅ ᐊᑕᖅᓯᓗᑦ ᐃᒃᓱᕈᐊᐱᓚᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔨᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᖓᓚᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᓗ ᑐᓴᖅᖓᓚᓐᓇᓚᑦ.

REGIONAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES

MONTHLY TOTALS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1980/81 - 1984/85

YELLOWKNIFE ——— FORT SMITH - - - - - - - - INUVIK .....

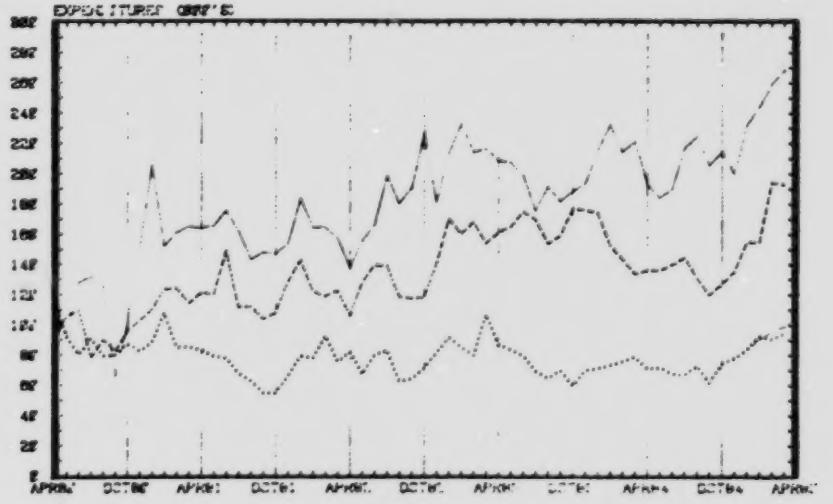


GRAPH 1A

REGIONAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES

MONTHLY TOTALS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1980/81 - 1984/85

BAFFIN ——— KEEWATIN - - - - - - - - KITIKMEOT .....

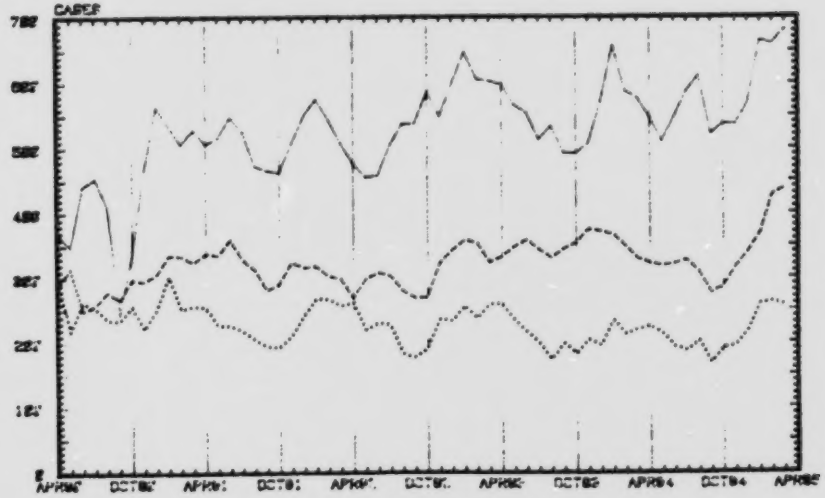


GRAPH 1B

REGIONAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE CASES

MONTHLY TOTALS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1982/83 - 1984/85

BAFFIN KEEWATIN KITIKMEOT

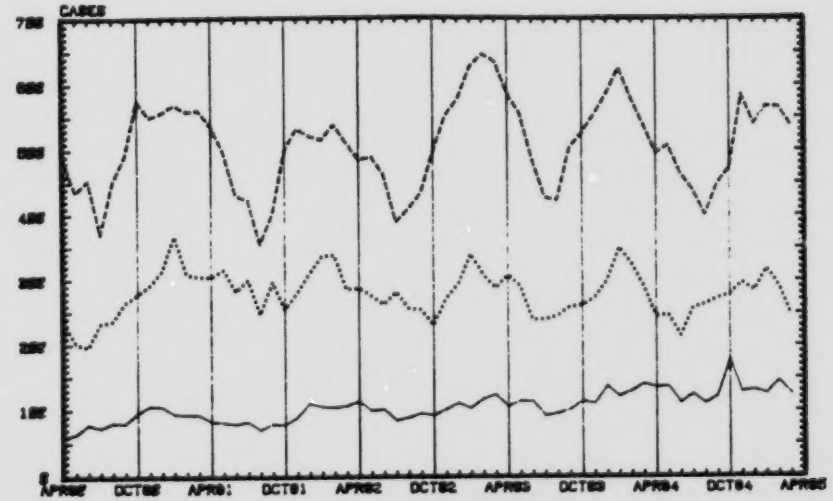


GRAPH 2B

REGIONAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE CASES

MONTHLY TOTALS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1982/83 - 1984/85

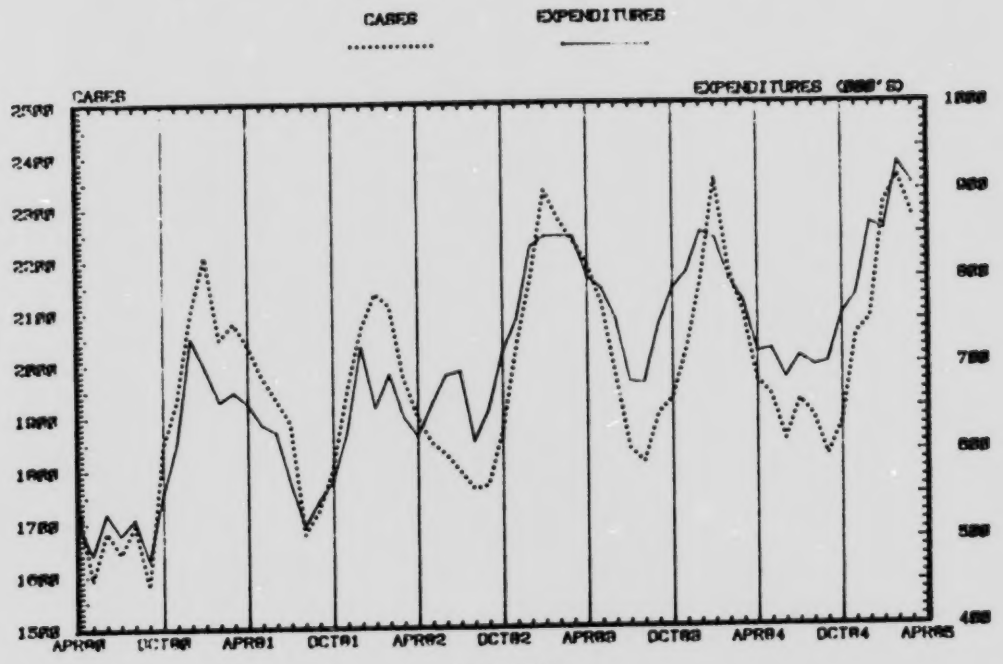
YELLOWKNIFE FORT SMITH INUVIK



GRAPH 2A

NWT SOCIAL ASSISTANCE CASES AND EXPENDITURES

MONTHLY TOTALS FOR FISCAL YEARS 1980/81 - 1984/85



GRAPH 3

SECTION II - SOCIAL ASSISTANCE AND THE ECONOMY

One-third of the social assistance program is devoted to unemployed persons who are healthy and able to work, but who have neither a job nor unemployment insurance. One-sixth of the program helps those people who do have jobs, but do not earn enough to provide for the basic necessities of food, clothing and accommodation. These people are known as the "working poor".

A further one-sixth of the program goes to those persons who need assistance because they must stay at home to look after children. Typically these persons are younger single parents. They are employable people. Some stay at home to take care of young children, others look for work and day-care but can't find either.

This means that approximately two-thirds of the social assistance program shores up a failure in the economic system to provide employment for persons in the Northwest Territories.

Communities vary widely in their dependence on social assistance. Yellowknife and Inuvik, which have strong wage economies based on local industry, commerce and government, have social assistance expenditures less than 1% of the total community income. Twelve communities, such as Fort Franklin and Clyde River, which rely on the traditional hunting or trapping economy, supplemented by governmental jobs and possibly a local craft industry, have social assistance expenditures over 10% of the total community income. Two communities, Rae Edzo and Repulse Bay exceed 20%.

ᐃᓕᓴ 2

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᓕᒻᒥᐅᑉ ᐃᒪᓕᕆᔨᐊᓯᖏᑦ ᑐᑭᒪᓂᐊᓕᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇ

1/3-ᓴᓇᓕᒃ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᒪᓕᕆᔨᐊᓕᖏᑦ ᑕᑯ ᑐᓂ ᓚᐅᐊᓴᓕᒻᒥᐅᑉ ᓴᖅ ᓂᐊᖅᑲᓱᒃ ᑐᓂ ᐊᒃᓚ ᐃᓗᐊᓂᕐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᓂᐊᓕᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓗᐊᓂᕐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᓗᐊᓂᕐᓂᖅᑐᒥᓱᒃ ᐊᒃᓚ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᓐᓂᒃ ᑐᓂᑎᒃᓴᒃ ᐅᖅᓂᒃ ᐃᒪᓯᓂ ᑕᕆᔨᐊᖅᑐᒃ ᓴᓂ. ᐃᓗᐊᓂᕐᓂᖅᑐᒥᓱᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᓴᓇᓂᐊᖅᑐᒃ ᐃᒪᓕᕆᔨᐊᓕᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᓴᓇᓂᐊᖅᑐᒃ ᐃᓗᐊᓂᕐᓂᖅᑐᒥᓱᒃ ᐊᒃᓚ ᐅᓂᒃ ᐅᓂᒃ

The significance of fur income is only partly in the direct income it provides to hunters and trappers. The value of country food, obtained while hunting and trapping, is estimated to be about $5,000 per family. A decline in fur income, which could lead to a decline in hunting and trapping, could reduce the supply of wild meat. This will increase the need for financial assistance to buy meat in local markets.

The average income in the Northwest Territories is $7,190 per person and $24,500 per family. This compares favourably with the Maritime provinces but unfavourably with the others; for example: Newfoundland $5,933 per person, Nova Scotia $7,474, Ontario $10,274, Saskatchewan $9,124, British Columbia $11,210 and Yukon $12,108.

However, one-third of the population in the Northwest Territories depends on social assistance for at least one month in the year; and the average number of months is four. In communities with a strong industrial or governmental economy, such as Pine Point, Norman Wells and Yellowknife, less than one-tenth of the community received assistance for one or more months.

Social assistance in the Northwest Territories is a measure to deal primarily with unemployment, and secondarily with social concerns such as aging, sickness, mental and physical handicap. Unemployment, and dependence on social assistance is lower where industry and government create jobs, and higher where people depend on traditional land-based activities.

ᐊᒥᐢ ᓄᑦ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᓂᐅᑕᑎᓕᖅ ᑐᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᓴᒍᓂᐅᕐ ᑐᓂ ᑲᑎᖅ ᕿᑎᓂᐊᕐ-ᓂᓂᐅᑦ ᒪᑦ. ᑭᓱᐊᓂ **Fort Good Hope**-ᒥᐅᑕᐃᑦ ᑭᓱᒥ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᓂᐊᖏᑦ ᐅᖃᒋᖅᑯᑦᑎᑎᓯᓪᓚᕐᓂᑦ 108-ᒥᖅ ᖁᓱᐃ ᓄᑦ ᐲᓇᐅᔭᕐ-ᒋᐃᓚᖅ ᑐᓄᖅ ᒋᓄᑦ. ᓄᓇᑦᑐᓂ ᖁᓱᐃ ᓄᑦ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᓂᐅᑦ ᕿᖅ ᑐᑦ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᓂᐅᑎᑎᒥᓵᑐᖅ ᑕᐃᔨᖃᑦ ᓄᓇᖅᐅᑦ ᑐᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᕐᓵᓂ ᐊᒪᒪ ᖁᑎᑦ ᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᕐᓵᓂ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᓂᐅᑎᖏᑦ ᖁᓱᐃ ᓄᑦ ᐊᒥᐢ ᓄᑦ 108-ᒥᖅ ᐅᓄᑦ ᓂᖅᑦᑎᑎᓕᖅ.

ᐊᒥᐢ ᓄᑦ ᖁᓱᐃ ᓄᑦᓗ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᑦ ᒋᑭᑕᐅᕐᐃᑦ ᓄᑦ ᐱᒪ ᒪᑎᑕᐅᓂᖅᑦ ᑕᐅᕐᓴᖅ ᐃᑲᓚᐅᕐᐃᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᒥᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᕐᓵᓂ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᓂᐅᑎᖏᑦ ᖁᓱᐃ ᓄᑦ ᐊᒥᐢ ᓄᑦ 108-ᒥᖅ ᐅᓄᑦ ᓂᖅᑦᑎᑎᓕᖅ.

ᐊᒥᐢ ᓄᑦ ᖁᓱᐃ ᓄᑦᓗ ᐲᓇᐅᔨᑦ ᒋᑭᑕᐅᕐᐃᑦ ᓄᑦ ᐱᒪ ᒪᑎᑕᐅᓂᖅᑦ ᑕᐅᕐᓴᖅ ᐃᑲᓚᐅᕐᐃᑦᑐ

TABLE 2: AVERAGE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) EXPENDITURES AND FUR INCOME BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1983-84

The average income for a person in each community from the sale of fur and from social assistance is set out in Table 2.

The year 1983-84 is the most recent year for which figures are available as of July 1985.

The table also shows the number of trappers and their average income from fur. Table 3 (pages 29-31) compares income from social assistance, fur and wages for each community and region. This is illustrated for each region in Graphs 11-17. (Pages 40-43)

Source: Department of Social Services, Department of Renewable Resources, Bureau of Statis tics; Government of the Northwest Territories

ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅ ᐊᐱᕐᓇᖅᓂᖅ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᐊᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐱᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐊᒥᖅᑐᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓕᕆᔨᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒻᒪ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᐱᕐᓇᐅᔭᓕᖅᓯᒪᓂ, 1983-84: ᖃᐅᔨᓂᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓂᒃ ᐊᒥᖅᑐᒃ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᐊᓂᖅᓄᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᔨᒋᑦ.

TABLE 2: AVERAGE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) EXPENDITURES AND FUR INCOME BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1983-84

COMMUNITY	PROJECTED POPULATION	SA (1983-84) EXPENDITURE	FUR INCOME (83-84) IN COMMUNITY	AVERAGE SA EXPENDITURE IN COMMUNITY	AVERAGE FUR INCOME IN COMMUNITY	NO. OF TRAPPERS (83-84)	AVERAGE FUR INCOME PER TRAPPER (83-84)
NWT TOTAL	51,637	9,281,678	2,629,199	180	51	3,166	842
REGIONAL TOTALS:							
YELLOWKNIFE AREA	11,211	503,855	78,366	45	7	78	1,005
FORT SMITH REGION	13,914	2,258,105	738,252	162	53	919	803
INUVIK REGION	8,614	1,260,428	1,121,329	146	130	767	1,655
BAFFIN REGION	9,425	2,423,159	207,000	257	22	661	313
KEEWATIN REGION	4,768	1,934,997	140,828	406	30	289	487
KITIKMEOT REGION	3,704	878,587	343,424	237	93	452	760
YELLOWKNIFE AREA							
Detah	154	61,339	Inc. YK				
Yellowknife	11,057	442,515	78,366	40	7	78	1,005
FORT SMITH REGION							
Fort Smith	2,439	493,238	44,453	202	18	85	523
Snowdrift (plus Reliance)	280	113,527	44,135	405	158	57	774
Fort Providence (plus Kakisa Lake)	700	99,380	35,239	142	50	101	349
Fort Simpson	1,057	97,103	144,585	92	137	107	1,351
Jean Marie River	75	3,198	5,131	43	68	9	570
Nahanni Butte	91	12,988	21,824	143	240	13	1,679
Fort Liard	437	23,902	117,604	55	269	59	1,993
Fort Wrigley	151	19,133	59,980	127	397	47	1,276
Trout Lake	62	13,831	39,583	223	638	16	2,474
Fort Resolution (plus Pine Point)	2,455	101,553	54,190	41	22	120	452
Hay River (inc. Hay River Reserve and Enterprise)	3,296	91,805	18,636	28	6	44	424
Rae-Edzo	1,547	692,749	83,940	448	54	178	472
Lac La Martre	298	223,386	36,607	750	123	46	796
Rae Lakes	215	173,835	26,090	809	121	29	900
Snare Lakes	76	94,634	6,255	1,245	82	8	782
INUVIK REGION							
Inuvik	3,767	268,256	215,899	71	57	145	1,489
Aklavik	801	136,397	161,467	170	202	157	1,028
Fort McPherson	689	86,664	161,275	126	234	134	1,204
Arctic Red River	125	11,923	41,321	95	331	23	1,797
Tuktoyaktuk	895	136,407	78,851	152	88	57	1,383
Sachs Harbour	180	19,851	34,991	110	194	20	1,750

TABLE 2: AVERAGE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) EXPENDITURES AND FUR INCOME BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1983-84

COMMUNITY	PROJECTED POPULATION	SA (1983-84) EXPENDITURE	FUR INCOME (83-84) IN COMMUNITY	AVERAGE SA EXPENDITURE IN COMMUNITY	AVERAGE FUR INCOME IN COMMUNITY	NO. OF TRAPPERS (83-84)	AVERAGE FUR INCOME PER TRAPPER (83-84)
Paulatuk	197	54,232	25,044	275	127	28	894
Fort Norman	285	31,856	50,028	112	176	33	1,516
Fort Good Hope	524	266,753	169,866	509	324	90	1,887
Fort Franklin	571	202,949	116,306	355	204	60	1,938
Colville Lake	56	27,767	66,281	496	1,184	20	3,314
BAFFIN REGION							
Igloolik	823	295,340	30,652	359	37	74	414
Hall Beach	381	130,769	14,250	343	37	38	375
Pond Inlet	790	143,315	5,281	181	7	35	151
Clyde River	514	184,519	32,104	359	62	66	486
Arctic Bay	415	74,186	13,419	179	32	31	433
Resolute Bay	170	31,418	2,383	185	14	11	217
Grise Fiord	152	32,122	3,335	211	22	16	208
Lake Harbour	276	51,092	8,480	185	31	34	249
Cape Dorset	879	286,846	8,539	326	10	42	203
Pangnirtung	935	310,498	42,147	332	45	141	299
Broughton Island	447	78,162	13,504	175	30	81	167
Sanikiluaq	430	212,626	24,600	494	57	27	911
Frobisher Bay	2,739	592,261	8,306	216	3	65	128
KEEWATIN REGION							
Chesterfield Inlet	239	69,377	10,566	290	44	14	755
Baker Lake	1,041	491,940	22,064	473	21	61	362
Coral Harbour	444	255,305	54,953	575	124	66	833
Repulse Bay	391	216,617	18,632	554	48	48	388
Eskimo Point	1,136	481,771	25,025	424	22	70	358
Whale Cove	210	53,773	5,100	256	24	7	729
Rankin Inlet	1,279	366,211	4,488	286	4	23	195
KITIKMEOT REGION							
Holman	355	30,592	63,252	86	178	66	958
Cambridge Bay	924	138,346	54,161	150	59	69	785
Coppermine	925	172,395	112,506	186	122	118	954
Bathurst Inlet (Incl. Bay Chimo)	86	20,117	12,032	234	140	19	633
Gjoa Haven	618	237,000	32,992	383	53	68	485
Spence Bay	474	220,663	43,942	466	93	79	556
Pelly Bay	292	59,471	24,539	204	84	33	744

TABLE 3: PERCENTAGE OF COMMUNITY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA), 1983-84

A measure of the dependence of a community on social assistance is the proportion of its population which has benefited from it in a given year, and for how many months, on average.

Table 3 shows the number of Recipients in each community in 1983-84 and compares the total number of Recipients and their families with the community population as a percent.

It shows also the average number of months Recipients and their families received assistance.

Table 3 shows the total number of "Persons" who were helped monthly for the year through social assistance. "Persons" include Recipients and their families.

Also shown is the total number of Cases for the year (that is, the total number of Recipients each month for the year). "Average family size" is calculated by dividing the "No. of Persons" by "Cases".

Communities vary widely in their dependence on social assistance. The range of dependence of the communities is looked at further in Table 24, page 114.

Source: Department of Social Services, Bureau of Statistics; Government of the Northwest Territories

ᐅᓗᑎᒍᒃ (ᑕ) ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᔭᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᑐᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᓕᖅ, 1983-84: ᖃᓄᐃᓕᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᖅ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᔭᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᑐᐊᕐᓂᐊᓕᖅᑐᑦ.

TABLE 3: PERCENTAGE OF COMMUNITY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA), 1983-84

COMMUNITY	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	RECIPIENTS (1983-84)	SA: NO. OF PERSONS (1983-84)	CASES (83-84)	AVERAGE FAMILY SIZE	RECIPIENT MONTHS	PERCENT OF COMMUNITY ON SA
NWT TOTAL	51,637	5,120	83,193	24,571	3.4	4.0	34
REGIONAL TOTALS:							
YELLOWKNIFE AREA	11,211	336	3,037	1,373	2.2	4.1	7
FORT SMITH REGION	13,914	1,293	19,458	6,373	3.1	4.9	29
INUVIK REGION	8,614	792	9,504	3,375	2.8	4.3	26
BAFFIN REGION	9,425	1,445	24,591	6,628	3.7	4.5	58
KEEWATIN REGION	4,768	662	17,751	4,183	4.2	6.3	58
KITIKMEOT REGION	3,704	511	8,852	2,513	3.5	4.9	48
YELLOWKNIFE AREA							
Detah	154	28	497	178	2.8	6.4	50
Yellowknife	11,057	308	2,540	1,195	2.1	3.9	6
FORT SMITH REGION							
Fort Smith	2,439	339	3,321	1,394	2.4	4.1	33
Snowdrift	265	69	1,012	291	3.5	4.2	91
FORT SIMPSON AREA							
Fort Simpson	1,057	77	843	394	2.1	5.1	15
Jean Marie River	75	5	44	16	2.8	3.2	19
Nahanni Butte	91	7	103	33	3.1	4.7	24
Fort Liard	437	24	234	78	3.0	3.3	16
Fort Wrigley	151	18	154	73	2.1	4.1	25
Trout Lake	62	8	109	58	1.9	7.3	25
HAY RIVER AREA							
Fort Resolution	499	92	841	370	2.3	4.0	42
Enterprise	49	4	27	9	3.0	2.3	24
Pine Point	1,956	17	88	40	2.2	2.4	2
Hay River	3,248	90	751	266	2.8	3.0	8
Fort Providence	663	74	1,180	359	3.3	4.9	37
Kakisa Lake	37	7	79	41	1.9	5.9	36
RAE EDZO AREA							
Rae Edzo	1,547	295	6,096	1,776	3.4	6.0	65
Lac La Martre	298	64	2,171	499	4.4	7.8	94
Rae Lakes	215	53	1,471	392	3.8	7.4	94
INUVIK REGION							
Inuvik	3,767	237	2,110	790	2.7	3.3	17
Aklavik	801	99	1,142	420	2.7	4.2	34
Fort McPherson	689	73	791	263	3.0	3.6	32
Arctic Red River	125	16	72	30	2.4	1.9	31

TABLE 3: PERCENTAGE OF COMMUNITY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA), 1983-84

COMMUNITY	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	RECIPIENTS (1983-84)	SA: NO. OF PERSONS (1983-84)	CASES (83-84)	AVERAGE FAMILY SIZE	RECIPIENT MONTHS	PERCENT OF COMMUNITY ON SA
Tuktoyaktuk	895	107	1,050	437	2.4	4.0	29
Sachs Harbour	180	9	142	42	3.4	4.7	17
Paulatuk	197	17	371	107	3.5	6.3	30
Norman Wells	512	9	52	26	2.0	2.9	4
Fort Norman	285	28	259	86	3.0	3.1	30
Fort Good Hope	524	117	1,822	645	2.8	5.5	63
Fort Franklin	571	68	1,524	462	3.3	6.8	39
Colville Lake	56	12	169	67	2.5	5.6	54
BAFFIN REGION							
Igloolik	823	133	3,393	701	4.8	5.3	78
Hall Beach	381	72	1,298	270	4.8	3.8	91
Pond Inlet	790	93	1,493	330	4.5	3.5	53
Clyde River	514	93	1,754	435	4.0	4.7	73
Arctic Bay	415	48	752	192	3.9	4.0	45
Resolute Bay	170	24	228	83	2.7	3.5	39
Grise Fiord	152	29	320	101	3.2	3.5	60
Lake Harbour	276	58	602	231	2.6	4.0	55
Cape Dorset	879	189	3,123	837	3.7	4.4	80
Pangnirtung	935	158	3,307	835	3.9	5.3	67
Broughton Island	447	75	961	267	3.6	3.6	60
Sanikiluaq	430	109	2,116	590	3.6	5.4	91
Frobisher Bay	2,739	364	5,244	1,756	3.0	4.8	40
KEEWATIN REGION							
Chesterfield Inlet	239	30	699	189	3.7	6.3	46
Baker Lake	1,041	171	4,421	1,146	3.9	6.7	63
Coral Harbour	444	80	2,051	524	3.9	6.6	71
Eskimo Point	1,136	142	4,580	1,034	4.4	7.3	55
Whale Cove	210	25	512	108	4.7	4.3	56
Rankin Inlet	1,279	142	3,495	823	4.2	5.8	47
KITIKMEOT REGION							
Holman	355	21	270	77	3.5	3.7	21
Cambridge Bay	924	115	1,512	540	2.8	4.7	35
Coppermine	925	121	1,608	553	2.9	4.6	38
Gjoa Haven	618	104	2,535	590	4.3	5.7	72
Spence Bay	474	98	2,197	565	3.9	5.8	80
Pelly Bay	292	30	562	136	4.1	4.5	42
Bay Chimo	64	1	14	5	2.8	1.0	4

GRAPHS 4 - 9: COMMUNITY PERCENTAGE DEPENDENCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, 1983-84

ᐳᓴᓐᑎᒍ (%) ᓄᓇᕐᓂᐅ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕕᒃᑐᑐᒍᓕᕆᓂᖅ, 1983-84: ᓴᖑᑎᒋᑎᒥᒪᔪᖅ ᑭᐅᑐᐃᓇᐅᑉᐳᖅᓂᐅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓄᓇᕐᓂᐅ ᐊᑦᑕᓴᖅᑐᒍ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕕᒃᑐᑐᒍᓕᕆᓂᖅ.

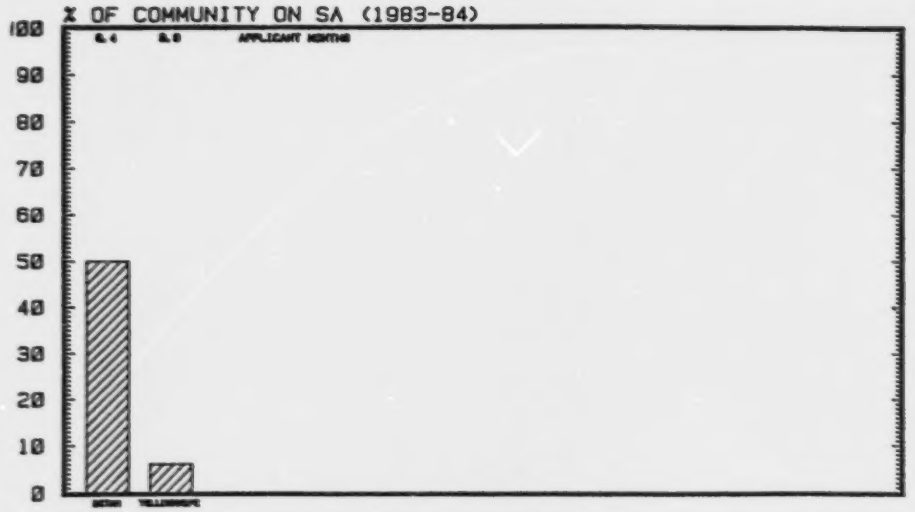
GRAPH 10: REGIONAL DEPENDENCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, 1983-84

ᓯᒪᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᔪᑎᒍ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᓂᒃᑯᑦ, ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓴᒍ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᐅᓇᓱᒃᑐᒍ, ᐳᓴᓐᑎᒍ (%) ᐊᒃᑕᖏᓪᓗᓂᒃ, 1983-84: ᓴᖑᑎᒋᑎᒥᒪᔪᖅ ᑭᐅᑐᐃᓕᐅᑉᐳᖅᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓴᒍ ᓄᓇᕐᓂᐅ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕕᒃᑐᑐᒍᓕᕆᓂᖅ.

The bar graphs show the proportion of each community or region which has received social assistance for one or more months in 1983-84. The numbers at the top of the bar graphs show the average number of months in the year for which the Recipients received assistance.

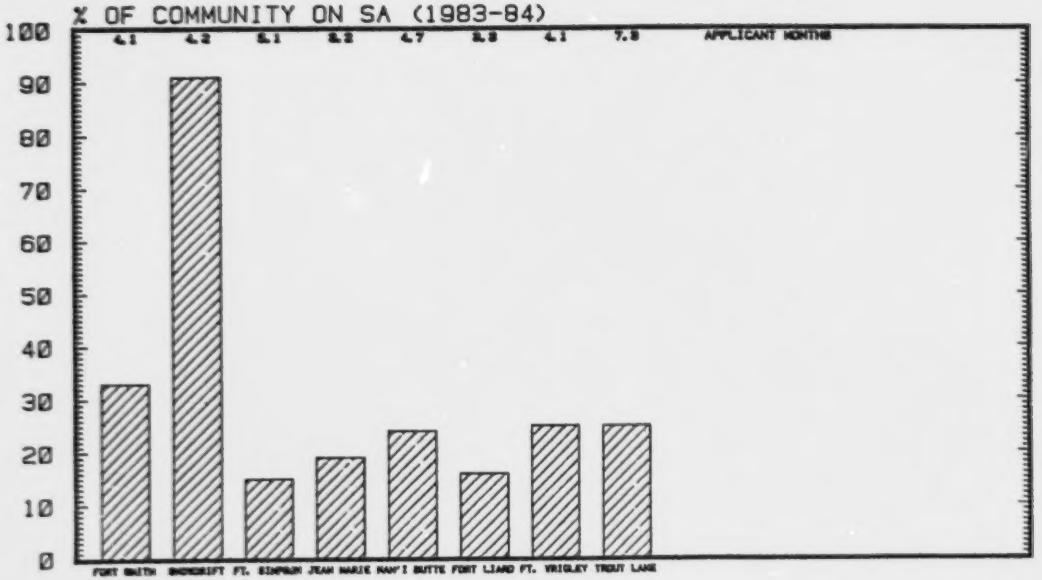
Source: Department of Social Services, Bureau of Statistics; Government of the Northwest Territories

YELLOWKNIFE REGION DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



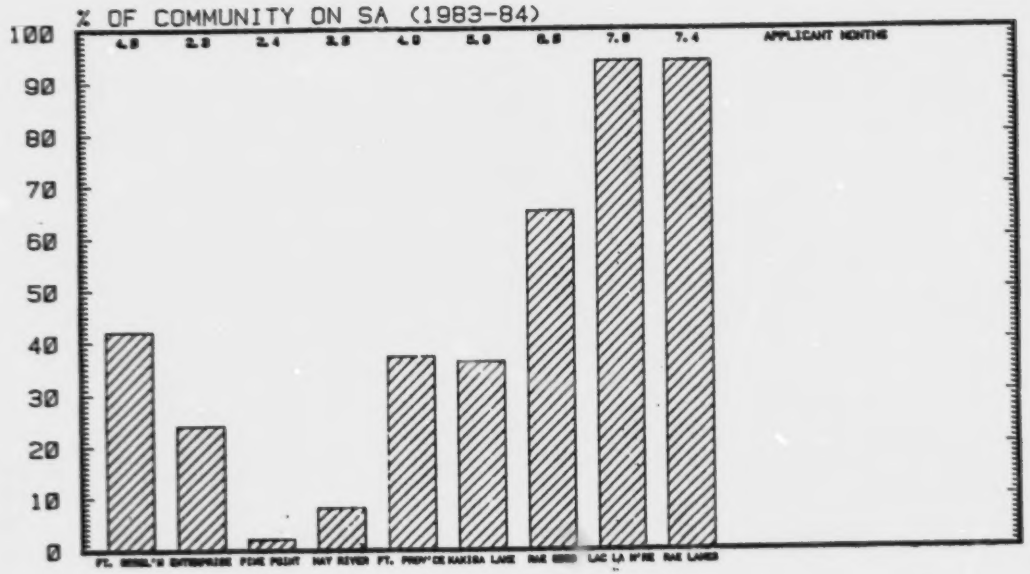
COMMUNITIES
GRAPH 4

FORT SMITH REGION DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



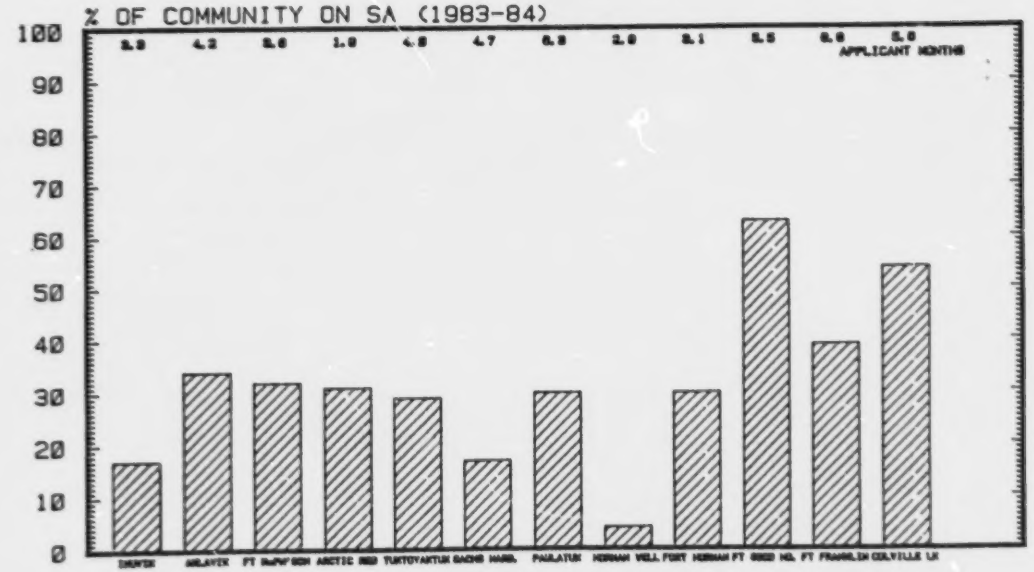
COMMUNITIES
GRAPH 5A

FORT SMITH REGION DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



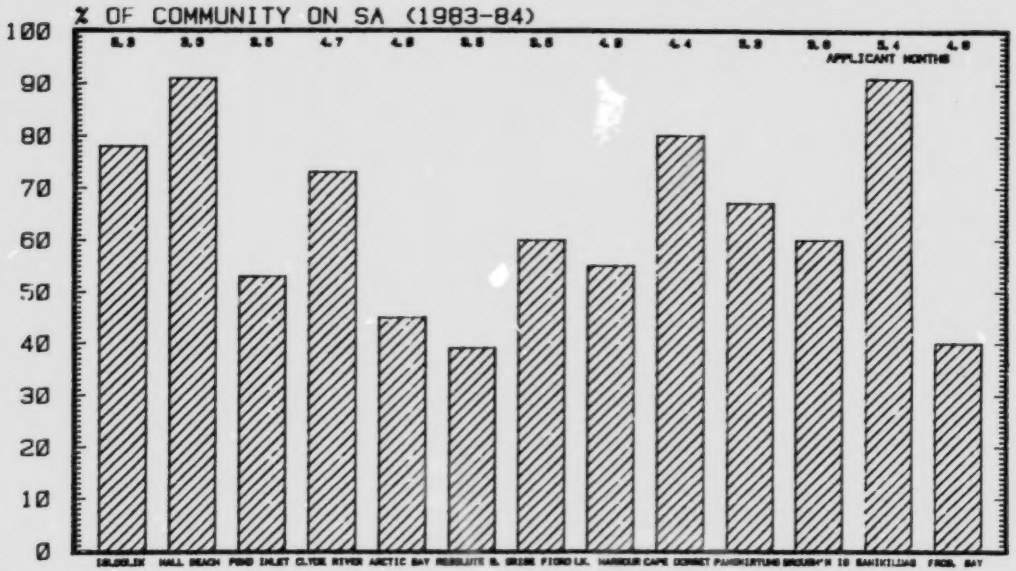
GRAPH 5B

INUVIK REGION DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



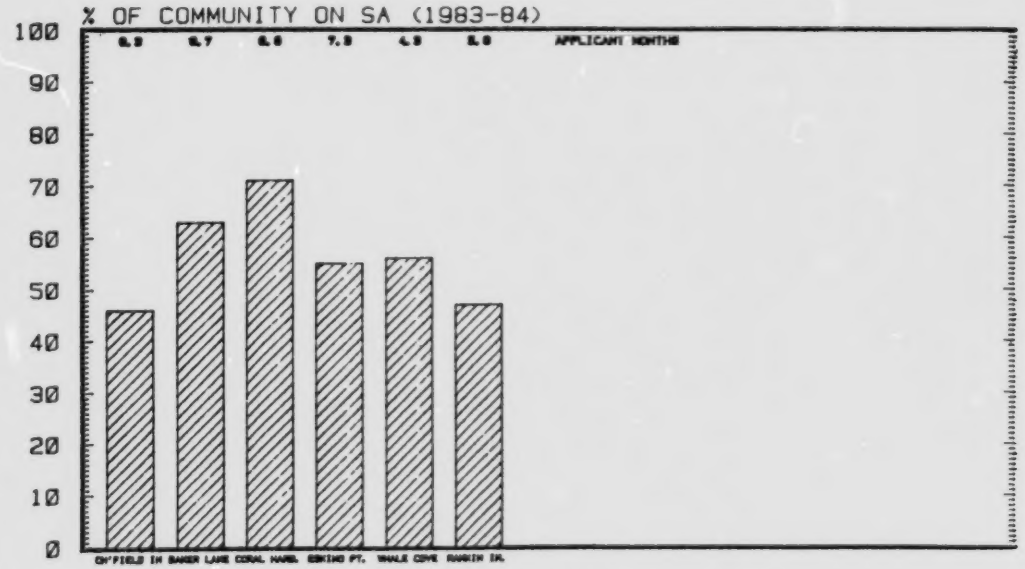
GRAPH 6

BAFFIN REGION DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



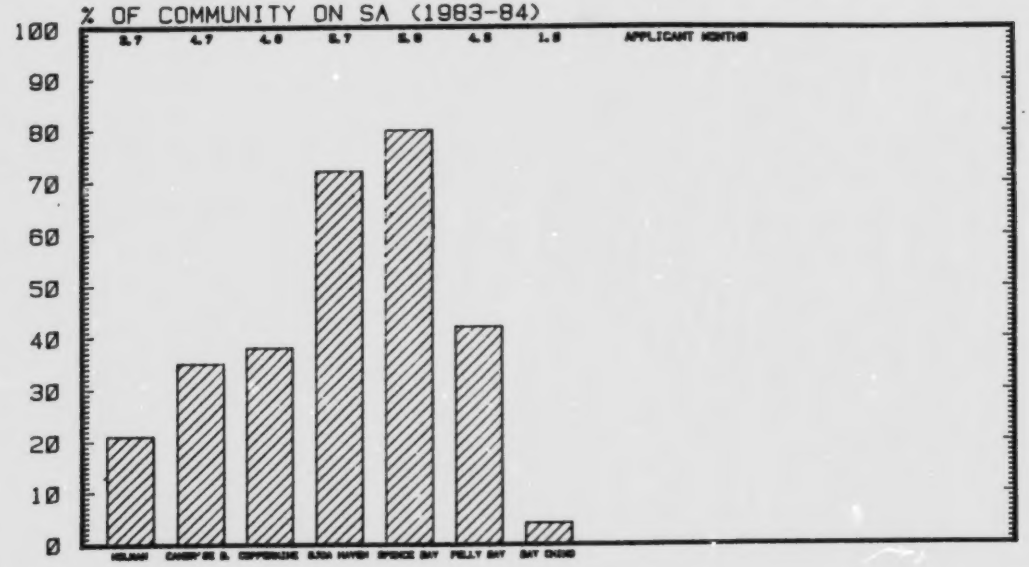
COMMUNITIES
GRAPH 7

KEEWATIN REGION DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



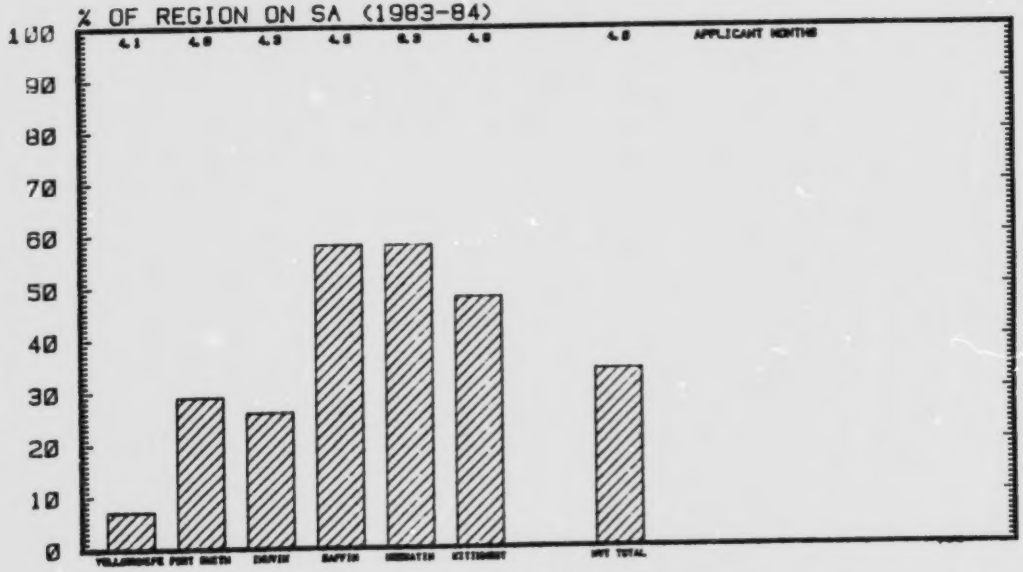
COMMUNITIES
GRAPH 8

KITIKMEOT REGION DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



COMMUNITIES
GRAPH 9

REGIONAL DEPENDANCY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE



REGIONS
GRAPH 10

TABLE 4: PERCENT SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA), FUR AND WAGE INCOME OF TOTAL COMMUNITY AND REGION INCOME, 1983-84

This table compares the total income in each community from wages, fur and social assistance in actual dollars and as a percent of the community's total income.

The total income from wages, fur and social assistance for the communities in each region is illustrated in Graphs 10-15.

Source: Canada Census 1981
Department of Social Services, Department of Renewable Resources; Government of the Northwest Territories

ᓴᖅᑎᒥ (%) ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᐊᕐᓇᖅᑐᑦ, ᐊᒃᑲᓐ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓕᕆᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᓕᒫᓂ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᑎᖓᔪᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓕᕆᓂᖅ, 1983-84: ᖃᐅᔨᓴᓂᐅᑉ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᖏᓐᓂ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᐊᖅᑐᓂᖓᓄᑦ, ᐊᒃᑲᓐ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᐊᒪᓂᖅ.

TABLE 4: PERCENT SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA), FUR AND WAGE INCOME OF TOTAL COMMUNITY AND REGION INCOME, 1983-84

COMMUNITY	TOTAL COMMUNITY INCOME (1981)	SA EXPENDITURE (1983-84)	FUR INCOME (1983-84)	% SA	% FUR	% WAGE
NWT TOTALS	371,277,000	9,281,678	2,205,085	2.5	0.6	96.9
REGIONAL TOTALS:						
YELLOWKNIFE AREA	134,415,000	503,855	78,366	0.4	0.06	99.5
FORT SMITH REGION	90,944,000	2,258,105	550,827	2.5	0.6	96.9
INUVIK REGION	56,660,000	1,260,428	953,692	2.2	1.7	96.1
BAFFIN REGION	52,737,000	2,423,159	165,646	4.6	0.3	95.1
KEEWATIN REGION	19,000,000	1,934,997	125,162	10.2	0.7	89.1
KITIKMEOT REGION	17,521,000	878,587	331,392	5.0	1.9	93.1
YELLOWKNIFE AREA						
Yellowknife	134,415,000	442,515	78,366	0.3	0.06	99.64
FORT SMITH REGION						
Fort Smith	19,156,000	493,238	44,453	2.6	0.2	97.2
Fort Providence (plus Kakisa Lake)	2,224,000	99,380	35,239	4.5	1.6	93.9
Fort Simpson	7,472,000	97,103	144,585	1.3	1.9	96.8
Fort Liard	1,449,000	23,902	117,604	1.6	8.1	90.3
Fort Resolution (plus Pine Point)	23,811,000	101,553	54,190	0.4	0.2	99.4
Hay River (plus Hay River Reserve & Enterprise)	32,526,000	91,805	18,636	0.3	0.06	99.64
Rae-Edzo (plus Rae Lakes)	4,306,000	866,584	136,120	20.1	3.2	76.7
INUVIK REGION						
Inuvik	33,246,000	268,256	215,899	0.8	0.6	98.6
Aklavik	3,308,000	136,397	161,467	4.1	4.9	91.0
Fort McPherson	3,020,000	86,664	161,275	2.9	5.3	91.8
Tuktoyaktuk	5,571,000	136,407	78,851	2.4	1.4	96.2
Fort Norman	1,223,000	31,856	50,028	2.6	4.1	93.3
Fort Good Hope	1,674,000	266,753	169,866	15.9	10.1	74.0
Fort Franklin	1,385,000	202,949	116,306	14.7	8.4	76.9

TABLE 4: PERCENT SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA), FUR AND WAGE INCOME OF TOTAL COMMUNITY AND REGION INCOME, 1983-84

COMMUNITY	TOTAL COMMUNITY INCOME (1981)	SA EXPENDITURE (1983-84)	FUR INCOME (1983-84)	% SA	% FUR	% WAGE
BAFFIN REGION						
Igloolik	2,499,000	295,340	30,652	11.8	1.2	87.0
Hall Beach	2,396,000	130,769	14,250	5.5	0.6	93.9
Pond Inlet	2,741,000	143,315	5,281	5.2	0.2	94.6
Clyde River	1,417,000	184,519	32,104	13.0	2.3	84.7
Resolute Bay	5,443,000	31,418	2,383	0.6	0.04	99.4
Lake Harbour	788,000	51,092	8,480	6.5	1.0	92.5
Cape Dorset	2,561,000	286,846	8,539	11.2	0.3	88.5
Pangnirtung	3,488,000	310,498	42,147	8.9	1.2	89.9
Broughton Island	1,409,000	78,162	13,504	5.5	1.0	93.5
Frobisher Bay	23,390,000	592,261	8,306	2.5	0.04	97.5
KEEWATIN REGION						
Baker Lake	3,863,000	491,940	22,064	12.7	0.6	86.7
Coral Harbour	1,832,000	255,305	54,953	13.9	3.0	83.1
Repulse Bay	961,000	216,617	18,632	22.5	1.9	77.6
Eskimo Point	3,298,000	481,771	25,025	14.6	0.8	84.6
Rankin Inlet	6,979,000	366,211	4,488	5.2	0.06	94.7
KITIKMEOT REGION						
Holman	964,000	30,592	63,252	3.2	6.6	90.2
Cambridge Bay	8,705,000	138,346	54,161	1.6	0.6	97.8
Coppermine	3,592,000	172,395	112,506	4.8	3.1	92.1
Gjoa Haven	1,589,000	237,000	32,992	14.9	2.1	83.0
Spence Bay	1,790,000	220,663	43,942	12.3	2.5	85.2
Pelly Bay	864,000	59,471	24,539	6.9	2.8	90.3

GRAPHS 11 - 17: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, FUR & WAGE INCOME, 1983-84

These bar graphs illustrate the proportion of income from wages, social assistance and fur.

This information, along with Graphs 4 - 9, illustrates the economic importance of social assistance to the people in the communities.

Source: Department of Social Services, Government of the Northwest Territories

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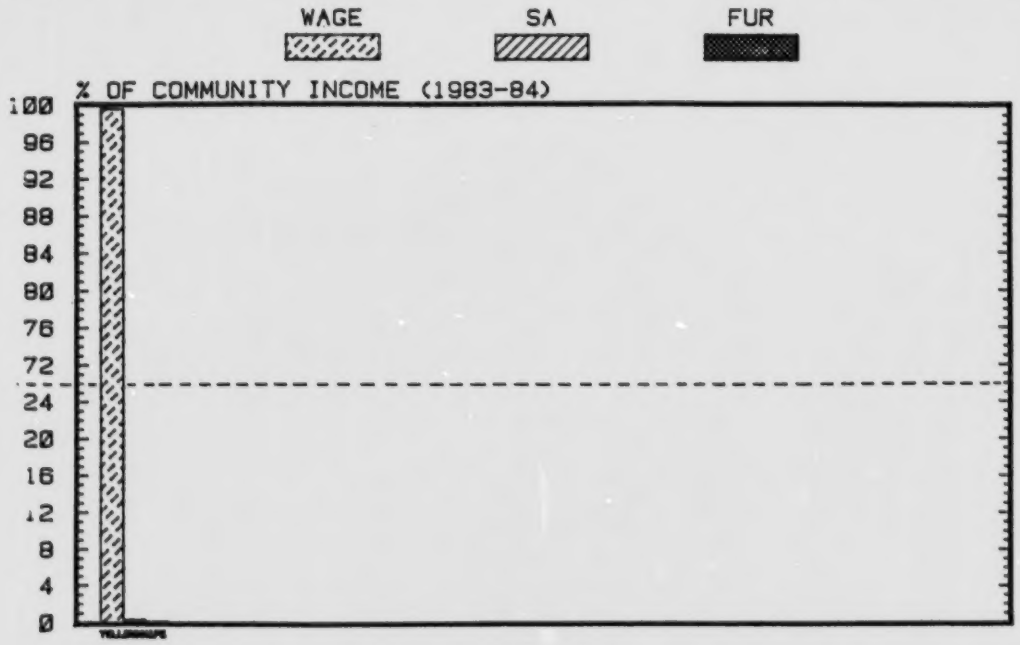
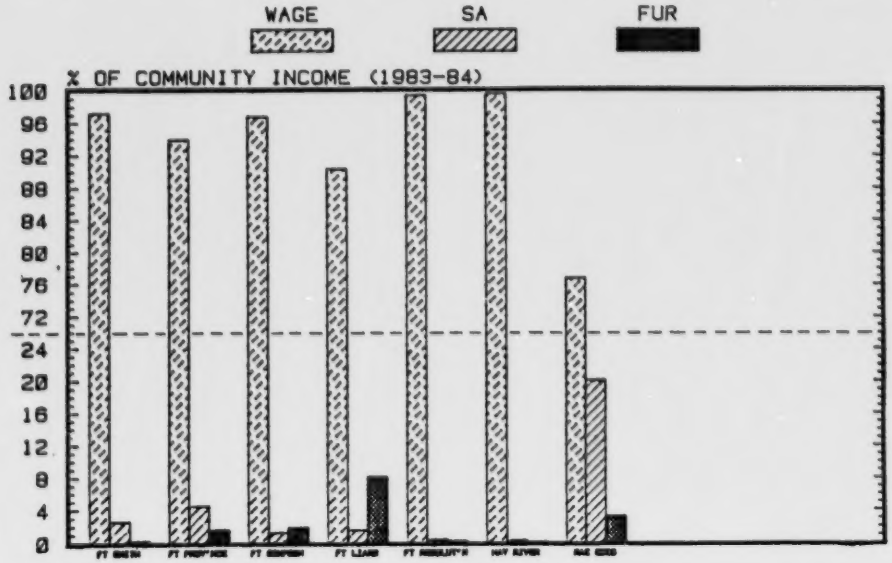
YELLOWKNIFE REGION SOCIAL ASSISTANCE. FUR AND WAGE INCOME



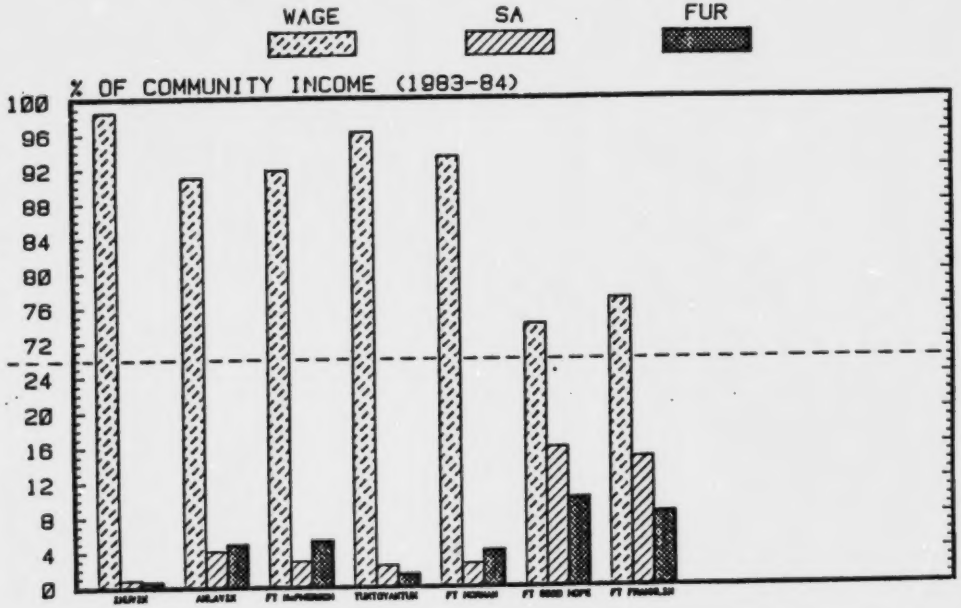
COMMUNITIES
GRAPH 11

FORT SMITH REGION SOCIAL ASSISTANCE. FUR AND WAGE INCOME



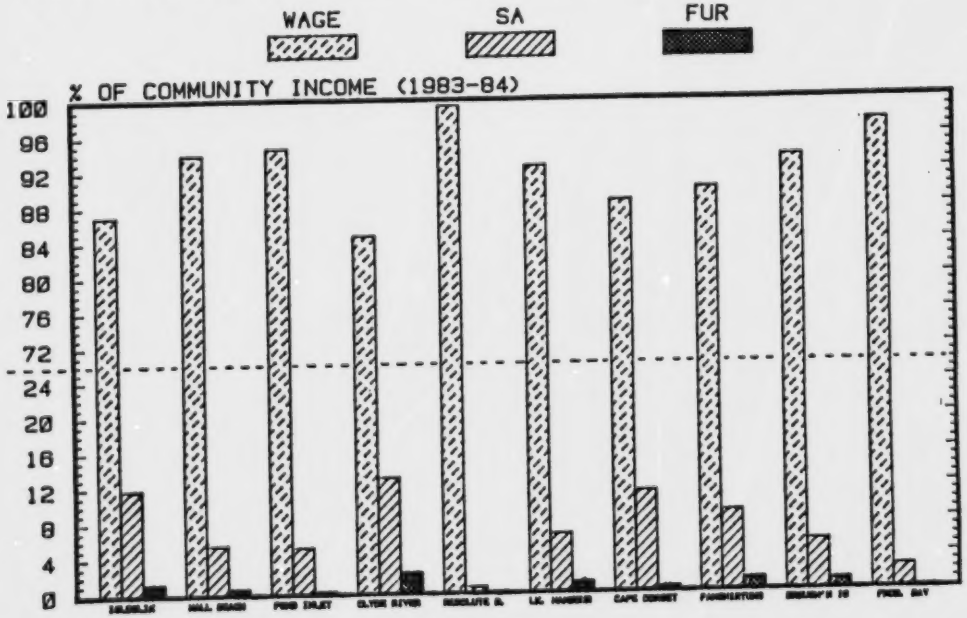
COMMUNITIES
GRAPH 12

INUVIK REGION SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, FUR AND WAGE INCOME

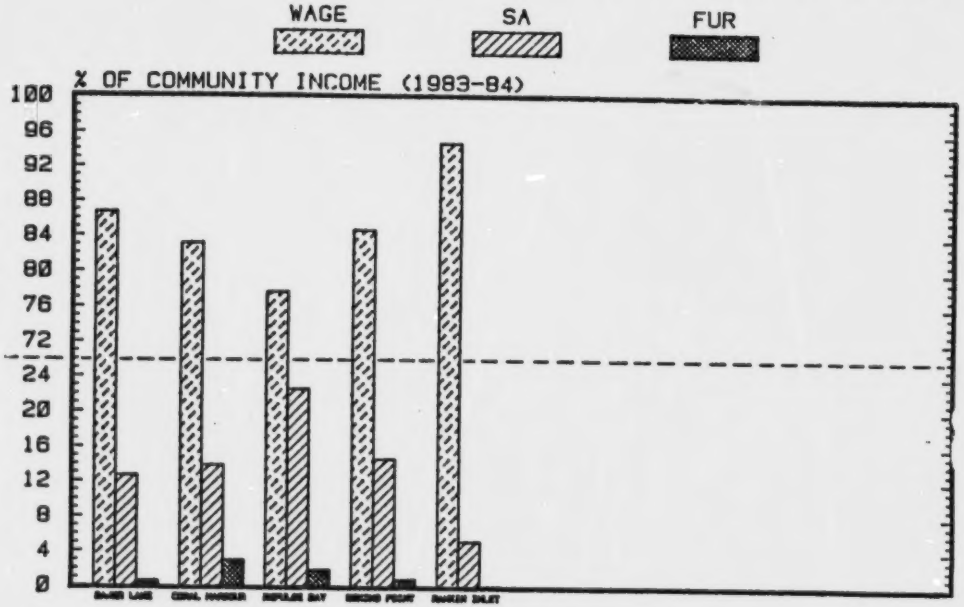


GRAPH 13

BAFFIN REGION SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, FUR AND WAGE INCOME

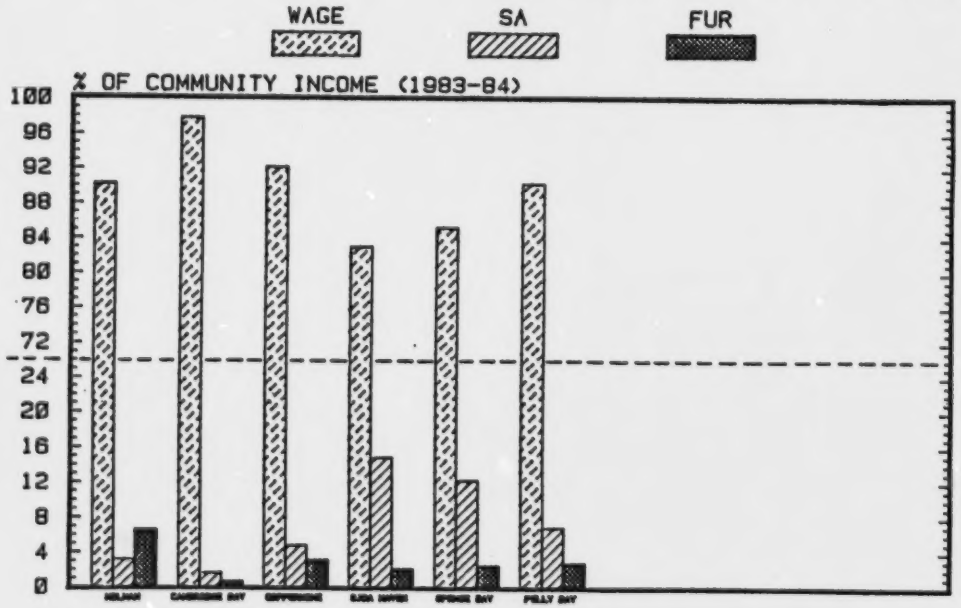


KEEWATIN REGION SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, FUR AND WAGE INCOME



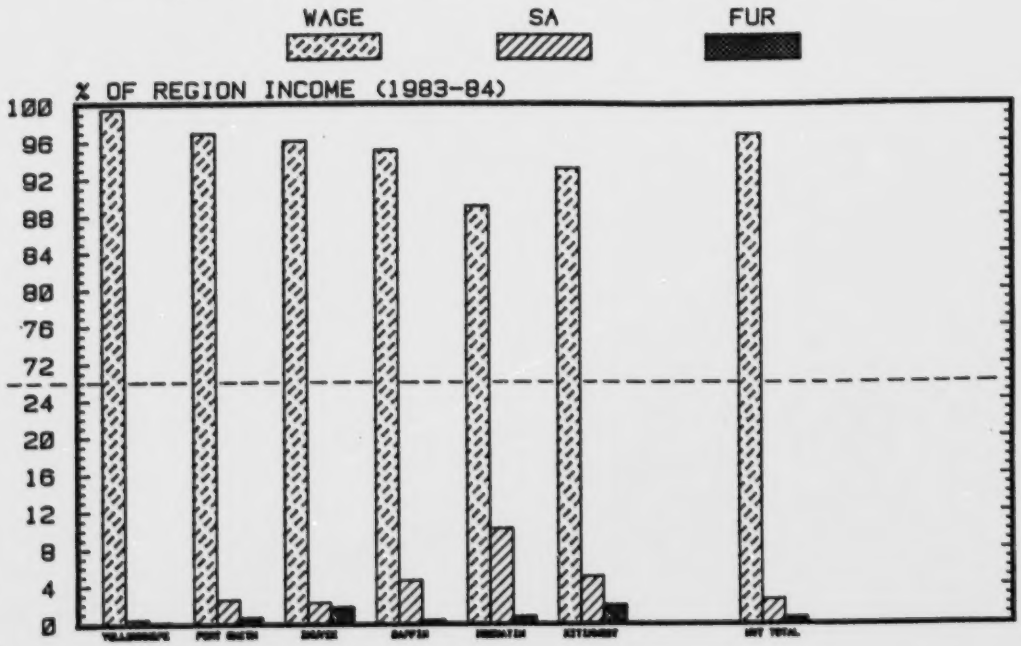
GRAPH 15

KITIKMEOT REGION SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, FUR AND WAGE INCOME



GRAPH 16

REGIONAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, FUR AND WAGE INCOME



REGIONS
GRAPH 17

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

People receive social assistance for four major reasons:

1. SOCIAL/MEDICAL
   They are aged or handicapped and do not have enough income or pension to pay for basic needs.
2. SOCIAL/FAMILY
   They are responsible for children and must be "at home" to take care of them.
3. ECONOMIC/UNEMPLOYED
   They are unemployed but able to work and do not have an income or sufficient income from unemployment insurance.
4. ECONOMIC/INSUFFICIENT INCOME
   They are employed but do not have sufficient income to meet their basic needs.

Table 5 shows the number of cases receiving social assistance for economic reasons (3 and 4 above) and the average social assistance expenditure per case.

Each case represents a person who applies for assistance in any month. The table shows the total number of "cases" in a year and the average number of cases in a month.

The number of individual Recipients in economic categories who apply in any year is not known. Table 1 (pages 8-18) shows the number of Recipients in all categories who apply in a year. An approximate number of Recipients in economic categories may be estimated by dividing the total number of cases for the year by 2.

ᐊᕐᓂᖅᑐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᕕᐊᓂᑦ ᒪᑭᑕᐃᓇᖅᑲᐅᑎᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒪᓪ ᓄᓇᖅᑲᐅᑦ ᐊᐱᖓᑐᖅᓯᓂᖅᑐᑦ, 1980-85: ᑕᕆᓇ ᓴᖅᑭᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᓯᒪᓂᑲᓐ ᓯᒪᓕ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᕕᒃᑐᖅᑎᓯᓚᖓᒍᑦ, ᐊᒪᓗ ᖃᖅᑎᑕ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᕕᒃᓴᓕᖓᒍᑦ ᐊᒪᓪ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᓗᒍ ᐊᐱᖓᓱᓗᒍ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖓᒍᑦ: 1) ᐃᓄᖅᑲᖃᐃᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᓕᕐᓗᐃᑦ; 2) ᑲᒪᔨᖃᖅᑎᑦ ᓄᑕᖃᓂᖅ; 3) ᐃᓕᓴᕐᕕᐊᖅᑎᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᕕᐊᖅᓴᓐᓇᓚᐅᖅ; 4) ᐃᓕᓴᕐᕕᐊᖅᑎᓚᐅᖅ ᓇᒪᔨᑲᓂᖅ ᐱᓇᐅᔨᓕᐅᑎᑦ.

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
NWT TOTAL	80-81	6,962,124	2,182,732	6,503	336	1,297,571	4,598	282
	81-82	7,417,303	2,362,703	7,412	319	1,393,650	4,689	297
	82-83	8,742,214	2,771,452	7,399	375	1,599,034	4,702	340
	83-84	9,281,678	3,147,923	8,091	389	1,453,145	4,215	345
	84-85	9,297,359	2,975,654	8,035	370	1,668,940	4,572	365
REGIONAL TOTALS:								
YELLOWKNIFE AREA	80-81	269,532	14,831	60	247	109,324	424	258
	81-82	337,235	25,860	87	297	115,106	388	297
	82-83	428,565	65,836	186	354	106,445	340	313
	83-84	503,855	70,763	216	328	93,041	259	359
	84-85	582,361	84,170	247	341	113,161	283	400
FORT SMITH	80-81	1,826,228	578,403	1,679	344	235,380	847	278
	81-82	1,681,901	536,976	1,740	309	197,142	707	289
	82-83	2,132,660	646,553	1,765	366	290,250	864	336
	83-84	2,258,105	713,778	1,909	374	315,803	940	336
	84-85	2,177,969	704,134	1,995	353	337,323	970	348
INUVIK	80-81	969,698	147,257	511	288	155,482	536	290
	81-82	1,118,091	300,735	936	321	132,027	451	293
	82-83	1,241,903	342,516	872	393	126,836	406	312
	83-84	1,260,428	356,927	918	389	94,006	344	273
	84-85	1,209,732	315,915	847	373	104,622	342	306
BAFFIN	80-81	1,585,492	317,779	1,308	243	400,443	1,504	266
	81-82	1,924,275	448,327	1,872	239	439,961	1,606	274
	82-83	2,308,792	542,466	1,879	289	620,901	1,896	327
	83-84	2,423,159	703,643	2,242	314	442,993	1,374	322
	84-85	2,624,752	729,620	2,266	322	559,300	1,594	351
KEEWATIN	80-81	1,224,848	726,419	1,997	364	174,310	575	303
	81-82	1,456,435	877,845	2,170	405	254,253	711	358
	82-83	1,654,923	939,690	2,031	463	291,968	704	415
	83-84	1,934,997	1,060,340	2,144	495	386,449	903	428
	84-85	1,762,387	872,680	1,920	455	447,939	1,038	432
KITIKMEOT	80-81	1,073,640	395,482	916	432	221,056	698	317
	81-82	868,653	161,793	511	317	250,622	789	318
	82-83	951,689	230,744	629	367	160,136	475	337
	83-84	878,587	237,486	611	389	118,939	385	309
	84-85	922,423	265,737	716	371	105,594	340	311

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES
BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
YELLOWKNIFE AREA								
Detah	80-81	28,177	2,377	8	297	11,896	56	212
	81-82	44,906	1,973	9	219	22,386	76	295
	82-83	56,077	11,697	35	334	16,894	61	277
	83-84	61,339	20,480	55	372	7,927	27	294
	84-85	61,028	19,016	55	346	15,345	35	438
Yellowknife	80-81	241,855	12,453	52	239	97,837	371	264
	81-82	292,480	23,922	79	303	92,837	313	297
	82-83	372,488	54,139	151	356	89,550	279	321
	83-84	442,515	50,283	161	312	85,114	232	367
	84-85	521,332	65,154	192	339	97,816	248	394
FORT SMITH REGION								
Fort Smith	80-81	310,617	69,930	299	234	44,512	134	332
	81-82	347,824	81,436	322	253	69,664	195	357
	82-83	380,038	119,754	419	286	58,802	193	305
	83-84	493,238	165,114	524	315	77,498	228	340
	84-85	515,745	177,315	544	326	105,732	266	397
Rocher River	80-81	222	-	-	-	222	2	111
	81-82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	82-83	1,122	-	-	-	1,122	5	224
	83-84	2,451	-	-	-	2,451	9	273
	84-85	347	-	-	-	347	2	173.5
Snowdrift	80-81	31,325	7,040	22	320	7,940	30	265
	81-82	51,488	16,847	44	383	7,474	29	258
	82-83	89,777	22,808	46	496	30,157	92	328
	83-84	113,527	17,103	43	398	49,372	131	377
	84-85	81,486	10,113	27	375	23,274	67	347
FORT SIMPSON AREA								
Fort Simpson	80-81	104,267	12,794	81	158	5,175	28	185
	81-82	80,667	7,402	44	168	10,700	29	369
	82-83	94,040	18,835	101	186	8,331	43	194
	83-84	97,103	23,141	108	214	14,147	61	232
	84-85	103,287	18,825	74	254	11,831	36	329
Jean Marie River	80-81	3,551	1,182	9	131	84	1	84
	81-82	7,276	3,573	12	298	112	1	112
	82-83	9,290	1,630	10	163	6,076	13	467
	83-84	3,198	225	1	225	1,045	5	209
	84-85	587	587	3	196	-	-	-

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Nahanni Butte	80-81	9,171	217	2	109	-	-	-
	81-82	10,934	120	1	120	550	3	183
	82-83	9,260	541	2	271	1,758	6	293
	83-84	12,988	185	1	185	805	1	805
	84-85	12,655	785	3	262	184	1	184
Fort Liard	80-81	17,315	1,841	8	230	875	4	219
	81-82	19,323	1,768	9	196	1,039	3	346
	82-83	16,958	2,879	16	180	1,100	4	275
	83-84	23,902	2,074	10	207	1,733	7	248
	84-85	37,608	5,593	19	294	1,491	5	298
Fort Wrigley	80-81	16,521	2,410	12	201	120	1	120
	81-82	26,772	12,295	41	300	1,686	7	241
	82-83	15,895	3,381	16	82	1,870	9	208
	83-84	19,133	7,445	26	286	2,346	9	261
	84-85	12,121	2,723	8	340	1,197	6	200
Trout Lake	80-81	14,345	1,791	13	138	-	-	-
	81-82	14,158	2,628	18	146	305	1	305
	82-83	10,207	1,478	10	148	1,571	6	262
	83-84	13,831	3,961	22	180	786	2	393
	84-85	16,121	895	6	149	300	1	300
HAY RIVER AREA								
Fort Resolution	80-81	72,779	18,738	91	206	12,839	81	159
	81-82	45,229	4,039	21	192	2,869	22	130
	82-83	77,450	5,815	41	142	5,025	21	239
	83-84	87,127	6,153	53	116	4,635	15	309
	84-85	75,329	13,842	67	207	6,487	30	216
Enterprise	80-81	767	174	1	174	453	3	151
	81-82	350	-	-	-	-	-	-
	82-83	5,468	-	-	-	-	-	-
	83-84	4,462	1,180	4	295	328	1	1
	84-85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pine Point	80-81	13,587	4,332	12	361	4,704	11	428
	81-82	3,429	125	1	125	320	1	320
	82-83	8,766	1,853	9	206	725	3	242
	83-84	14,426	4,889	10	489	1,835	5	376
	84-85	19,360	3,315	17	195	6,262	15	417

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Hay River	80-81	122,008	17,711	68	260	16,579	66	251
	81-82	90,276	15,839	75	211	12,026	48	251
	82-83	106,217	23,753	90	264	9,586	36	266
	83-84	77,276	11,370	66	172	19,070	51	374
	84-85	114,896	24,043	86	280	22,332	60	372
Fort Providence	80-81	68,098	19,012	74	257	8,982	36	250
	81-82	70,333	20,091	95	211	6,876	31	222
	82-83	83,821	22,310	80	279	9,821	42	234
	83-84	90,094	32,705	125	262	11,145	57	196
	84-85	79,426	43,930	181	243	9,507	47	202
Hay River Reserve	80-81	15,991	2,982	22	136	1,611	16	101
	81-82	9,434	2,185	18	121	566	20	28
	82-83	14,267	2,352	13	131	173	3	58
	83-84	10,067	1,667	9	185	628	5	126
	84-85	12,694	2,996	17	176	734	4	184
Kakisa Lake	80-81	8,439	1,454	5	291	961	1	961
	81-82	9,485	-	-	-	-	-	-
	82-83	8,681	-	-	-	-	-	-
	83-84	9,286	-	-	-	-	-	-
	84-85	8,451	2,607	17	15	-	-	-
RAE EDZO AREA								
Rae-Edzo	80-81	655,734	242,515	573	423	82,426	297	278
	81-82	614,219	235,903	658	359	57,422	204	281
	82-83	780,180	235,976	521	453	84,097	204	412
	83-84	692,749	202,468	456	444	62,080	175	355
	84-85	664,573	223,007	560	398	75,456	224	337
Lac La Martre	80-81	204,889	89,389	176	508	20,791	60	347
	81-82	168,279	63,700	136	468	17,352	61	284
	82-83	214,502	77,261	143	540	38,791	104	373
	83-84	223,386	77,755	135	576	41,060	104	395
	84-85	201,194	63,811	123	519	35,966	96	375
Rae Lakes	80-81	156,369	82,927	197	421	26,784	74	362
	81-82	107,370	63,137	188	336	8,489	46	185
	82-83	175,638	91,454	212	431	29,713	78	381
	83-84	173,835	104,664	213	491	13,899	53	262
	84-85	152,036	74,328	157	473	25,805	85	304

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES
BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Snare Lakes	80-81	2,415	2,005	15	134	135	1	135
	81-82	6,516	5,882	46	128	47	1	47
	82-83	28,344	14,277	35	408	529	1	529
	83-84	94,634	51,459	102	505	10,933	21	521
	84-85	67,783	34,501	83	416	10,412	25	416
INUVIK REGION								
Inuvik	80-81	199,753	15,632	63	248	39,677	119	333
	81-82	233,873	32,776	110	298	25,511	82	311
	82-83	261,441	50,095	137	366	23,922	78	307
	83-84	268,256	50,661	163	311	19,548	75	261
	84-85	291,629	47,223	158	299	33,568	98	343
Aklavik	80-81	157,047	34,201	122	280	23,755	108	220
	81-82	137,335	39,622	161	246	27,044	102	265
	82-83	131,658	9,610	37	260	8,071	28	288
	83-84	136,397	37,237	110	339	8,876	31	286
	84-85	129,386	23,124	87	266	10,778	42	257
Fort McPherson	80-81	88,679	25,665	104	247	12,741	46	277
	81-82	57,222	7,930	33	240	14,241	52	274
	82-83	72,350	7,482	32	234	9,889	31	319
	83-84	86,664	10,301	44	234	9,893	31	319
	84-85	65,513	15,603	52	300	9,420	34	277
Arctic Red River	80-81	3,165	2,136	7	305	124	1	124
	81-82	8,315	1,476	6	246	256	3	85
	82-83	10,188	783	3	261	573	3	191
	83-84	11,923	135	1	135	678	3	226
	84-85	9,199	1,185	5	237	-	-	-
Tuktoyaktuk	80-81	96,681	17,535	69	254	8,453	37	228
	81-82	102,369	17,028	62	275	5,037	24	210
	82-83	126,549	21,262	79	269	6,206	27	230
	83-84	136,407	30,860	113	273	2,858	10	286
	84-85	111,966	27,331	104	263	4,964	15	331
Sachs Harbour	80-81	18,429	-	-	-	220	1	220
	81-82	18,339	976	3	325	501	2	251
	82-83	23,733	-	-	-	3,956	9	440
	83-84	19,851	220	1	220	2,570	9	286
	84-85	23,430	-	-	-	172	1	172

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Paulatuk	80-81	27,267	7,245	19	381	2,933	7	419
	81-82	84,073	29,695	94	316	12,752	24	531
	82-83	104,274	51,328	115	446	7,165	18	398
	83-84	54,232	28,512	46	620	-	-	-
	84-85	69,427	35,170	47	748	2,691	5	538
Norman Wells	80-81	5,645	508	2	254	140	5	28
	81-82	7,228	2,681	9	298	1,327	7	190
	82-83	8,657	3,519	13	271	1,559	13	120
	83-84	17,368	7,662	11	697	617	3	206
	84-85	23,917	2,132	8	267	2,825	9	314
Fort Norman	80-81	51,586	8,510	30	284	10,750	30	358
	81-82	43,493	13,182	39	338	5,675	18	315
	82-83	37,425	5,684	18	316	4,656	18	259
	83-84	31,856	6,428	18	357	3,959	16	247
	84-85	17,516	2,647	9	294	814	3	271
Fort Good Hope	80-81	170,174	7,565	28	270	7,690	30	256
	81-82	230,775	54,569	153	357	11,614	41	283
	82-83	238,843	72,217	188	384	21,560	71	304
	83-84	266,753	68,338	168	407	25,701	87	295
	84-85	255,330	51,651	133	388	27,720	85	326
Fort Franklin	80-81	148,968	28,256	67	422	48,996	152	322
	81-82	189,462	99,021	250	396	27,659	95	291
	82-83	216,904	113,928	234	487	39,160	109	359
	83-84	202,949	107,970	225	480	19,001	78	244
	84-85	190,507	104,258	224	465	11,003	47	234
Colville Lake	80-81	3,928	-	-	-	-	-	-
	81-82	6,089	1,775	6	296	407	1	407
	82-83	9,875	6,606	16	413	117	1	117
	83-84	27,767	8,601	18	478	303	1	303
	84-85	21,905	5,588	20	279	663	3	221
BAFFIN REGION								
Igloolik	80-81	138,307	13,966	38	368	58,556	219	269
	81-82	157,153	14,882	45	331	74,309	256	290
	82-83	242,141	53,331	121	441	102,355	227	451
	83-84	295,340	150,393	381	395	48,436	116	418
	84-85	290,694	89,295	207	431	122,557	274	447

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Hall Beach	80-81	51,517	5,990	31	193	12,202	43	284
	81-82	63,875	1,534	7	219	17,887	59	303
	82-83	83,620	8,253	22	375	17,812	39	457
	83-84	130,769	56,503	118	523	20,113	44	457
	84-85	172,359	77,412	189	410	13,067	32	408
Pond Inlet	80-81	94,240	6,327	29	218	11,554	34	340
	81-82	94,992	3,683	15	246	2,880	14	206
	82-83	116,283	24,702	77	321	16,718	56	299
	83-84	143,315	43,185	129	335	8,738	23	380
	84-85	137,456	24,747	84	295	9,257	26	356
Clyde River	80-81	103,606	31,040	92	337	26,932	82	328
	81-82	134,839	23,226	83	280	55,466	147	377
	82-83	158,801	52,220	150	348	45,053	136	331
	83-84	184,519	54,002	170	505	50,057	113	443
	84-85	181,790	82,488	235	351	32,405	86	377
Arctic Bay	80-81	44,081	2,592	10	252	11,210	40	280
	81-82	55,460	5,564	22	254	6,585	28	235
	82-83	50,030	3,703	15	247	5,604	18	311
	83-84	74,186	18,273	53	348	8,001	23	349
	84-85	66,309	18,340	59	311	18,940	50	379
Resolute Bay	80-81	17,736	2,360	8	295	2,527	9	281
	81-82	14,672	3,507	10	351	1,882	8	235
	82-83	22,656	2,149	7	307	3,075	9	342
	83-84	31,418	7,766	16	485	1,919	7	274
	84-85	18,435	3,829	11	348	792	2	396
Grise Fiord	80-81	7,233	2,462	10	246	676	2	338
	81-82	14,211	8,025	23	349	548	4	137
	82-83	13,113	3,820	16	239	1,654	10	165
	83-84	32,122	6,307	26	243	1,881	9	209
	84-85	50,318	12,563	43	292	3,457	12	288
Lake Harbour	80-81	19,166	4,983	40	125	6,045	53	114
	81-82	24,825	11,937	76	157	6,316	49	129
	82-83	38,453	6,130	33	186	17,518	92	190
	83-84	51,092	13,757	71	194	22,169	106	105
	84-85	60,080	15,922	75	212	19,434	69	282

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Cape Dorset	80-81	253,577	61,273	239	256	75,599	241	314
	81-82	224,873	48,590	201	242	67,555	242	279
	82-83	322,093	79,799	257	311	124,695	312	400
	83-84	286,846	79,865	277	288	115,750	327	354
	84-85	310,444	96,787	332	292	121,884	330	369
Pangnirtung	80-81	237,653	48,423	187	259	32,731	142	231
	81-82	333,554	143,526	497	289	14,402	55	262
	82-83	325,336	154,920	515	301	16,499	57	289
	83-84	310,498	135,313	469	289	13,319	52	256
	84-85	347,745	129,673	388	334	23,127	75	308
Broughton Island	80-81	88,761	21,085	87	242	28,139	111	254
	81-82	101,017	29,669	130	228	15,910	55	289
	82-83	117,042	11,497	60	192	14,690	50	294
	83-84	78,162	4,332	21	206	5,990	21	285
	84-85	110,239	10,867	48	226	12,460	45	277
Sanikiluaq	80-81	122,478	29,662	111	267	77,263	250	309
	81-82	161,524	52,373	240	218	76,190	246	310
	82-83	251,837	44,798	175	256	142,709	456	313
	83-84	212,626	7,780	25	311	45,966	153	300
	84-85	279,787	24,572	62	396	78,856	181	436
Frobisher Bay	80-81	405,214	87,611	426	206	57,322	278	206
	81-82	543,273	101,806	523	195	100,026	443	226
	82-83	566,559	93,833	430	218	112,514	434	259
	83-84	592,261	126,162	486	260	100,649	380	265
	84-85	599,091	143,119	533	269	103,055	412	250
KEEWATIN REGION								
Chesterfield Inlet	80-81	71,435	33,975	95	358	10,514	26	404
	81-82	60,038	32,048	102	314	8,706	31	281
	82-83	83,640	37,949	90	422	10,430	24	435
	83-84	69,377	34,949	81	431	14,736	34	433
	84-85	72,398	47,798	98	488	11,140	28	398
Baker Lake	80-81	310,687	134,494	424	317	93,850	322	291
	81-82	404,428	200,440	552	363	133,689	349	383
	82-83	423,063	228,135	508	449	101,179	249	406
	83-84	491,940	260,583	536	486	90,331	223	405
	84-85	427,654	189,688	410	463	128,846	349	369

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Coral Harbour	80-81	165,976	95,945	215	446	13,049	31	421
	81-82	142,337	71,062	182	390	12,029	35	344
	82-83	207,261	121,996	282	433	8,129	21	387
	83-84	255,305	152,024	306	497	22,823	53	431
	84-85	179,113	101,579	227	447	22,745	57	399
Repulse Bay	80-81	87,545	54,901	129	426	15,034	37	406
	81-82	109,270	61,743	139	444	14,309	34	421
	82-83	200,092	72,265	126	574	67,182	114	589
	83-84	216,617	60,400	108	559	79,275	145	547
	84-85	224,780	80,321	168	478	83,260	144	578
Eskimo Point	80-81	340,744	267,623	788	340	11,850	51	232
	81-82	431,043	331,514	756	439	44,216	129	343
	82-83	348,245	214,310	487	440	60,377	166	364
	83-84	481,771	253,634	502	505	123,171	275	450
	84-85	446,137	168,231	361	466	146,254	312	469
Whale Cove	80-81	48,248	25,346	59	430	2,631	9	292
	81-82	60,073	38,910	93	418	7,076	16	442
	82-83	69,051	48,694	93	524	8,269	21	394
	83-84	53,773	36,094	75	481	5,795	18	322
	84-85	77,251	45,572	105	434	7,429	22	338
Rankin Inlet	80-81	201,687	116,464	288	404	27,374	97	282
	81-82	248,494	141,820	345	411	34,227	117	293
	82-83	323,566	216,337	445	486	36,400	109	334
	83-84	366,211	262,653	536	490	50,316	156	323
	84-85	340,052	239,488	551	435	48,261	126	383
KITIKMEOT REGION								
Holman	80-81	35,516	5,037	15	336	10,021	28	358
	81-82	31,303	4,043	12	337	6,820	20	341
	82-83	27,084	2,845	9	316	1,148	4	287
	83-84	30,592	7,080	15	472	369	2	185
	84-85	35,942	5,889	15	393	1,173	5	235
Cambridge Bay	80-81	226,511	40,225	135	298	24,331	104	234
	81-82	258,336	39,906	156	256	23,453	97	242
	82-83	217,718	33,747	119	284	35,205	142	248
	83-84	138,346	15,110	87	174	16,771	102	164
	84-85	210,095	43,049	56	769	14,936	96	156

TABLE 5: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) ECONOMIC CATEGORIES
BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1980-85

COMMUNITY		SA EXPENDITURE	SA UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE	SA NOT ENOUGH INCOME	CASE (NO.)	AVERAGE SA/CASE
Coppermine	80-81	229,818	61,363	196	313	74,030	260	285
	81-82	184,330	35,747	148	242	61,982	242	256
	82-83	175,577	47,185	159	267	4,720	17	278
	83-84	172,395	43,259	134	323	3,818	13	294
	84-85	209,261	54,381	162	336	6,759	20	338
Bathurst Inlet	80-81	31,006	2,320	3	773	580	1	580
	81-82	34,489	398	2	199	3,516	3	1,172
	82-83	56,829	-	-	424	2,323	8	290
	83-84	17,298	848	2	-	2,746	7	392
	84-85	9,245	748	4	187	600	1	600
Gjoa Haven	80-81	287,052	147,783	253	584	70,587	183	386
	81-82	129,975	23,367	63	371	58,982	172	343
	82-83	173,926	51,414	119	432	40,151	115	349
	83-84	237,000	69,850	153	457	51,567	144	358
	84-85	194,267	59,242	146	406	37,829	117	323
Spence Bay	80-81	223,793	118,891	261	456	29,538	88	336
	81-82	197,608	47,982	100	480	82,530	205	403
	82-83	243,036	75,847	176	431	65,559	164	400
	83-84	220,663	77,621	190	409	38,989	115	340
	84-85	211,789	87,322	205	426	34,190	107	320
Pelly Bay	80-81	43,238	21,240	54	393	12,421	33	376
	81-82	32,079	10,349	30	345	12,758	49	360
	82-83	55,865	19,704	47	419	11,029	25	441
	83-84	59,471	23,716	48	494	4,329	16	271
	84-85	51,386	15,105	34	444	10,106	34	297

SECTION III - SENIOR CITIZENS SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFIT

There are almost 3,000 people over the age of 60 in the Northwest Territories, in a population of almost 52,000. This is approximately 2% of the population. In Canada, people over 60 years of age make up 10.2% of the population.

Yellowknife has the lowest population of senior citizens of any region (0.9%) and Fort Smith has the highest (3.2%).

Senior citizens who receive the Federal Guaranteed Income Supplement or the Spouse's Allowance are paid a supplementary benefit by the Government of the Northwest Territories.

Yellowknife also has the lowest proportion of its senior citizens who qualify for the senior citizens' supplementary benefit (22.4%); Inuvik has the highest (52.4%).

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ᓄᓇᑦ ᓱᐊᖅᑎ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᐅᓄᖅᓂᖃᖅᓯᑦ ᖃᓄᐅᕐᓴᓐᓂ 3,000 ᐅᑭᐅᖃᖅᑐᑦ 60-ᐅᖅᑕᓄᑦ ᐅᓄᖅᓂᕐᑕ ᓄᓇᑦ ᓱᐊᓕᒫᖅᑎᑦ ᑕᒪᐃᓐᓂᒃ 52,000-ᓴᓗ ᓄᑎᒃ. ᐃᒃᓯᖅ ᑕᐅᓕᒃ ᑐᑦ 2%-ᖃᓄᐅᔨᓂᖅᑐᑦ. ᑲᓇᑕᒥ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᖅᑐᑦ 60-ᐅᖅᑕᓄᑦ 10.2% ᓴᓗᓄ-ᐊᖅ ᓄᑎᒃ.

ᑲᓇᐃᖅᑎᑦ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᐅᓄᖅᓂᕐᑕ ᐱᑭᓐᓂᖅ ᕿᓴᓕᑦ (0.9%) ᐊᒃᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᐅᓄᖅᓂᕐᑕ ᐳᐊᑦᓱᒥᑎᑦᑎᐅᓂ ᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᕿᓴᓕᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ (3.2%)-ᓴᓗ ᓄᑎᒃ.

ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᑲᖅ ᒡᑎᓕᒃ ᑕᕐᑕ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᖅ ᒪᕿᒪᖅ ᑯᕐᓐᓂᓕᒃ ᐊᑭᓕᖅ ᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᓕᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᓄᑦ ᐅᖅᓱᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᐃᖅ ᐸᑎᓴᐅᓱᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᑲᖅ ᒡᑎᓕᒃ ᑕᕐᑕ ᐃᓕᑎᐊᖅᑐᐅᑎᓴᐅᑎᖅ ᓄᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᑦ ᓱᐊᖅ ᒪᕿᒪᖅ ᑯᕐᓐᓂᓕᒃ.

ᑲᓇᐃᖅᑎᐅᑦ ᑕᐅᖅ ᐅᓄᕐᓂᖅ ᕿᓴᓕᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐃᑦ ᐃᒃᓯᓱᐊᑎ-ᕈᒃ ᑕᕐᑕᓂᒃ ᐃᒃᓯᓱᐊᖅ ᕿᒃ ᐳᑦ (22.4%)-ᒥᒃ ᐊᒪᒪ ᐃᓅᓚᑦᑎ ᐅᓄᖅ ᓂᑦ ᕿᓴᓕᒃ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐃᒃᓯᓱᐊᖅ ᕿᒃ ᑐᑦ (52.4%).

TABLE 6: SENIOR CITIZENS' SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFIT BY COMMUNITIES AND REGIONS, 1984-85

ᐃᓄᒃᑯᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᓕᕐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᕐᓗᓂᖏᓐᓇ, 1984-85: ᑲᕗᑦ ᐃᓄᒃᑯᐃᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᑦ 60 ᐅᖃᓕᓂᓗᓐᓂᑦ ᐱᓇᐅᔭᕐᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᖏᓐᓂ.

Senior Citizens who receive the Federal Guaranteed Income Supplement or the Spouse's Allowance are paid a supplementary benefit by the Government of the Northwest Territories. The benefit was $75.00 during the fiscal year from March 1984 until January 1985. It was increased in February 1985 to $85.00.

Table 6 shows the total number of benefits paid in 1984-85. Some recipients will have become eligible through the year and will not have received the twelve monthly benefits for the year totalling $920.00 (that is, 10 x $75.00 plus 2 x $85.00).

The table also shows the number of people in the community who are over 60, and the percentage of this group which gets the Senior Citizens' Supplementary Benefit.

Source: Department of Social Services, Bureau of Statistics; Government of the Northwest Territories

TABLE 6: SENIOR CITIZENS' SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFITS BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1984-85

COMMUNITY AND REGION	TOTAL RECIPIENTS (1984-85)	TOTAL EXPENDITURE SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFITS (1984-85)	AVERAGE NO. OF RECIPIENTS PER MONTH	PROJECTED POPULATION TOTALS (1985)	NO. OF PERSONS OVER THE AGE OF 60 IN THE COMMUNITY	% OF COMMUNITY RECEIVING SENIOR CITIZEN BENEFITS	% OF PERSONS OVER THE AGE OF 60 RECEIVING BENEFITS
NWT TOTAL	13,631	1,045,385	1,136	51,637	2,640	2.2	43.0
REGIONAL TOTALS:							
YELLOWKNIFE	1,153	88,285	96	11,211	429	0.9	22.4
FORT SMITH	6,759	518,165	563	17,618	1,640	3.2	34.3
INUVIK	2,965	227,465	247	8,614	463	2.9	53.4
BAFFIN	1,728	132,660	144	9,425	344	1.5	41.9
KEEWATIN	1,021	78,265	85	4,768	191	1.8	44.5
KITIKMEOT	(Included in Fort Smith Regional Totals)						
YELLOWKNIFE AREA							
Yellowknife	1151	88,285	96	11,057	429	0.9	22.4
FORT SMITH REGION							
Fort Smith	979	75,095	82	2,439	184	3.4	44.6
Snowdrift	175	13,445	15	265	22	5.7	68.2
Reliance	248	18,870	21	230	-	9.1	-
Fort Simpson	667	51,095	56	1,057	71	5.3	78.9
Fort Liard	195	14,985	16	437	30	3.7	53.3
Fort Wrigley	224	17,200	19	151	21	12.6	90.5
Fort Resolution	364	27,800	30	499	66	6.0	45.5
Pine Point	53	4,075	4	1,956	35	0.2	11.4
Hay River	958	73,440	80	3,248	215	2.5	37.2
Fort Providence	361	27,685	30	663	48	4.5	62.5
Hay River Reserve	42	3,210	4	-	-	-	-
Rae-Edzo	1156	88,590	96	1,547	137	6.2	70.1
INUVIK REGION							
Inuvik	376	28,870	31	3,767	98	0.8	31.6
Aklavik	402	30,830	34	801	51	4.2	66.7
Fort McPherson	508	38,990	42	689	43	6.1	97.7
Arctic Red River	121	9,275	10	125	17	8.0	58.8
Tuktoyaktuk	281	21,575	23	895	59	2.6	39.0
Sachs Harbour	57	4,375	5	180	10	2.8	50.0
Norman Wells	39	2,985	3	512	15	0.6	20.0

TABLE 6: SENIOR CITIZENS' SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFITS BY COMMUNITIES & REGIONS, 1984-85

COMMUNITY AND REGION	TOTAL RECIPIENTS (1984-85)	TOTAL EXPENDITURE SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFITS (1984-85)	AVERAGE NO. OF RECIPIENTS PER MONTH	PROJECTED POPULATION TOTALS (1985)	NO. OF PERSONS OVER THE AGE OF 60 IN THE COMMUNITY	% OF COMMUNITY RECEIVING SENIOR CITIZEN BENEFITS	% OF PERSONS OVER THE AGE OF 60 RECEIVING BENEFITS
Fort Norman	263	20,155	22	285	35	7.7	62.9
Fort Good Hope	546	41,890	46	524	53	8.8	86.8
Fort Franklin	372	28,520	31	571	53	5.4	58.5
BAFFIN REGION							
Igloolik	164	12,580	14	823	36	1.7	38.9
Hall Beach	108	8,280	9	381	15	2.4	60.0
Pond Inlet	120	9,240	10	790	28	1.3	35.7
Clyde River	85	6,535	7	514	14	1.4	50.0
Arctic Bay	83	6,385	7	415	9	1.7	77.8
Resolute Bay	24	1,840	2	170	7	1.2	28.6
Grise Fiord	16	1,220	1	152	5	0.7	20.0
Lake Harbour	69	5,295	6	276	9	2.2	66.7
Cape Dorset	203	15,515	17	879	37	1.9	45.9
Pangnirtung	290	22,220	24	935	44	2.6	54.5
Broughton Island	156	12,165	13	447	19	2.9	68.4
Sanikiluaq	121	9,255	10	430	26	2.3	38.5
Frobisher Bay	268	22,130	22	2,739	82	0.8	26.8
KEEWATIN REGION							
Chesterfield Inlet	121	9,245	10	239	12	4.2	83.3
Baker Lake	277	23,190	23	1,041	41	2.2	56.1
Coral Harbour	89	6,815	7	444	15	1.6	46.7
Repulse Bay	72	5,520	6	391	13	1.5	46.2
Eskimo Point	282	21,570	24	1136	47	2.1	51.1
Whale Cove	69	5,335	6	210	16	2.9	37.5
Rankin Inlet	86	6,590	7	1,279	49	0.5	14.3
KITIKMEOT REGION							
Holman Island	167	12,805	14	355	21	3.9	66.7
Cambridge Bay	208	15,960	17	924	40	1.8	42.5
Coppermine	455	34,985	38	925	63	4.1	60.3
Gjoa Haven	177	13,595	15	618	32	2.4	46.9
Spence Bay	163	12,525	14	474	27	3.0	51.9
Pelly Bay	130	9,950	11	292	16	3.8	68.8

SECTION IV - DAY-CARE

Day-care in the Northwest Territories operates chiefly in the larger centres: Yellowknife, Fort Smith, Hay River and Inuvik. In 1983-84 the Yellowknife, Fort Smith and Inuvik Regions used 94% of the total day-care expenditure.

Day-care expenditures in 1983-84 were 20% lower than in 1980-81. The average number of day-care recipients per month dropped from 42 to 37 in the same period.

Persons who require a day-care subsidy must apply under the social assistance program. Direct subsidies to day-care centres are not given.

Expenditures for day-care in 1980-81 were $154,000 which was 2% of total social assistance; in 1983-84 day-care subsidies dropped to $123,000, which was just over 1% of social assistance expenditures.

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ᐸᐃᑎᖅᓴᑦ ᐊᖏᓂᖅ ᓴᓂ ᐊᐅᓕᓂᖅᑐᖅᓂᖅ ᓂᕆᐅᖅ >ᑦ ᓄᓇᒥᖅᓂ: ᑲᔪᓇᐃᖅᒥ, ᑐᐊᑦ ᓯᒥᖅᒥ, HΔ ᑎᐅᒥ, ᐊᓚᒐ ᐃᓗᐃᖅᒥ. 1983-84-Γ ᑲᔪᓇᐃᖅᒥᐅᑦ ᑐᐊᑦ ᓯᒥᖅᒥᐅᑦ ᐊᓚᒐ ᐃᓗᐃᖅᒥᐅᑦ ᐊᐃᒃ ᑐᑦ ᓯᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂ ᓄᓇᖅᐅᖅᑦ ᑐᑦ 94%-ᓂᒃ ᐊᑭᓕᐅᑎᒃ ᓴᓂᒃ <ᐃᑎᖅᐃᖅᑕ ᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᓕᐅᖅᑦ >ᑦ.

<ᐃᑎᖅᐃᖅᑕ ᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᖅ ᑕᐅᔨᐃᓂᖅ ᒥᑭᓐᓂᖅ ᓴᐅᓕᐅᖅᑦ >ᑦ 1983-84 ᖃᓕᐅᖅᑦ ᑐᒥ 1980-81-Γ ᐊᖏᓂᖅ ᓴᐅᖅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ. <ᐃᑎᖅᐃᖅᑕ ᐊᖅᑐᖅ ᐊᑐᖅ <ᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐅᓄᖅ ᓂᖅᓱᓕᐅᕐᓄᐊᖅᑦ ᒪᑕ 42-ᓂᒃ ᒪᓐᓇᓕᒥ ᐅᓄᖅ ᓂᖏᓕ 37-ᑐᐃᓐᓇᐅᓕᖅᑦ ᒪᑕ ᑕᓵᑭᖅᑦ ᒧᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᖅ ᒧᑦ ᐊᖅᑭᑭᑕᐅᖅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ.

ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊ <ᐃᑎᖅᐃᖅᑕ ᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖏᑎᐊᖏᖅᑐᖅᓂ ᑐᒃ ᓯᕐᓂᑎᐊᖏᖅᑐᖅᓂᕐᑦ ᒪᑕ ᐊᓯᖅᓵᖅᑐᖅᓂ ᐃᑲᖅᑐᖅᑕᐅᒪᓂᖅ. ᑕᐃᑯᓘᖅᑕᓗᒃ <ᐃᑎᖅᐃᖅᑕ ᓄᑦ ᒧᑦ ᐅᓂᒃᑳᖅᑐᖅᓂᒃᑐᖅᑕᐅᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᓂᖅ ᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᖅᑐᖅᑕᐅᒪᓂᖅ ᑐᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᐅᓂᖅ ᒧᑦ.

ᐊᑭᓕᐅᑎᒃ <ᐃᑎᖅᐃᖅᑕ ᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᖅ ᑕᐅᔨᐃᓂᖅ ᑐᑦ 1980-81-Γ $154,000-ᖃᓕᐅᖅᑦ >ᑦ ᐊᖅᑭᑭᑕ ᑐᓂ ᐃᑲᖅᑐᖅᑕᐅᒪᓂᖅ ᑐᓂ ᐸᐃᑦᑕᐅᖅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ 2%; 1983-84-Γᓂ <ᐃᑎᖅᐃᖅᑕ ᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᐅᑎᒃ ᐊᑐᖅᑕᐅᖅᑦ ᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᔨᐃᓂᖅ ᑐᒃ ᓂᕆᔨᐊᓕᐅᖅᑦ >ᑦ ᐅᓄᖅ ᓂᖅᓱᓂᖅ ᓄᑎᒃ $123,000 Γᒃ, ᐱᖅ ᑕᐅᓂᖓ ᐊᖅᑭᑭᑕ ᑐᓂ ᐃᑲᖅᑐᖅᑕᐅᒪᓂᖅ ᑐᓂ 1%-Γᒃ ᐅᓄᖅ ᓂᖅᓱᓂᖅ ᓄᓂ.

TABLE 7: DAY CARE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY REGION, 1980-84

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓄᑦᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᓴᓪᓗᐊᓂᒃ ᐸᐃᓚᐱᖅᑎᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᑐᐊᓂ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᐊᓘᑐᐱᓐᓂ, 1980-84: ᖃᓄᐃᓂ ᐃᓄᐃᓂ ᐃᑲᓴᓪᓗᐊᖑᓪᓚᕆᓂᒃ ᑕᑭᑕᒪᑦ ᐸᐃᓚᐱᖓᓂᓕᕆᓂᖅ

Table 7 shows the number of "cases" receiving social assistance to pay for day-care (wholly or partially). A "case" is a person who gets assistance in any one month. A person who gets assistance during two months would be two "cases".

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories

REGION	YEAR	EXPENDITURES	CASES (NO.)	SA PER CASE
TOTAL NWT	1980-81	154,219	504	305
	81-82	159,662	560	285
	82-83	125,946	450	280
	83-84	122,948	444	277
YELLOWKNIFE	1980-81	85,747	216	396
	81-82	62,679	196	320
	82-83	51,530	164	314
	83-84	53,190	150	355
FORT SMITH	1980-81	48,414	200	242
	81-82	53,707	176	305
	82-83	44,563	153	291
	83-84	44,547	196	227
INUVIK	1980-81	15,825	64	247
	81-82	38,153	159	240
	82-83	22,893	99	231
	83-84	19,536	72	271
BAFFIN	1980-81	2,840	14	202
	81-82	2,462	12	205
	82-83	4,008	16	251
	83-84	169	4	42
KEEWATIN	1980-81	968	6	161
	81-82	2,425	13	187
	82-83	543	5	109
	83-84	1,442	9	160
KITIKMEOT	1980-81	395	3	131
	81-82	228	3	76
	82-83	2,409	13	185
	83-84	4,064	13	313

SECTION V - THE UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons in the Northwest Territories who receive social assistance typically do not qualify for unemployment insurance, or their unemployment benefits have expired, or they are waiting for their unemployment cheque to arrive.

The age group which has the largest proportionate unemployment is the 50-60 year olds; next is the 20-29 year olds. These age groups represent the older people who are oriented to living off the land and are not trained for the wage economy, and younger people who cannot find jobs.

The education level of unemployed people over 40 who receive social assistance is very low. Only 22% have received five years of formal education. Persons between 20-29 years are much betted educated; 90% have five years of formal education. But only 21% have ten years; only 6% have completed twelve years; 1% have post-secondary education.

Young people appear to be in a precarious position; they are typically unprepared for a life of hunting and trapping, and they tend to lack the education to qualify them for jobs in the wage economy.

There is a slightly higher percentage of people in the 30-39 age group who have ten to twelve years of education than those 20-29 years of age, and an almost equal record in post-secondary education.

Younger unemployed persons tend to need social assistance only for a short period of time. Of the people between 20 and 39 years of age, 25% approximately need assistance for more than four months in the year. Of those betweeen 40 and 64 years, over 40% need assistance for more than four months, and 25% approximately need help for seven or more months.

ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃ ᑐᑦ

ᓄᓇᑦ ᓯᐊᖅ ᒥᐅᑦ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᖅ ᑐᓕᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᑯᓘᓂᒃ ᐃᒃᓱᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐱᑎᓂᒃ ᐊᐅᓂᖅ ᐊᓪᓚᖅ ᐸᒃ ᐅᑦᓱᓐᓂᒃ ᐅᑦ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓯᐅᑎᓕᐅᕐᓇᑦ ᓯᓕᐅᔪᑎᒃ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᐅᕐᓂᖅ ᐸᒃ ᐅᓪᓚᓐᓇ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓯᐅᑎᒥᓂᖅ ᐹᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᓴᖅ ᒥᓂᖅ ᐊᐅᓂᐊᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐅᑕᕐᓂᒃ ᐸᒃ .

ᐅᑭᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐅᓄᑦ ᓂᑦ ᓱᓕᔪᐅᑦ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ 50-ᒥᑦ 60-ᒧᑦ ; ᑐᒃ ᓕᑎᕆᐅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᓯᑦ 20-29-ᓂᒃ . ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊ ᐊᖏᓴᒃ ᓯᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᒃ ᑕᒪᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᐊᐅᓂᐊᑦ ᑎᑕᐅᓯᒪᔪᒪᒃ ᒪᑕ ᐊᓪᓚᖅ ᓄᓇᓕᓂᒃ ᓂᑦ ᐊᐅᑦᓱᓐᓂᒃ ᓯᓕᐅᔪᑎᒃ ᒪᑕ ᓄᓇᕋᓱᐊᓕᐊᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ , ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊᓕ ᒪᒃ ᑯᑦ ᓂᑦ ᓴᓇᒃ ᓴᖏᓂᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑦ .

ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓕᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᑦ 40 ᐅᖃᒧᓕᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᖅ ᓴᖅ ᑐᓕᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᑯᓘᓂᒃ ᐃᒃᓱᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᐊᖅ ᓯᐊᓂᖅ ᒪᑎᖏᑦ ᑕᑦ ᐅᓪᓚᖅ . 22% ᑐᐃᓐᓇᐃᓕᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᖏᓐᓄᐅᑦ ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᓂᒃ ᑕᑦᓕᒪᐃᓐᓇᓂᒃ . ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊᓕ ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᖏᑦ ᑐᑦ 20-ᒥᑦ 29-ᒧᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᓴᖅ ᐅᑭᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᑦ 90% ᒥᔨᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᓂᒃ ᑕᑦᓕᒪᓂᒃ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐹᓯᐊᓂ 21% ᑐᐃᓐᓇᐃᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᓂᒃ ᖁᓕᓂᒃ ; ᐊᓪᓚᖅ 6%-ᓱᓕᑦ ᓴᖅᓂᖏᓂᒃ 12-ᒧᑦ ᑎᑭᑦᑐᒍ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ; 1% ᑐᐃᓐᓇᐃᓕᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᓄ ᓯᓕᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓴᖅ ᐃᓱᒪᓕ ᒧᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᐊᖅ ᐃᓱᒪᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ .

ᒪᒃ ᑯᓘᓂᒃ ᒪᓐᓇᐃᓕᐅᕐᓂᒃ ᐃᓐᓇᖁᓯᑦᑐᒃ ᐊᖁᓂᑎᒥᑦ ᑐᒪᒪᐃᑦ ᒪᒃ ᐊᑐᓯᓂᖅ ᓯᓂᑦ ᒥᑦ ᓄ ᐹᒃᖃᓕᑦ ᓯᓕᐊᑦ ᓂᑦ ᒥᑦ ᓄ ᖃᐅᔨᒪᔭᖃᓕᐅᕐᓂᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᖅ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᒪᑦᓯᓕᐅᕐᓂᒃ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ .

ᒪᒃ ᑯᐃ ᓂᑦ ᓴᖅᑎᐃᑦ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ ᖃᓪᓚᒥ ᑎᑭᐅᓂᖅᓴᖅ ᐃᑲᓗᐊᖅ ᐅᑦᓱᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᓪᓚᖅ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ .

ᐅᑭᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᑦ 30-39-ᒧᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᖁᓕᐅᔭᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᑦᓂ 20-29-ᓂᒃ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᓴᒪᔭᒃ ᐅᑦ ᖁᓕᐅᔭᑦ ᖁᓕᓂᓕ ᒪᑦ ᑭᓴᓕᔭᒃ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐃᓱᐃᓐᓂ ᐊᓪᓚᖅ ᐊᓐᓄᓐᓂᔭᓕᐊᑦ ᓴᓇᓕᒻᒥᒃ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ .

ᒪᒃ ᑯᓘᓂᒃ ᓴᖅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᒪᒥᑦᓂᖅᓴᖅ ᐃᒃᓱᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᓐᓂᐊᓐᓂᓯᒪᑦ ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊ 20ᖅ ᓂᑦ 39-ᒧᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᑦ 25-ᖅ-ᓂᑦ ᐃᒃᓱᓯᐊᓂᐊᖏᓐᓄᐅᑦ ᑕᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᑎ ᑕᓐᓄᑦ ᓂᑦ . ᑕᓐᓄᑦᓯ ᓯᑕᒪᑦ ᐅᖃᒧᓕᒃ ᐃᒃᓱᓯᐊᓂᐊᖏᓐᓄᐅᑦ ᑕᑦ ᓴᖅ ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊ ᐅᑭᐅᖏᑦ ᑐᑦ 40-ᒥᑦ 64-ᒧᑦ 40% ᐅᖃᒧᓕᒃ ᓯᒪᖏᓐᓄᐅᑦ ᑕᑦ ᓴᖅ 25% ᖁᓂᒥᔨᓂ ᑕᓐᓄᑦ 7-ᓄᒃ ᐃᒃᓱᓯᐊᓂᐊᓐᓂᒃ ᑎᒍᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐃᓅᓪᓗᐊᑦᑎᐊᓕᒃᖢᑦ ᑐᑦ 7 ᐅᖃᒧᓕᒃ ᓴᓇᓕᒻᒥᒃ .

TABLE 8: UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND EDUCATION, 1984-85

Unemployed persons who are able to work but cannot find employment and do not have Unemployment Insurance represent 33% of the total welfare caseload. (See Pie Chart 7B, page 92, Table 17, page 83,) Whether a person gets a job depends on his or her education, age and the availablity jobs.

Table 8A shows the number of "unemployed but able" persons in the NWT in 1984-85 who received social assistance, by age groups between 15 and 65. The total population in these age groups in the NWT is also shown, and the percentage which needs social assistance.

Table 8B shows the education level reached by the "unemployed but able" in various age groups. The numbers given in each age group refer to the percentage of that group which has had a particular number of years of education. For example, 1.5% of those between the age of 20 and 29 have received four years of education.

Table 8C shows the education level reached by the "unemployed but able" in various age groups as a cumulative percentage of the group. For example, 95.4% of those between 20 and 29 years of age have received at least one year of education while only 21.3% have received at least ten years of education.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories.

ᐃᓐᓇᐃᔨᖏᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᔨᕐᓇᖅᑐᑦᑎᓪᓗᒍ: ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒡᓚᖏᑦᓴᓂᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃᓴᓄᑦ ᐃᓱᒪᓕᐊᑦᑎᓂᒃᓴᓄᑦ ᐊᑦᑎᒍᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ, 1984-85: ᐃᓐᓇᐃᔨᖏᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᔨᕐᓇᖅᑐᑦᑎᓪᓗᒍ ᓄᓕᕐᕕᐅᓇᖏᓐᓇᖅ, ᐊᑦᑎᒍᑎᓄᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

TABLE 8: UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND EDUCATION, 1984-85

TABLE 8A: "UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE" AS A PERCENT OF POPULATION, BY AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	TOTAL UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE PERSONS	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	% OF POPULATION UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE
15 - 19	191	5,409	3.5
20 - 29	1,007	10,066	10.0
30 - 39	554	8,465	6.5
40 - 49	425	4,742	9.0
50 - 64	513	4,156	12.3
65 +	36	1,622	2.2
TOTAL	2,726	34,460	7.9

TABLE 8B: YEARS OF EDUCATION OF "UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE" RECIPIENTS, BY AGE GROUP, AS A PERCENTAGE (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	YEARS OF EDUCATION													
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Post
Under 20	15.2	4.2	-	-	2.1	5.2	8.4	10.5	23.6	23.6	5.2	0.5	1.6	-
20 - 29	4.7	2.0	0.8	0.9	1.5	4.5	9.6	14.3	21.9	18.6	11.1	4.0	4.9	1.3
30 - 39	4.5	16.4	1.6	3.6	7.4	5.1	9.9	7.4	12.3	8.1	11.7	3.6	7.2	1.1
40 - 64	11.2	34.1	4.1	3.1	25.3	3.9	5.0	2.3	3.1	2.6	2.1	0.5	1.8	0.9

TABLE 8C: PERCENT OF "UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE" BY YEARS OF EDUCATION (CUMULATIVELY) AND AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	YEARS OF EDUCATION													
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Post
Under 20	100.0	84.9	80.7	80.7	80.7	78.6	73.4	65.0	54.5	30.9	7.3	2.1	1.6	0
20 - 29	100.0	95.4	93.4	92.6	91.7	90.2	85.7	76.1	61.8	39.9	21.3	10.2	6.2	1.3
30 - 39	100.0	95.4	79.0	77.4	73.8	66.4	61.3	51.4	44.0	31.7	23.6	11.9	8.3	1.1
40 - 64	100.0	88.8	54.7	50.6	47.5	22.2	18.3	13.3	11.0	7.9	5.3	3.2	2.7	0.9

TABLE 9: UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE, 1984-85

Table 9A shows the number of "Unemployed But Able" persons in the NWT in 1984-85 who received social assistance, by age groups between 15 and 65. The total population in these age groups in the NWT is also shown, and the percentage which needs social assistance.

Table 9B separates the Recipients who get social assistance because they are unemployed into age groups and shows the percentage of each group that has received assistance for one to twelve months. For example, 9.2% of those in age group 20-29 received assistance for four months in 1984-85.

Table 9C shows the cumulative percentage in each age group that has received assistance for at least one month, two months, three months, etc., up to twelve months. For example, 24.5% of those in age group 20-29 received assistance for four or more months in 1984-85.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories.

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TABLE 9: UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE, 1984-85

TABLE 9A: "UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE" AS A PERCENT OF POPULATION, BY AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	TOTAL UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE PERSONS	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	% OF POPULATION UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE
15 - 19	191	5,409	3.5
20 - 29	1,007	10,066	10.0
30 - 39	554	8,465	6.5
40 - 49	425	4,742	9.0
50 - 64	513	4,156	12.3
65 +	36	1,622	2.2
TOTAL	2,726	34,460	7.9

TABLE 9B: MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE OF "UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE" RECIPIENTS, BY AGE GROUP, AS A PERCENTAGE (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	52.4	22.0	11.5	5.8	3.1	3.1	0.5	0.5	-	-	-	1.0
20 - 29	43.1	21.3	11.2	9.2	5.2	3.7	2.2	1.8	1.0	0.9	0.3	0.2
30 - 39	39.7	19.1	13.5	9.2	5.1	4.3	2.5	2.5	1.3	1.8	0.5	0.4
40 - 64	33.3	16.0	12.9	7.6	6.3	6.0	4.5	3.4	3.0	2.7	2.0	2.6

TABLE 9C: PERCENT OF "UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE" BY MONTHS OF ASSISTANCE AND AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	100	47.5	25.5	14.0	8.2	5.1	2.0	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
20 - 29	100	57.0	35.7	24.5	15.3	10.1	6.4	4.2	2.4	1.4	0.5	0.2
30 - 39	100	60.2	41.1	27.6	18.4	13.3	9.0	6.5	4.0	2.7	0.9	0.4
40 - 64	100	68.0	53.6	42.3	36.1	28.9	23.4	18.3	13.8	9.7	5.8	3.5

SECTION VI - THE WORKING POOR

The "working poor" are those people who have full-time, part-time or periodic employment but do not have sufficient monthly income to meet their needs. The age group which is in greatest need proportionately of financial assistance to supplement income is the 40-64 year olds. This reflects the tendency of the group to be oriented toward the hunting and trapping economy and to rely on occassional jobs to earn extra income. Many older people find it difficult to get steady employment.

The education level of the working poor aged 40-64 years is low; 50% have one or no years of education; 82% have four or less; only 4% have ten or more years. The 30-39 year olds have more education; 22% have ten or more years; 27% have four or less; 21% have one or no years.

Young people 20-29 years old tend to have had an education of six to nine years. Only 25% have ten or more years; 45% have nine years; 64% have eight years; 87% have six years. As grade 10 is a minimum entry level for many jobs in the Northwest Territories, the 20-29 years old group may have difficulty in obtaining better or permanent jobs.

The working poor are not heavily dependent on social assistance. Of the 20-29 years old group almost 80% need assistance for only two months or less in the year; of the 30-39 years old group 65% require assistance for two months or less and 77% for three months or less; of the 40-64 years old group 54% require assistance for two months or less and 77% for four months or less.

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ᒪᓂ ᑯᐊ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᑐᑭᓯ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᐳᑦ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᕐᓂᐊᓕᖅ-ᓇᑦ ᐸᑦᓯᑦ ᓄᑎᓂ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᕐᑐᐃᓐᓇᑦ ᓇᑦ ᐸᑎᓂ ᐊ ᐃᒡᓐᓂᒃ ᑯᐊ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦᓯᓚᐅᑦᓯᓄᑎᓂ ᐱᓇᐅᔪᓕᕐᓂᖅ ᓴᒪ ᒪᓂᖃᑦ ᑕᕐᕆᓪᓚ. ᒪᓂ ᑯᐊ ᐱᓇᐅᔪᑎᒍ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑎᐊᖃᓚᐅᑦ ᓂᑦ ᐸᕐᒧᓪᓚᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᖅ ᑐᑭᓯ 40-ᒥᑦ 64-ᒍᑦ. ᑕᐃᒪᓐᓇ ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᒃᑐᑦ ᐊᕐᒧᓇᕐᒪᑦ ᓂᑦ ᒍᑦ ᐱᔪᖃᑦᓭᐊᑦ - ᓂᑦ ᒍᑦᓄ (ᒥᑭᒋᐊᑦ ᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᑦ ᒍᑦ) ᓴᒋᐊᖃᖅᑕᑦ ᑕᑦ ᐅᑭᒪ ᐃᒡᓐᓇᓂᖅ ᓇᑦ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᐸᑦ ᓄᑎᓂ. ᐊᒥᓱᓕᑦ ᐃᓄᑐᖃᐅᓂᑦ ᓴᒋ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᒪᓕᓐᓂᖅ ᑕᑯᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᓴᒋ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᓐᓇᑦ ᓂᐊᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᖅ ᑕᑯᓂᖓ.

ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᖃᑦ ᑐᑭᓯ 40-ᒥᑦ 64-ᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᑦ ᐊᑎᖓᒪᒪᓕ; 50%-ᒥᓵᕐᒥᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃ ᓄᑎᓂ ᐃᓕᒪᑦᓂ ᑭᓱᐊᓂ ᐅᑭᐅᑦᒥᒃ ᐊᑕᐅᓱᑦᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃᑐᐃᓐᓇᑦ ᐳᑦ; 82% ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓱᒪᒪᑦᓯᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃ ᓱᑕᒪᓂᒃ ᖃᓄᐅᔾᔨᓂᓐᓂᑦ; 4% ᔪᓕᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓱᓱᒪᓂᖃᖅᐳᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᖅ ᓴᓕᓂᒃ ᐅᖃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᖅ ᑐᑭᓯ 30-ᒥᑦ 39-ᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓱᒪᒪᑦᓯᓚᐅᕐᓂᒃ ᐳᑦ; 22% ᔪᓕᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃ ᐸᑦ ᐳᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃ ᓴᓕᓂᒃ ᐅᖃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᑦ 27% ᐋᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓱᒪᒪᖃᖅ ᓄᑎᓂ ᓱᑕᒪᓂᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᐊᓂᑦ; 21% ᒥᓵᕐᒥᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃ ᐳᑦ ᐊᑕᐅᓱᑦᒥᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᑦᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓱᒪᒪᖃᖅᐳᑦᓱᒪᓗᒃ ᐳᑦᓗᓐᓂᑦ.

ᒪᓗᒃ ᑯᓗᒃ ᑐᑭᓯᓕᑦ 20-29-ᒍᑦ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃᑐᐃᓐᓇᑦ ᑕᒪᓐ ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᓂᒃ ᐊᑦ ᐃᓇᓕᓚᓂᒃ ᓴᓕᓂᕐᔪᐊᑦ ᑐᒍᑦ ᓄᑎᓂᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᑦ. 25% ᒥᓵᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃ ᓴᓕᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃᑐᐃᓐᓇᑦ ᐅᖃᓕᓐᓂᐊᓂᑦ; 45% ᒥᓵᕐᒥᑦ ᓴᓕᕐᔪᓕᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᒥᒃ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃᑐᐃᓐᓇᑦ; 64% ᐊᑦ ᑲᒍᓂᒃ ᐱᓕᕐᓂᒃ ᐊᑦ ᐃᓇᓕᓚᓂᒃ 87% ᐊᑦ ᐃᓇᓕᓚᓂᒃ; ᑕᐃᒪᓕ ᐃᓕᓐᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᖃᕐᓂᒃ ᑐᑭᓯ ᓴᕐᓂᓕᓚᓂᒃ 10-ᒥᒃ ᓄᓇᑦ ᔪᐊᑦᒥ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᑎᑕᐅᔪᓇᑦ ᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑦᓯᒃ ᑎᑦ ᓄᑎᓂᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖃᖅ ᑐᑭᓯ 20-29-ᒥ ᐃᓗᐊᕕᖏᒃ ᓴᒥᓇᓂᒃ ᐊᓂᔪᑦ ᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑦᓯᒃ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᑎᑕᐅᓱᑦᒥᒃ ᓇᓂᔪᓇᓂᒃ ᐊᓂᔪᑦᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑦᓯᒃ ᓄᑎᓂ.

ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᑐᑭᓯ ᐊᓂᔪᑦᓴᑦ ᑐᑭᓯ ᑕᐃᒪᓐᓕᕐᓂᓐᓄᒃ ᐊᓂᔪᑦᓴᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᒥ ᑎᑭᐅᓂᒃ ᑯᐊ ᐃᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᖅᑐᖃᖅᑐᐃᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ. ᑕᒪᒃ ᑯᐊ ᐅᑭᐅᓂᒃ 20-29-ᒥ ᐃᒃᓂᐊᑦ ᑕᐅᒥᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᑦᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓱᑦᒥᒃ ᑕᖅᑭᓂᒃ ᓱᓕ ᐃᖃᓗᐊᕕᖏᑦ ᐃᒃᓂᐊᑦ ᑕᐅᒥᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑲᑎᒪᔨᓂᒃ 30-39 65% ᒥᓵᕐᒥᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᑦᓯᒃ ᒪᓕᒃᑐᑦᓯᒃ ᐃᒃᓂᐊᑦ ᑕᐅᒥᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᐊᓂᑦ 77% ᔪᓚᑦᓂ ᐃᒃᓂᐊᑦ ᑕᐅᒥᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᓂᒃ ᐱᓕᕐᓂᒃ ᐊᑕᐅᓱᑦᒥᒃ ᑐᑭᓯ 40-ᓂᑦ 64-ᒍᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᑦᒥ ᐃᒃᓂᐊᑦ ᑕᐅᒥᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯ 54%ᔪᓚᑦ ᑕᖅᑭᑦᓯᒃ ᒪᓕᒃᑐᑦᓯᒃ ᑐᑭᓯ ᑐᓴᕐᓂᐊᓂᑦ 77% ᑕᖅᑭᑦᓯᒃ ᖃᓄᐅᔾᔨᓂᓐᓂᑦ.

TABLE 10: NOT ENOUGH INCOME: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND EDUCATION, 1984-85

ᑭᓇᐅᔭᖅᑕᕐᓂᖅ ᓇᓱᓕᓕᒫᓂ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᕐᓇᓐᓂᒃᓴᓂ ᐃᑲᔪᐊᑦᑐᑦᓯᓂᒃ ᐊᕐᕌᕗᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᐊᓕᓂᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ, 1984-85: ᖃᐅᔨ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᕆᔨᓂᐊᖅᑕᕐᓂᖅ ᐊᕐᕌᕗᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᓂ ᐃᑲᔪᐊᑦᑐᖅᑕᓂᖅᓱᓚᖅ.

People who do not have enough income from their employment to pay for their basic needs represent 18.7% of the total welfare caseload. (See Table 17, page 83, and Pie Charts 7, page 92.) This group is referred to often as "the working poor".

Table 10A shows the number of persons in the "not enough income" category in the NWT in 1984-85 who received social assistance, by age groups between 15 and 65. The total population in these age groups in the NWT is also shown and the percentage which needs social assistance.

Table 10B shows the education level reached by those with "not enough income" in the various age groups. The numbers given in each age group refers to the percentage of that group which has had a particular number of years education. For example, 1.7% of those between the age of 20 and 29 have received four years of education.

Table 10C shows the education level reached by those with "not enough income" in various age groups as a cumulative percentage of the group. For example, 97.3% of those between 20 and 29 years of age have received at least one year of education while only 24.8% have received at least ten years of education.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories.

TABLE 10: NOT ENOUGH INCOME: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND EDUCATION, 1984-85

TABLE 10A: "NOT ENOUGH INCOME" AS A PERCENT OF POPULATION, BY AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	TOTAL NOT ENOUGH INCOME PERSONS	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	% OF POP. NOT ENOUGH INCOME
15 - 19	52	5,409	1.0
20 - 29	463	10,066	4.6
30 - 39	387	8,465	4.6
40 - 49	335	4,742	7.1
50 - 64	399	4,156	10.0
65 +	103	1,622	6.4
TOTAL	1,739	34,460	5.0

TABLE 10B: YEARS OF EDUCATION OF "NOT ENOUGH INCOME" RECIPIENTS, BY AGE GROUP, AS A PERCENTAGE (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	YEARS OF EDUCATION													
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Post
Under 20	7.7	3.8	-	-	1.9	1.9	9.6	11.5	21.2	23.1	11.5	3.8	3.8	-
20 - 29	2.6	1.9	0.6	0.4	1.7	5.0	8.9	14.5	19.2	20.3	9.9	6.9	7.8	0.2
30 - 39	5.2	15.8	1.8	3.9	10.6	6.7	8.0	7.5	9.3	8.8	10.3	4.4	5.9	1.8
40 - 64	11.4	39.8	4.0	2.7	24.1	2.7	3.5	2.2	2.0	3.3	1.9	0.7	1.2	0.4

TABLE 10C: PERCENT OF "NOT ENOUGH INCOME" BY YEARS OF EDUCATION (CUMULATIVELY) AND AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	YEARS OF EDUCATION													
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Post
Under 20	100.0	92.1	88.3	88.3	88.3	86.4	84.5	74.9	63.4	42.2	19.1	7.6	3.8	0
20 - 29	100.0	97.3	95.4	94.8	94.4	92.7	87.7	78.8	64.3	45.1	24.8	14.9	8.0	0.2
30 - 39	100.0	94.8	79.0	77.2	73.3	62.7	56.0	48.0	40.5	31.2	22.4	12.1	7.7	1.8
40 - 64	100.0	88.5	48.7	44.7	42.0	17.9	15.2	11.7	9.5	7.5	4.2	2.3	1.6	0.4

TABLE 11: NOT ENOUGH INCOME: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE, 1984-85

Table 11A shows the number of "Not Enough Income" persons in the NWT in 1984-85 who received social assistance, by age groups between 15 and 65. The total population in these age groups in the NWT is also shown, and the percentage which needs social assistance.

Table 11B separates the recipients who get social assistance because they do not have enough income into age groups and shows the percentage of each category that has received assistance for one to twelve months. For example, 4.9% of those in age group 30-39 received assistance for five months in 1984-85.

Table 11C shows the cumulative percentage in each age category that has received assistance for at least one month, two months, three months, etc., up to twelve months. For example, 14% of those in age group 30-39 received assistance for five or more months in 1984-85.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories.

ᑭᓇᐅᔨᖏᑦᑐᖅᓯᒪᔪᑦ ᓇᓱᖏᓪᓗᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓗᒃᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓂᖅᓯᒪᓕᕆᓂᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓗᒃᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᕆᔨᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓂᖅᓯᒪᔪᖏᓪᓗᑎᑦ, 1984-85: ᖃᐅᔨᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔨᖏᑦᑐᖅᓯᒪᔪᓕᕆᓂᑦ ᓇᓱᖏᓪᓗᐃᓇᓗᓂᒃ, ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓗᒃᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓂᖅᓯᒪᔪᖏᓪᓗᑎᑦᑕᒥᓇᖅᑐᑦ.

TABLE 11: NOT ENOUGH INCOME: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE, 1984-85

TABLE 11A: "NOT ENOUGH INCOME" AS A PERCENT OF POPULATION, BY AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	TOTAL NOT ENOUGH INCOME PERSONS	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	% OF POP. NOT ENOUGH INCOME
15 - 19	52	5,409	1.0
20 - 29	463	10,066	4.6
30 - 39	387	8,465	4.6
40 - 49	335	4,742	7.1
50 - 64	399	4,156	9.6
65 +	103	1,622	6.4
TOTAL	1,739	34,460	5.0

TABLE 11B: MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE OF "NOT ENOUGH INCOME" RECIPIENTS, BY AGE GROUP, AS A PERCENTAGE (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	59.6	17.3	17.3	-	1.9	1.9	1.9	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 29	54.6	24.8	9.9	4.3	2.2	1.5	0.6	0.9	0.9	-	-	0.2
30 - 39	42.4	22.2	12.4	9.0	4.9	3.9	2.1	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.5	-
40 - 64	34.2	20.0	15.5	7.6	5.0	4.8	3.3	3.1	2.3	0.8	2.6	0.7

TABLE 11C: PERCENT OF "NOT ENOUGH INCOME" BY MONTHS OF ASSISTANCE AND AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	100	40.3	23.0	5.7	5.7	3.8	1.9	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 29	100	45.3	20.5	10.6	6.3	4.1	2.6	2.0	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
30 - 39	100	57.6	35.4	23.0	14.0	9.1	5.2	3.1	1.8	1.0	0.5	0
40 - 64	100	69.7	45.7	30.2	22.6	17.6	12.8	9.5	6.4	4.1	3.3	0.7

SECTION VII - DEPENDENT CHILDREN

"Dependent Children" refers to recipients of social assistance who cannot work because they must remain at home to look after children. Normally these people are single parents.

"Dependent Children" recipients may wish to work but are unable to do so because there are no jobs, day-care services may not be available, or they lack education. 44% are under the age of thirty; and of the under thirties, only 20% have an education of ten or more years. This group will have difficulty finding employment.

Those between 30 and 39 also have low education; 21% have an education of ten or more years. This age group represents almost 20% of the total "dependent children" category.

The age group 40-64 represents 35% of the total; only 2% have an education of ten years or more. They tend to need social assistance for a longer time than other age groups; over 50% need help for three or more months; 25% for seven or more months.

The group under 29 years of age needs social assistance while their children are young. As their children grow older, they need an opportunity to find employment; otherwise they tend to remain marginally employable persons, with low education and a long history of social assistance.

The group over 40 years will continue to need social assistance, as they are less likely than younger people to improve their education or training in order to become employable.

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"ᐃᑲᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᒥᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓄᑕᖅᑎᑦ" ᑐᑭᖅᑎᑕᐅᔾᔨᑦ ᐊᓂᑦ ᓴᓐᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐊᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᖏᑦ ᑕᐅᒥᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦᑎᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐱᓕᕆᔨᒃᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᐅᔪᓂᖅ ᐊᑐᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᓚᖅᑎᑦ

Recipients in age groups 40-49 and 50-64 years of age represent a high proportion of the 40-64 year olds population in the Northwest Territories. In fact the 50-64 years old group has the highest percentage, 6.3%, of any age category; the 20-29 years old recipients are 5.1% of the population; the 40-49 years old are 4.3%. The 30-39 years old, by comparison are only 3%.

These figures represent a trend in the Northwest Territories for older persons to begin parenting a "second generation" of children after their older children have grown up.

TABLE 12: DEPENDENT CHILDREN: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND EDUCATION, 1984-85

People who cannot work because they must stay at home to care for children represent 18.3% of the total welfare caseload. (See Table 17, page 83, and Pie Chart 7B, page 92.) This group is called "dependent children".

Many of the people in this group could work if jobs and day-care facilities were available, and they were qualified. These people should be regarded as employable and included in the "unemployed but able" category. It is not known how many such people there are. As their children grow up, most of the recipients of welfare in the "dependent children" category will need jobs to avoid becoming permanently dependent on welfare.

Table 12A shows the number of persons with "dependent children" in the NWT in 1984-85 who received social assistance, by age groups between 15 and 65. The total population in these age groups in the NWT is also shown, and the percentage which needed social assistance.

Table 12B shows the education level reached by those in the "dependent children" category in various age groups. The numbers given in each age group refer to the percentage of that group which has had a particular number of years of education. For example, 1.4% of those between the age of 20 and 29 have received four years of education.

Table 12C shows the education level reached by those in the "dependent children" category in various age groups as a cumulative percentage of the group. For example, 97.4% of those between 20 and 29 years of age have received at least one year of education while only 20.6% have received at least ten years of education.

ᑲᒪᒃᐳᐅᓕᕆᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦᑎᓪᓗ ᐊᕐᓇᖅᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑎᑦᑎᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᐊᕐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ, 1984-85: ᖃᐅᔨ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑲᒪᒃᐳᐅᓕᕆᓂᖅᓴᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᑦ ᐊᕐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ.

TABLE 12: DEPENDENT CHILDREN: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND EDUCATION, 1984-85

TABLE 12A: "DEPENDENT CHILDREN" RECIPIENTS AS A PERCENT OF POPULATION, BY AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	TOTAL DEPENDENT CHILDREN PERSONS	PROJECTED POPULATION (1984)	% OF POP. DEPENDENT CHILDREN
15 - 19	67	5,409	1.2
20 - 29	516	10,066	5.1
30 - 39	256	8,465	3.0
40 - 49	202	4,742	4.3
50 - 64	260	4,156	6.3
65 +	31	1,622	1.9
TOTAL	1,332	34,460	3.9

TABLE 12B: YEARS OF EDUCATION OF "DEPENDENT CHILDREN" RECIPIENTS, BY AGE GROUP, AS A PERCENTAGE (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	YEARS OF EDUCATION													
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Post
Under 20	7.5	1.5	-	-	-	6.0	13.4	11.9	28.4	28.4	1.5	1.5	-	-
20 - 29	2.7	2.5	0.6	1.0	1.4	5.0	7.4	17.2	21.7	20.0	10.7	4.5	5.4	-
30 - 39	2.3	15.6	1.2	2.7	5.9	3.9	14.5	10.5	12.9	9.0	9.4	4.7	7.0	0.4
40 - 64	8.2	53.9	2.8	3.0	16.0	3.2	3.9	1.7	2.8	2.2	1.1	0.2	0.6	0.2

TABLE 12C: PERCENT OF "DEPENDENT CHILDREN" RECIPIENTS BY YEARS OF EDUCATION (CUMULATIVELY) AND AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	YEARS OF EDUCATION													
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Post
Under 20	100.0	92.6	91.1	91.1	91.1	91.1	85.1	71.7	59.8	31.4	3.0	1.5	0	0
20 - 29	100.0	97.4	94.9	94.3	93.3	91.9	86.9	79.5	62.3	40.6	20.6	9.9	5.4	0
30 - 39	100.0	97.7	82.1	80.9	78.2	72.3	68.4	53.9	43.4	30.5	21.5	12.1	7.4	0.4
40 - 64	100.0	92.0	38.1	35.3	32.3	15.9	12.7	8.8	7.1	4.3	2.1	1.0	0.8	0.2

TABLE 13: DEPENDENT CHILDREN: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE, 1984-85

Table 13A shows the number of "Dependent Children" persons in the NWT in 1984-85 who received social assistance, by age groups between 15 and 65. The total population in these age groups in the NWT is also shown, and the percentage which needs social assistance.

Table 13B separates the Recipients who get social assistance because of dependent children into age groups and shows the percentage of each category that has received assistance for one to twelve months. For example, 9.5% of those in age group 20-29 received assistance for four months in 1984-85.

Table 13C shows the cumulative percentage in each age group that has received assistance for at least one month, two months, three months, etc., up to twelve months. For example, 28.4% of those in age group 20-29 received assistance for four or more months in 1984-85.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories.

ᑲᒪᒋᐅᓕᕆᔨᒃᑲᓪᓚᑦ ᓄᑕᖅᑐᑦ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦᑎᐊᖅ ᐊᑦᔨᓴᖅᑐᑎᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᑦᑎᐊᕐᓂᖅ ᐊᑦᔪᓂᒃᑯᑦᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᕐᕿᑦᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᑦᑕᖅᑐᕐᓂᑦ, 1984-85: ᖃᐅᔨᓴᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᑕᑦᑎᓂᒃ ᓄᑕᖅᖃᖅ ᑲᒪᒋᐅᓕᕆᔨᒃᑲᓪᓚᖅᑐᓂᑦ ᐊᑦᔪᓂᒃᑯᑦᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᑦᑕᖅᑐᒥᒃᑐᑦ.

TABLE 13: DEPENDENT CHILDREN: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE, 1984-85

TABLE 13A: "DEPENDENT CHILDREN" AS A PERCENT OF POPULATION, BY AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	TOTAL DEPENDENT CHILDREN PERSONS	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	% OF POP. DEPENDENT CHILDREN
15 - 19	67	5,409	1.2
20 - 29	516	10,066	5.1
30 - 39	256	8,465	3.0
40 - 49	202	4,742	4.3
50 - 64	260	4,156	6.3
65 +	31	1,622	1.9
TOTAL	1,332	34,460	3.9

TABLE 13B: MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE OF "DEPENDENT CHILDREN" RECIPIENTS, BY AGE GROUP, AS A PERCENTAGE (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	43.3	19.4	10.4	4.5	9.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	-
20 - 29	45.3	17.1	9.5	9.5	4.1	3.9	3.3	2.5	2.1	1.2	1.2	0.6
30 - 39	43.8	14.5	11.7	7.8	5.5	2.0	2.7	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.1	2.0
40 - 64	31.0	16.9	8.9	8.9	5.6	4.3	4.3	3.7	2.4	3.2	3.5	7.4

TABLE 13C: PERCENT OF "DEPENDENT CHILDREN" BY MONTHS OF ASSISTANCE AND AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	100	56.8	37.4	27.0	22.5	13.5	10.5	7.5	4.5	3.0	1.5	0
20 - 29	100	55.0	37.9	28.4	18.9	14.8	10.9	7.6	5.1	3.0	1.8	0.6
30 - 39	100	56.1	41.8	30.1	22.3	16.8	14.8	12.1	10.1	7.8	5.1	2.0
40 - 64	100	69.1	52.2	43.3	34.4	28.8	24.5	20.2	16.5	14.1	10.9	7.4

SECTION VIII - ILL HEALTH/DISABLED

Persons who receive social assistance because they are ill or disabled and unable to work, constitute almost 20% of all recipients. The proportion of the population needing social assistance because of sickness or disablement increases as age increases up to the age of 65. Between the age of 20 and 39, approximately 1% of the population needs assistance; between 50 and 59 approximately 6% needs assistance; and between 60 and 64 almost 14% need financial help.

At the age of 65, the federal benefits of old age security is available to all persons; and the guaranteed income supplement is available to those with low income.

The Territorial Senior Citizens Benefit is provided automatically to persons who qualify for the guaranteed income supplement.

The total value of these three benefits to a married pensioner, whose spouse also receives the benefit is approximately $570; a single pensioner would receive approximately $685.

The proportion of the population in the Northwest Territories over 65 which receives social assistance drops to 6.5% because of the senior citizens' benefit mentioned above.

Ill and disabled persons need social assistance for longer periods of time than other groups; and the older the ill and disabled are, the longer they need assistance. 20% of the 20-29 year olds and 34% of the 40-64 year olds need help for ten or more months. By comparison, 1% of the 20-29 year old unemployed persons and 10% of the 40-64 year old unemployed need help for ten or more months.

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ᑕᒪᐅᐸ ᔨᐊ ᐊᐪᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐱᔭᑎᑦ ᓄᐅᑭ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᖅᑦᓯᐅᑦ ᑑᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᑐᓂᑎᐳᐅᑦ ᔨᓂᖅᑐᑦ 20% ᐅᔭᑦ. ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᑐᒥᔪᓂᑎᑦᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ 65-ᖅᓂᒥᔪᖅᓱᓂ ᐃᓕᓴᐅᓐ ᓕᓐᓄᐅᑦ. ᑕᒪᐅᐸ ᔨᐊ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ 20-ᒥᑦ 39-ᔭᑦ, 1% ᑭᔪᐱᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑕᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᑐᓂᑎᐳᐅᑦ ᔨᓂᖅᑐᑦ; ᑕᒪᐅᐸ ᔨᐊᓕ ᐅᑭᐅᓕᖅᑐᑦ 50-59-ᔭᑦ 6% ᑭᔪᐱᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᓄᐅᑎᐅ; ᐊᓚᒪᓗ 60-ᒥ 64-ᔭᑦ ᖅᓂᒥᔪᓂ 14% ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ.

65-ᓂᐅ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᓯᑐᑐᑎᓪᓗᒍᑦ ᑲᓇᑕᐅᑦ ᒪᓕᒪᐅ ᔨᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᓇᓇᔪᓂᐅ ᐅᑐᐊᖅᑲᓂᕐᓂᑕᐅᓕᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᑭᑐᐃᓇᓇᑦ; ᐊᓚᒪ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᓇᖅᓯᑕᐃᓇᓇᑦ ᑕᒪᐅᐸ ᔨᐊ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓯᑐᓂᑎᒍᑦ ᓄᐅᑎᐅ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓯᐅᓂᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ.

ᓄᓇᑦᓯᐊᑦᑎ ᐃᓇᓇᔪᓂᐅ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᑦ ᒪᔭᒃᑯᓯᑦᓯᓇᓇᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᖅᑐᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑕᒪᐅᐸ ᔨᐊ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓯᐅᓂᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᑕᒪᐃᓇᓇᑦ ᐅᓇᓱᒋᑦ ᐃᓇᓇᔪᓂᐅ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᖅᑐᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᑐᑭ.

ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐊᐪᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᖅᓂᒥᔪᖅ $570 ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ; ᐊᐪᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ $685-ᓂᐅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ.

ᓄᓇᑦᓯᐊᑦᑎ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ 65-ᓂᐅ ᐅᖃᓕᓂᑦ ᒥᐅ ᓕᒥᐊᑦᓂᓂᑦᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ 6.5%-ᒥᐅ ᒪᐅ ᔨᐊ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᓇᓇᔪᓂᐅ ᑲᐅᓯᐅᓂᖅ ᐱᐅᓯᒪᓂᑦ.

ᐊᐪᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ ᐱᔭᑎᑦ ᓄᐅᑭ ᑐᑭᓐᓄ ᐊᑯᓂᐅᓂᑦᓴᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ; ᐊᖏᓕᒃ ᓕᐅᑦᑎᐅ ᐊᐪᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᓇᓇᔪᓂᐅ ᑐᑭᓂᓴᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᑯᓂᐅᓂᑦᓴᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ. 20% ᐅᔭᑦ 20-ᓂᑦ 29-ᓄᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᓚᒪᓗ 34% ᖅᑐᑦ 40-64-ᓄᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑕᓐᑭᓄᑦ ᓴᓕᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᖃᓕᓄᑦᓴᓐᓂᑦ. ᐃᓇᓇᔪᓂᐅᓴᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭ 20-29-ᓂᐅ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ 1% ᑭᔪᐱᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᓚᒪᓗ 10%ᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᑭᐅᖅᑐᑦ 40-ᓂᑦ 64-ᔭᑦ ᑕᓐᑭᓄᑦ ᓴᓕᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖅ ᑕᐅᒥᓇᖅᓯᓯᓐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᖃᓕᓄᑦᓴᓐᓂᑦ.

TABLE 14: ILL HEALTH/DISABLED: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP 1984-85

This table shows the number of people in the NWT who receive social assistance because they are disabled or in ill health. This group represents 18.4% of the total welfare caseload. (See Table 16, pages 81-82 and Pie Chart 7B, page 92.)

ᐊᓂᓕᓵᓂᖅ/ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓗᒃ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᓂᖅ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓂᓂᓕᓵᓂᖅᓴᖅᑎᑦ, 1984-85 ᖃᐅᔨ ᐊᓂᓕᓵᓂᖅ ᐅᐊᔪᓂᖅ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓗᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓇᖅᑐᑦ.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories.

AGE	TOTAL ILL HEALTH/DISABLED PERSONS	PROJECTED POPULATION (1985)	% OF POP. ILL/HEALTH DISABLED
15 - 19	20	5,409	0.4
20 - 29	135	10,066	1.3
30 - 39	112	8,465	1.3
40 - 49	137	4,742	2.9
50 - 59	184	3,138	5.9
60 - 64	139	1,018	13.7
65 +	105	1,622	6.5
TOTAL	835	34,460	2.4

TABLE 15: ILL HEALTH/DISABLED: NWT TOTAL SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE, 1984-85

ᐊᒻᔪᓕᒃᑲᓂᕐᒥᔅ/ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᑐᖏᓐᓇᖅᑐᓂ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᖅᑐᓂ ᐊᑐᖏᓐᓇᖅᑐᖅ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᕐᕿᓂ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᓂᖅ, 1984-85: ᑲᑎᒪᓂᖅ ᐊᒻᔪᓕᒃᑲᓂᕐᒥᔅ/ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᔪᖅ ᐊᑐᖏᓐᓇᖅᑐᖅ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᖅᑕᐅᓯᒪᓕᕐᓂᒃᑯᑦ.

Table 15A separates the Recipients who get social assistance because of ill health or disablement into age groups and shows the percentage of each category that has received assistance for one to twelve months. For example, 4.5% of those in age group 30-39 received assistance for six months in 1984-85.

Table 15B shows the cumulative percentage in each age category that has received assistance for at least one month, two months, three months, etc., up to twelve months. For example, 28.7% of those in age group 30-39 received assistance for six or more months in 1984-85.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories.

TABLE 15A: MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE OF "ILL HEALTH/DISABLED" RECIPIENTS, BY AGE GROUP, AS A PERCENTAGE (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	55.0	25.0	-	-	-	5.0	-	5.0	5.0	-	-	5.0
20 - 29	38.5	11.1	8.9	3.0	3.7	3.0	3.7	3.0	5.2	1.5	3.7	14.8
30 - 39	39.3	18.8	10.7	0.9	1.8	4.5	0.9	0.9	2.7	-	2.7	17.0
40 - 64	25.2	10.9	4.8	5.4	5.2	4.8	4.6	2.0	3.0	4.8	6.5	22.8

TABLE 15B: PERCENT OF "ILL HEALTH/DISABLED" BY MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE AND AGE GROUP (NWT TOTALS)

AGE	MONTHS ON ASSISTANCE											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Under 20	100.0	45.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	10.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
20 - 29	100.0	61.6	50.5	41.6	38.6	34.9	31.9	28.2	25.2	20.0	18.5	14.8
30 - 39	100.0	60.9	42.1	31.4	30.5	28.7	24.2	23.3	22.4	19.7	19.7	17.0
40 - 64	100.0	74.8	63.9	59.1	53.7	48.5	43.7	39.1	37.1	34.1	29.3	22.8

TABLES 16,17,18: REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE
(1984-85)

Persons who receive social assistance are classified according to the reason for their application.

1. ILL HEALTH/DISABLED
   The recipient is unable to sustain him or herself because of disability or ill health.

2. DEPENDENT CHILDREN
   The Recipient must stay at home to care for children.

3. UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE
   The Recipient is able to work but cannot find employment.

4. NOT ENOUGH INCOME
   The Recipient has an income but it is not sufficient to meet his/her basic needs.

5. OTHER
   The Recipient has no income for miscellaneous reasons: Unemployment Insurance or Old Age Security cheque has not arrived; a fire has left an employed person with need for emergency help; sickness or death has caused an urgent need for transportation of next of kin.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories

ᓂᒪᑦ ᐊᓕᓐᓄᑐᓗᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᐊᖏᓐᓂᑦᑐᒍ ᐊᑐᓂᖅᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᑐᕐᒪᓂᖅᓂᖅ, 1984-85: ᑲᑎᓪᓗᒥ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᑐᒍ ᐊᓯᐅᖏᓐᓂᒍ ᑕᓕᒪᐃᑦ ᓂᒪᑦᑐᒍ ᐃᓄᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᐊᖏᑦᑕᕐᒪᓂᖅ.

ᐃᓕᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖏᓂᖅ, ᑐᓴᕐᑐᒪᓂᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᑐᓂᖅᓯᖏᓐᓂᒃ, 1984-85: ᖃᓄᑦ ᐃᓄᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᐊᖏᑦᑐᒪᓂᑦ ᓴᖅᑭᐅᒪᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖏᓂᖅᓂᖅ ᐃᓕᑦᑐᒍ.

ᐃᓕᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖏᓂᖅ, ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᐊᒪᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᑐᒪᓂᑦ, 1984-85: ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖏᓂᕆᓂᖃᖅᖢᖅ ᐃᓕᑦᑐᖅᓯ ᐃᑲᓴᐊᖏᑦᑕᕐᒪᓂᖅ (ᐃᓄᐃᑦ, ᐊᐃᓱᒪᓕᒃ, ᐅᓪᓗᓈᓂᑦ ᐊᐃᓱᖃᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᓄᑖᓱᓕᒃ).

TABLE 16: REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE: PERCENT CASES OF COMMUNITY AND REGIONAL TOTALS, 1984-85

COMMUNITY	TOTAL NO. OF CASES	ILL HEALTH/ DISABLED		DEPENDENT CHILDREN		UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE		NOT ENOUGH INCOME		OTHER	
		NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%
NWT TOTAL:	24,386	4,484	18	4,465	18	8,035	33	4,572	19	2,830	12
REGIONAL TOTALS:											
YELLOWKNIFE	1,512	606	40	130	9	247	16	283	19	246	16
FORT SMITH	6,009	1,141	19	1,133	19	1,995	33	970	16	770	13
INUVIK	3,205	861	27	840	26	847	26	342	11	315	10
BAFFIN	6,952	1,059	15	1,411	20	2,266	33	1,594	23	622	9
KEEWATIN	4,036	381	9	247	6	1,920	48	1,038	26	450	11
KITIKMEOT	2,561	405	16	701	27	716	28	340	13	399	16
YELLOWKNIFE AREA											
Detah	161	35	22	16	10	55	34	35	22	20	12
Yellowknife	1,351	571	42	114	8	192	14	248	18	226	17
FORT SMITH REGION											
Fort Smith	1,365	169	12	228	17	544	40	266	20	158	12
Snowdrift	200	56	28	39	20	27	14	67	34	11	6
FT. SIMPSON AREA											
Fort Simpson	378	64	17	143	38	74	20	36	10	61	16
Nahanni Butte	40	11	28	25	63	3	8	1	3	-	-
Fort Liard	102	41	40	33	32	19	19	5	5	4	4
Fort Wrigley	45	17	38	10	22	8	18	6	13	4	9
Trout Lake	58	20	35	31	53	6	10	1	2	-	-
HAY RIVER AREA											
Fort Resolution	306	110	36	51	17	67	22	30	10	48	16
Pine Point	63	20	32	6	10	17	27	15	24	5	8
Hay River	325	92	28	47	15	86	27	60	19	40	12
Ft. Providence	312	61	20	14	5	181	58	47	15	9	3
Kakisa Lake	36	4	11	12	33	17	47	-	-	3	8
RAE EDZO AREA											
Rae Edzo	1,723	371	22	277	16	560	33	224	13	291	17
Lac La Martre	459	34	7	138	30	123	27	96	21	68	15
Rae Lakes	362	29	8	48	13	157	43	85	24	43	12
INUVIK REGION											
Inuvik	761	206	27	158	21	158	21	98	13	141	19
Aklavik	408	84	21	160	39	87	21	42	10	35	9
Fort McPherson	222	72	32	52	23	52	23	34	16	12	5
Arctic Red River	30	22	73	2	7	5	17	-	-	1	3
Tuktoyaktuk	366	133	36	74	20	104	28	15	4	40	11

TABLE 16: REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE: PERCENT CASES OF COMMUNITY AND REGIONAL TOTALS, 1984-85

COMMUNITY	TOTAL NO. OF CASES	ILL HEALTH/ DISABLED		DEPENDENT CHILDREN		UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE		NOT ENOUGH INCOME		OTHER	
		NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%	NO. CASES	%
Sachs Harbour	49	17	35	28	57	-	1	1	2	3	6
Paulatuk	125	43	34	26	21	47	38	5	4	4	3
Norman Wells	49	15	31	14	29	8	16	9	18	3	6
Fort Norman	53	17	32	24	45	9	17	3	6	-	-
Fort Good Hope	642	160	25	228	36	133	21	85	13	36	6
Fort Franklin	436	81	19	51	12	224	51	47	11	33	8
Colville Lake	64	11	17	23	36	20	31	3	5	7	11
BAFFIN REGION											
Igloolik	649	63	10	73	11	207	32	274	42	32	5
Hall Beach	375	30	8	86	23	189	50	32	9	38	10
Pond Inlet	304	88	29	85	28	84	28	26	9	21	7
Clyde River	437	51	12	18	4	235	54	86	20	47	11
Arctic Bay	170	48	28	2	1	59	35	50	29	11	7
Resolute Bay	54	7	13	27	50	11	20	2	4	7	13
Grise Fiord	148	33	22	59	40	43	29	12	8	1	1
Lake Harbour	207	40	19	2	1	75	36	69	33	21	10
Cape Dorset	878	123	14	40	5	332	38	330	38	53	6
Pangnirtung	908	159	18	231	25	388	43	75	8	55	6
Broughton Island	363	7	2	183	50	48	13	45	12	80	22
Sanikiluaq	642	63	10	299	47	62	10	181	28	37	6
Frobisher Bay	1,817	347	19	306	17	533	29	412	23	219	12
KEEWATIN REGION											
Repulse Bay	410	17	4	23	6	168	41	144	35	58	14
Chesterfield	195	2	1	4	2	98	50	28	14	63	32
Baker Lake	1,055	128	12	51	5	410	39	349	33	117	11
Coral Harbour	422	30	7	46	11	227	54	57	14	62	15
Eskimo Point	979	163	17	81	8	361	37	312	32	62	6
Whale Cove	153	12	8	9	6	105	69	22	14	5	3
Rankin Inlet	822	29	4	33	4	551	67	126	15	83	10
KITIKMEOT REGION											
Holman	94	21	22	32	34	15	16	5	5	21	22
Cambridge Bay	668	109	16	257	39	150	23	56	8	96	14
Coppermine	608	38	6	209	34	162	27	20	3	179	29
Gjoa Haven	505	107	21	60	12	146	29	117	23	75	15
Spence Bay	505	79	16	101	20	205	41	107	21	13	3
Pelly Bay	144	50	35	17	12	34	24	34	24	9	6

TABLE 17: REASONS FOR SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA): CASE TOTALS BY REGIONS, 1984-85
PIE CHARTS No. 1A - 7A and 1B - 7B

REGION	REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE, CASES					
	ILL HEALTH/ DISABLED	DEPENDENT CHILDREN	UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	NOT ENOUGH INCOME	OTHER	TOTAL
NWT TOTAL	4,484	4,465	8,035	4,572	2,830	24,386
YELLOWKNIFE	606	130	247	283	246	1,512
FORT SMITH	1,141	1,133	1,995	970	770	6,009
INUVIK	861	840	847	342	315	3,205
BAFFIN	1,059	1,411	2,266	1,594	622	6,952
KEEWATIN	381	247	1,920	1,038	450	4,036
KITIKMEOT	405	701	716	340	399	2,561

TABLE 18: REASONS FOR SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA): EXPENDITURES BY REGIONS, 1984-85
PIE CHARTS NO. 1A - 7A and 1B - 7B

REGION	REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES					
	ILL HEALTH/ DISABLED	DEPENDENT CHILDREN	UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE	NOT ENOUGH INCOME	OTHER	TOTAL
NWT TOTAL	1,885,794	1,855,510	2,975,654	1,668,940	911,459	9,297,359
YELLOWKNIFE	248,597	58,391	84,170	113,161	78,040	582,361
FORT SMITH	449,672	471,101	704,134	337,323	215,737	2,177,969
INUVIK	323,817	334,002	315,915	104,622	131,375	1,209,732
BAFFIN	525,998	613,518	729,620	559,300	196,312	2,624,752
KEEWATIN	161,970	119,961	872,680	447,939	159,835	1,762,387
KITIKMEOT	166,708	258,124	265,737	105,594	126,258	922,423

PIE CHARTS 1A - 7A (Regional Expenditures by reasons for assistance as Percentage of Regional Total)

PIE CHARTS 1B - 7B (Regional Cases by reasons fo assistance as Percentage of Regional Total)

These charts illustrate the proportion of social assistance expenditures and cases according to the reasons for assistance in 1984-85.

Persons who receive social assistance are classified according to the reason for their application.

1. UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE - The Recipient is able to work but cannot find employment.

2. NOT ENOUGH INCOME - The Recipient has an income but it is not sufficient to meet his/her basic needs.

3. DEPENDENT CHILDREN - The Recipient must stay at home to care for children.

4. ILL HEALTH/DISABLED - The Recipient is unable to sustain him or herself because of disability or ill health.

5. OTHER - The Recipient has no income for miscellaneous reasons: Unemployment Insurance or Old Age Security cheque has not arrived; a fire has left an employed person with need for emergency help; sickness or death has caused an urgent need for transportation of next of kin.

ᑭᓇᐅᔨᑦ ᐊᑐᑐᒍᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒪᓕᕐᓂᒪᓂᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ ᑕᖅᑭᒃᓴᑦ, 1980-85.

ᐊᑦᑕᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕕᒃᑐᒍᓂᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒪᓕᕐᓂᒪᓂᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅ ᑕᖅᑭᒃᓴᑦ, 1980-85.

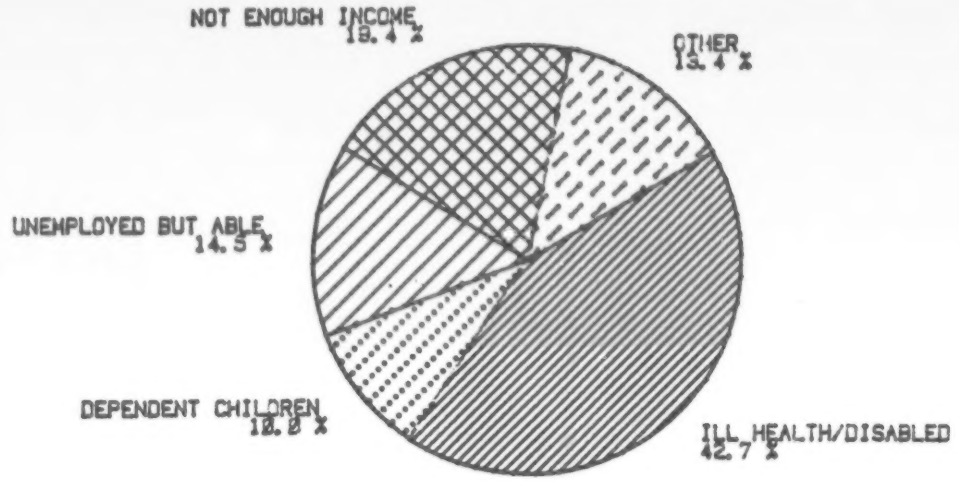
PIE CHARTS: REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE (1984-85)

No.: 1 - 7

REGIONS	REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES					
	Ill Health/ Disabled	Dependent Children	Unemployed But Able	Not Enough Income	Other	TOTAL
YELLOWKNIFE	248,597	58,391	84,170	113,161	78,040	582,361
FORT SMITH	449,672	471,101	704,134	337,323	215,737	2,177,969
INUVIK	323,817	334,002	315,915	104,622	131,375	1,209,732
BAFFIN	525,998	613,518	729,620	559,300	196,312	2,624,752
KEEWATIN	161,970	119,961	872,680	447,939	159,835	1,762,387
KITIKMEOT	166,708	258,124	265,737	105,594	126,258	922,423
NWT TOTAL	1,885,794	1,855,510	2,975,654	1,668,940	911,459	9,297,359

YELLOWKNIFE REGION

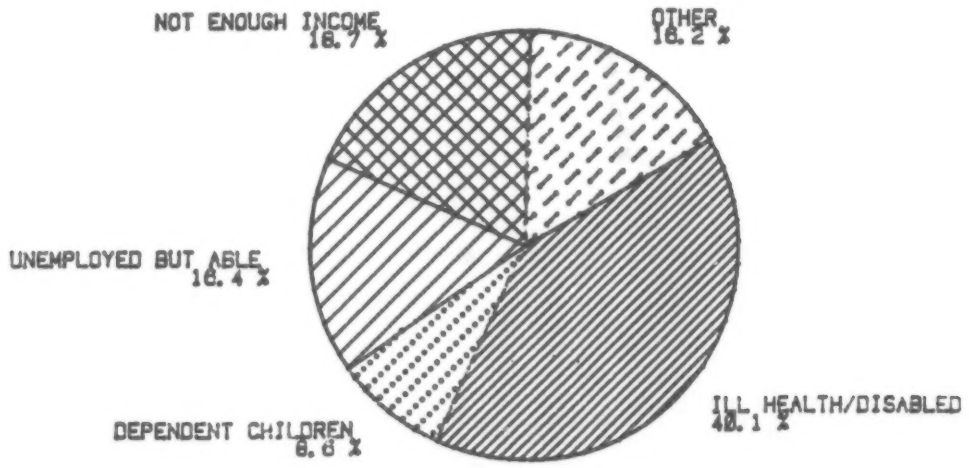
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 1A

YELLOWKNIFE REGION

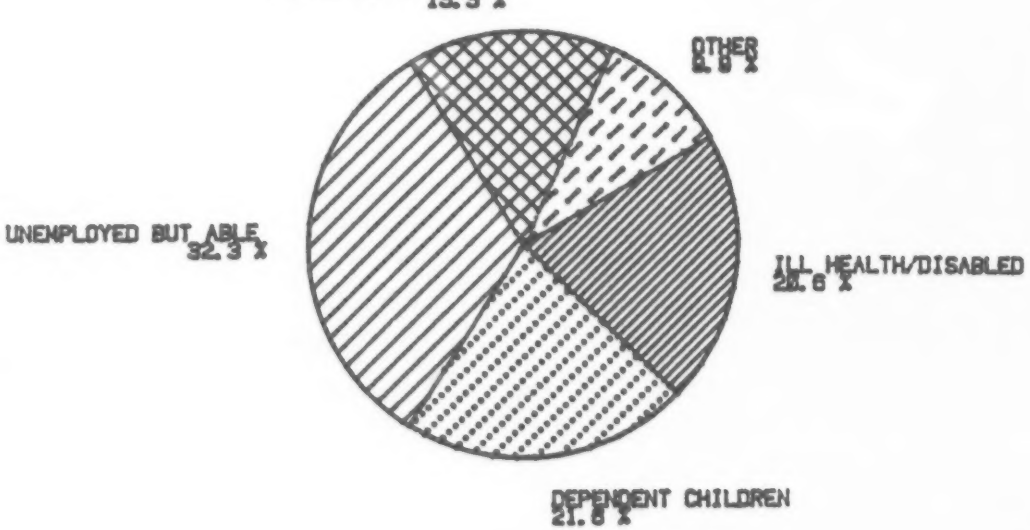
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. NO. OF CASES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 1B

FORT SMITH REGION

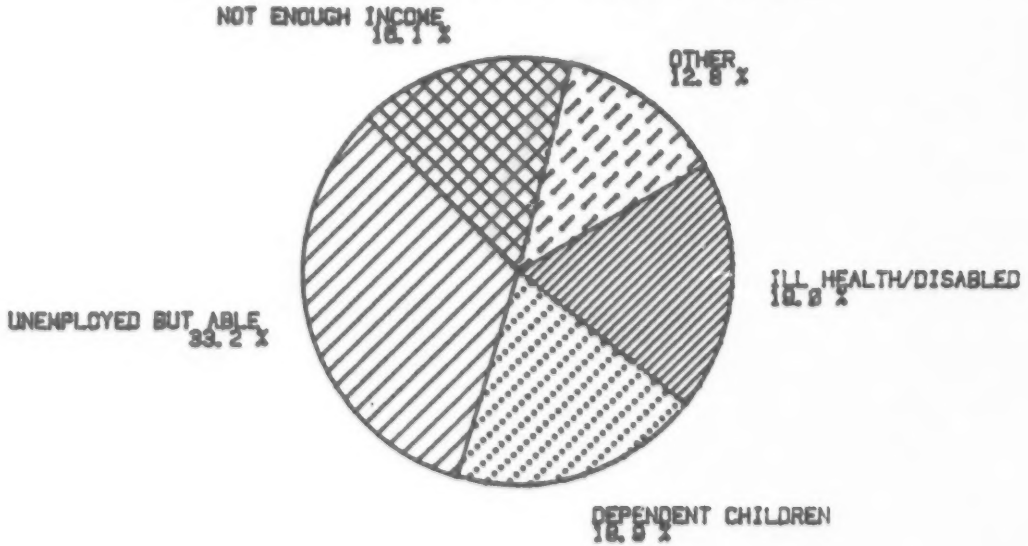
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE, EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 2A

FORT SMITH REGION

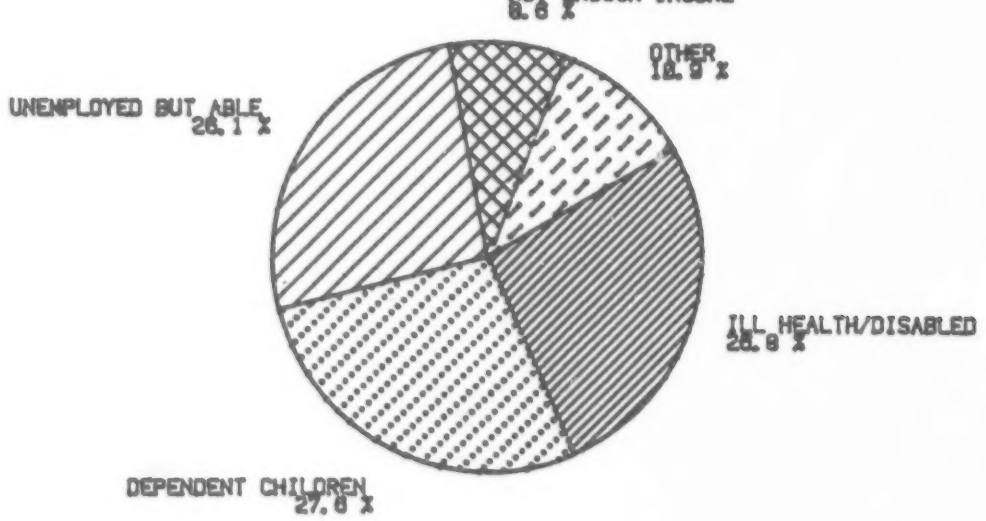
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE, NO. OF CASES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 2B

INUVIK REGION

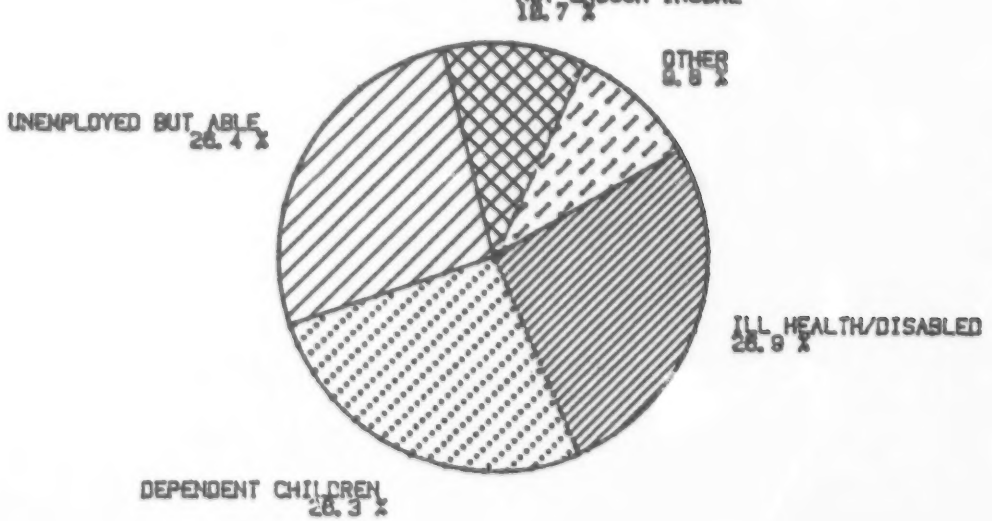
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE, EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 3A

INUVIK REGION

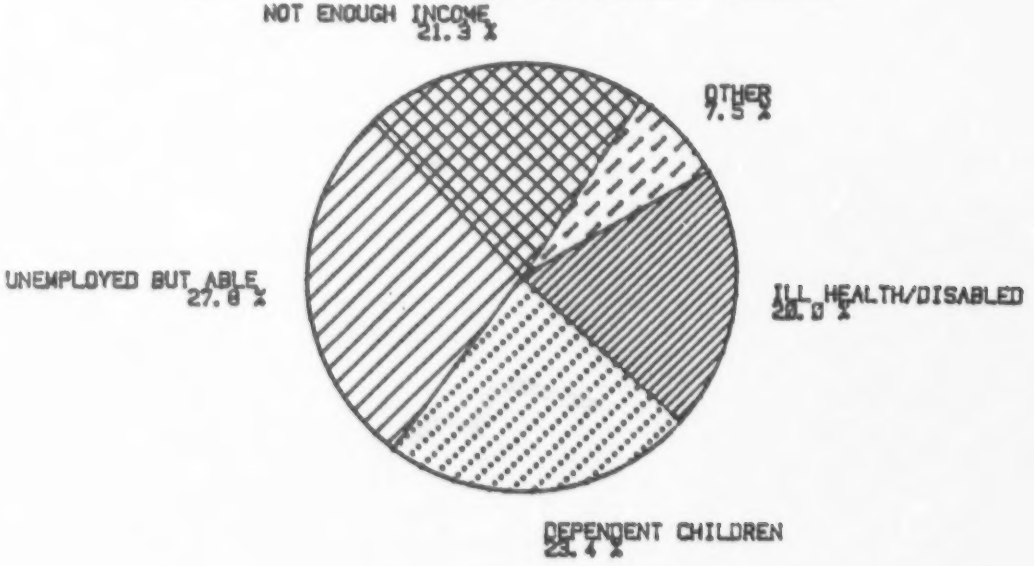
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE, NO. OF CASES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 3B

BAFFIN REGION

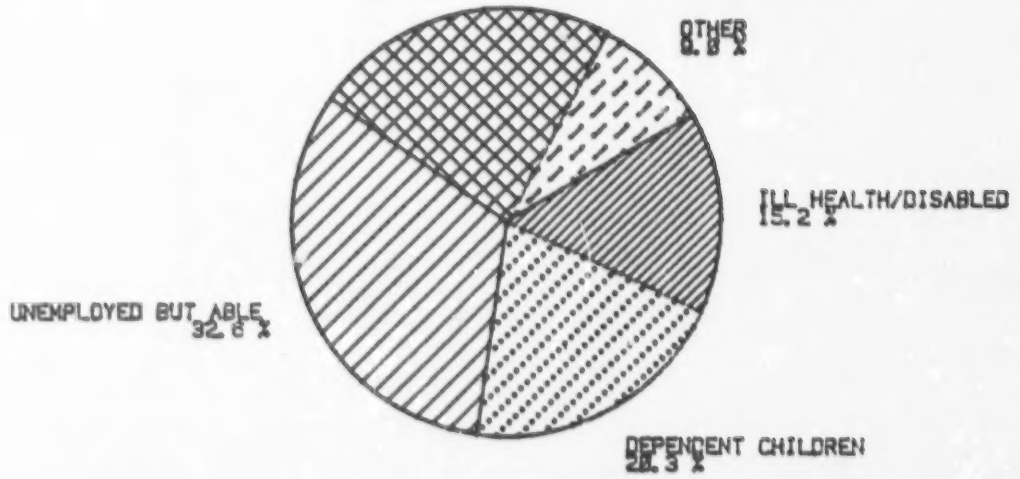
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 4A

BAFFIN REGION

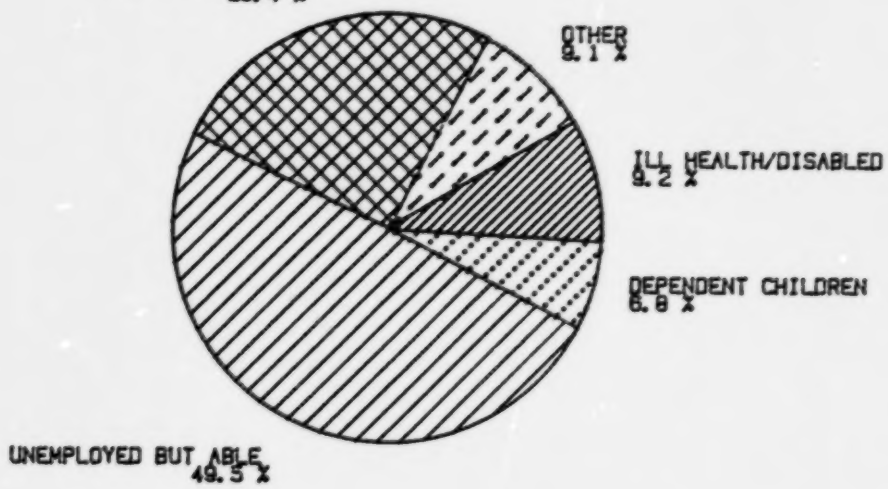
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. NO. OF CASES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 4B

KEEWATIN REGION

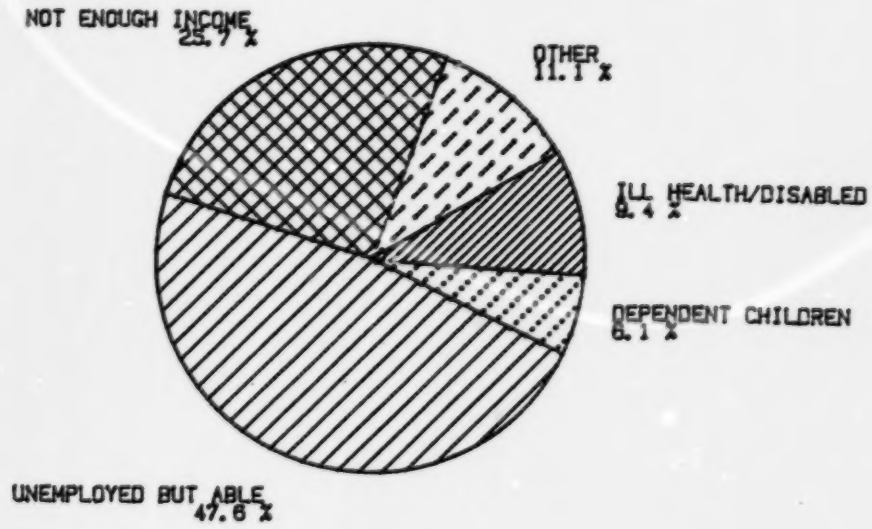
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 5A

KEEWATIN REGION

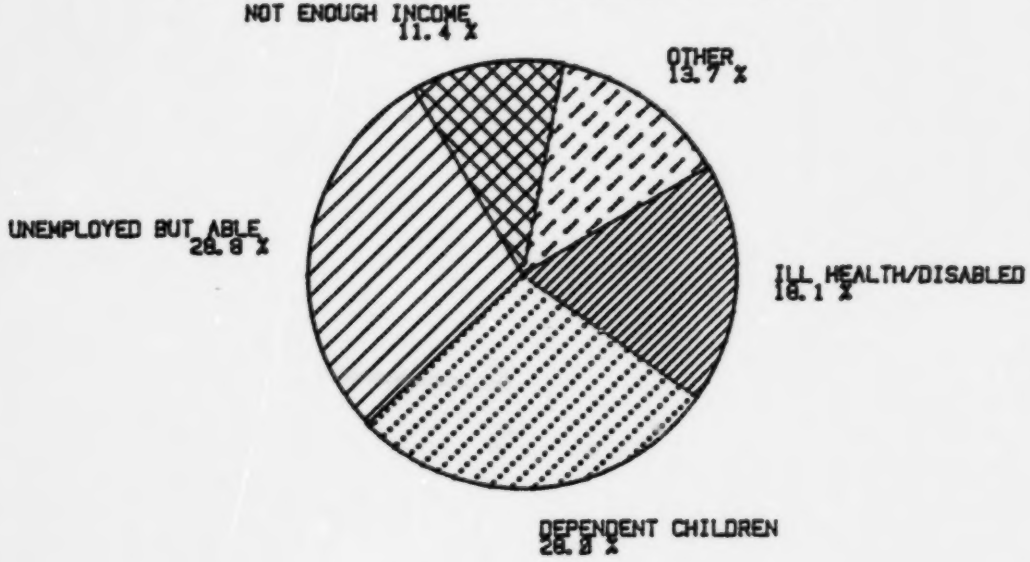
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. NO. OF CASES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 5B

KITIKMEOT REGION

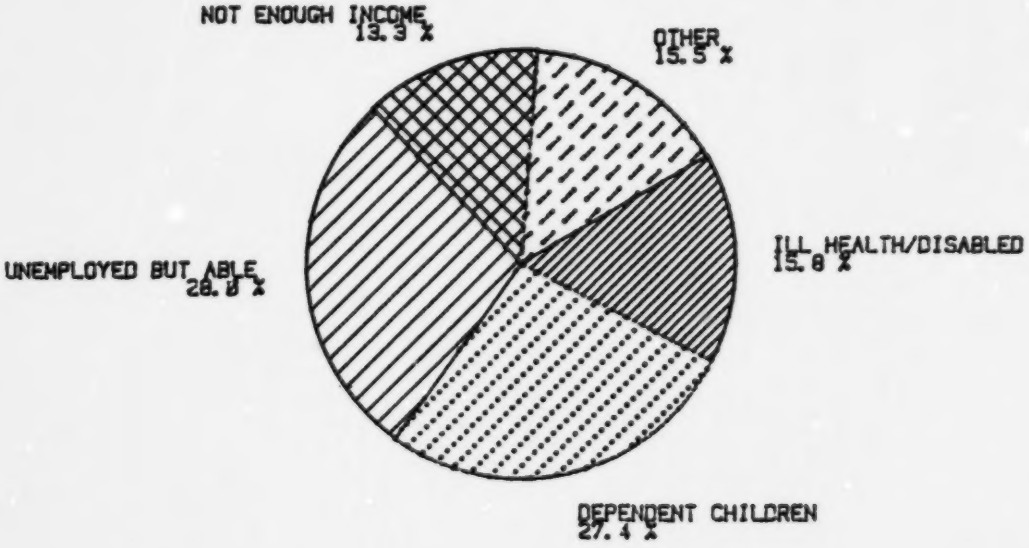
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 6A

KITIKMEOT REGION

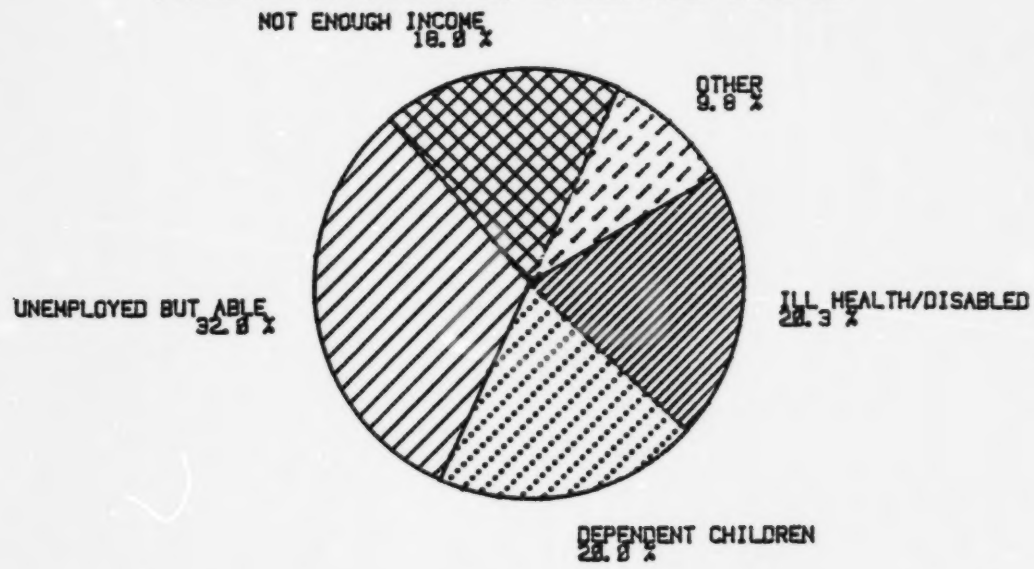
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. NO. OF CASES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 6B

N. W. T. TOTAL

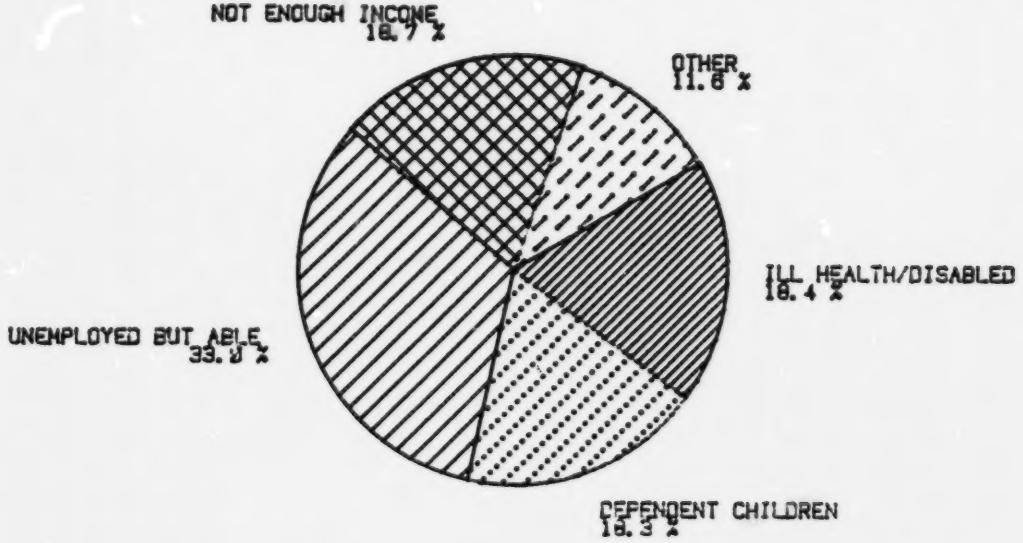
REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 7A

N. W. T. TOTAL

REASONS FOR ASSISTANCE. NO. OF CASES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 7B

SECTION IX - FAMILY STATUS

The family status of social assistance recipients (couples, single parents and single persons) varies in different regions of the Northwest Territories. In Yellowknife 26% of all social assistance recipients are single persons, compared to the Inuvik and Fort Smith Regions with 13-15%, and the three regions above the tree line, Baffin, Keewatin and Kitikmeot, with 6-8%.

In Yellowknife single parents make up 37% of all recipients, (including dependents) in the Fort Smith and Inuvik regions 25-30%; and in the Baffin, Keewatin and Kitikmeot regions 17-20%.

Couples (including dependents) constitute 35% of the Yellowknife recipients, 56-60% of the Fort Smith and Inuvik region recipients, and a consistent 74% of the Baffin, Keewatin and Kitikmeot region recipients.

ᐃᓕᓴ 9

ᓄᑕᖃᒧᑦ ᖁᓄᐃᓕᓴᐅᓂᖅ

ᓄᑕᖃᒧᑦ ᖁᓄᐃᓕᓴᐅᑎᑦᑐᑦᑎᓂᖅ ᓴᓂᖅᑕ ᑕᑯᓂᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐃᒃᑯᑦᑕᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅ (ᐊᐃᑦ ᐸᒃᑎᑦ, ᐊᐃᑦ ᐸᖅᓯᓂᑐᑦ, ᐅᓪᓗ ᐊᐃᑦ ᐸᖅᓯᓂᑐᑦ ᓄᑕᖃᖅᑐᑦ). ᖃᓄᐃᔪᒥ 26% ᑎᒍᓂᖅ ᐊᐃᑦ ᐸᖅᓯᓂᑐᑦ ᐃᒃᑯᑦᑕᑦᑐᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑕᒪᓐᓇᖅᑐᒥ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᑦ ᓂᕆᑎᑕᒥ 13-15% ᐱᓕ ᓇᑎᒃ ᐅᓪᓗ ᓇᒡᒐᖅᑐᑦᑐᒥ, ᑭᓯᐅᑦ ᒪᓕᒃᑐᑦ, ᑭᓪᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᐅᓪᓗ ᑭᒃᑯᓕᖅᑐᒥ 6-8%-ᐱᓕ ᓇᑎᒃ.

ᖃᓄᐃᔪᒥ ᐊᐃᑦ ᐸᖅᓯᓂᑐᑦ ᓄᑕᖃᖅᑐᑦ 37%-ᑎᒍᓂᖅ ᐃᒃᓱᓂᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᑦᓂᑐᑦ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᖅᑎᑦᓇ ᓄᓇᕗᓂᖅ 25-30% ᑎᒍᓂᖅ ᐃᒃᓱᓂᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᑭᓯᐅᑦ ᒪᓕᒃᑐᑦ ᑭᓪᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᐅᓪᓗ ᑭᒃᑯᓕᖅᑐᑦ 17-20%.

ᐊᐃᑦ ᐸᒃᑎᑦ 35% ᐱᒋᐊᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᔪᒥ ᐃᒃᑯᑦᑕᑦᑐᑦ ᐊᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᑦᓂᑐᑦ 56-60% ᓄᓇᕗᓂᖅ ᐊᐃᑦ ᓂᕆᑎᑕᒥ ᐅᓪᓗ ᐃᓐᓇᐃᖅᑎᑦᓇ 74% ᐱᒋᐊᓕ ᑭᓯᐅᑦ ᒪᓕᒃᑐᑦ, ᑭᓪᓕᓕᒫᑦ ᐅᓪᓗ ᑭᒃᑯᓕᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᒃᑯᑦᑕᑦᑐᑦ ᑕᒪᐃᔪᒃ ᑎᑎᓄᑦ.

TABLES 19 & 20: FAMILY STATUS, SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) EXPENDITURES & NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS, 1984-85
PIE CHARTS No. 8-21

Tables 19 and 20 show social assistance expenditures and number of recipients for each region according to the family status of the Recipient:

1. COUPLES
   Adult persons who are living together as a couple with or without children.

2. SINGLE PARENT
   Single adult person living with children.

3. SINGLE
   Single person without children.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories

ᓂᒪᓕ ᐃᑲᓴᒪᒋᐅᓕᖅᓯᒪᔪᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᓴᒪᒋᐅᓂᐊᓕᖅ: ᐊᕐᓇᖅᑎᒥᖅ (%) ᐊᒡᕕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᓂᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᑎᖅᑕᕐᒪᓂᖏᓂᒃ, 1984-85: ᐊᒡᕕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑐᓴᐅᒃᑯᑐᓴᖅᓯᒪᔪᓂᒃ ᑕᕐᕿᒻᒥᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓂᒪᓕ ᑐᓴᕐᓗᒍᑦ.

ᓂᒪᓕ ᐊᕐᕌᖅᓯᒪᔪᓂᖅ ᐃᑲᓴᒪᒋᐅᓕᕐᓗᒍᓂᖅᓯᒪᔪᓂᖅ: ᐊᕐᓇᖅᑎᒥᖅ (%) ᑲᑎᒪᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᒪᒋᐅᓕᕐᓂᐊᓕᖅ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥᓗ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᑎᖅᑕᕐᒪᓂᖏᓂᒃᓯᒪᓂ, 1984-85.

TABLE 19: FAMILY STATUS, SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) EXPENDITURES, 1984-85
PIE CHARTS No. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20

REGIONS	SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES			
	Single Persons	Couples	Single Parents	TOTAL
NWT TOTAL	1,625,858	4,985,795	2,685,706	9,297,359
YELLOWKNIFE	272,664	136,810	180,741	590,215
FORT SMITH	476,199	1,050,788	650,558	2,177,545
INUVIK	299,711	462,849	447,173	1,239,733
BAFFIN	320,281	1,593,482	705,749	2,619,512
KEEWATIN	166,006	1,164,210	435,496	1,765,712
KITIKMEOT	78,089	575,720	263,100	916,909

TABLE 20: FAMILY STATUS, NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS, 1984-85
PIE CHARTS No. 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21

REGIONS	NUMBER OF RECIPIENTS			
	Single Persons	Couples	Single Parents	TOTAL
NWT TOTAL	1,778	10,538	3,467	15,783
YELLOWKNIFE	212	282	302	796
FORT SMITH	516	2,062	857	3,435
INUVIK	249	1,121	623	1,993
BAFFIN	425	3,871	880	5,176
KEEWATIN	218	1,913	448	2,579
KITIKMEOT	103	1,252	333	1,688

PIE CHARTS NO. 8-21: FAMILY STATUS OF RECIPIENTS

These charts show the proportion of social assistance expenditures and recipients according to family status in 1984-85.

1. COUPLES
   Adult persons who are living together as a couple with or without children.

2. SINGLE PARENT
   Single adult person living with children.

3. SINGLE
   Single person without children.

The charts show expenditures for the whole family unit in each category; and the number of Recipients, including dependents in each category.

Source: Department of Social Services; Government of the Northwest Territories

ᐃᓕᓴᕐᒥ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖅᑐᖅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᑐᓴᕐᕕᐊᓇᖅᑐᑦᓯᐊᕐᓂᖅ:

ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᑦ ᐊᑐᑐᒪᓂᕐᒧᑦ ᐊᓪᓚᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖅᑐᖅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᒥᓗᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᖅᑐᖅᓯᒪᔪᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᑦ.

PIE CHARTS: FAMILY STATUS, SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) EXPENDITURES (1984-85)

No.: 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20

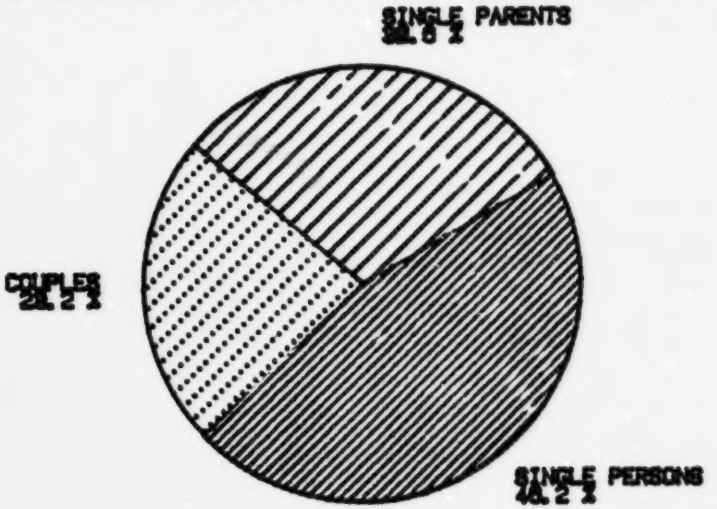
REGIONS	SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURES			
	Single Persons	Couples	Single Parents	TOTAL
YELLOWKNIFE	272,664	136,810	180,741	590,215
FORT SMITH	476,199	1,050,788	650,558	2,177,545
INUVIK	299,711	462,849	447,173	1,239,733
BAFFIN	320,281	1,593,482	705,749	2,619,512
KEEWATIN	166,006	1,164,210	435,496	1,765,712
KITIKMEOT	78,089	575,720	263,100	916,909
NWT TOTAL	1,625,858	4,985,795	2,685,706	9,297,359

PIE CHARTS: FAMILY STATUS, NUMBER OF APPLICANTS (1984-85)

No.: 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21

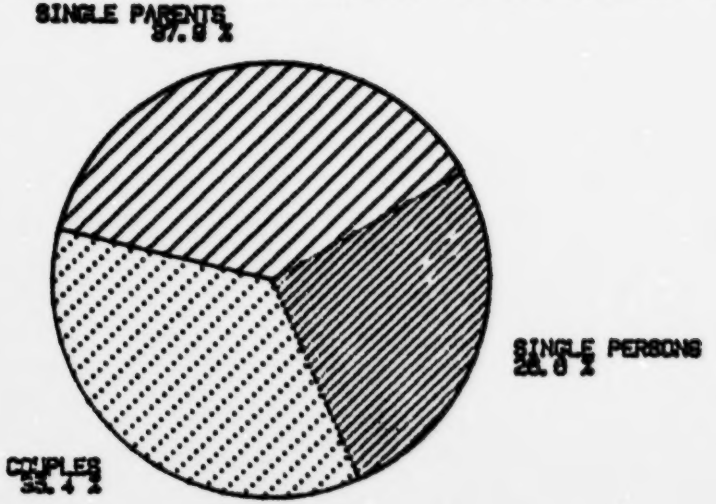
REGIONS	NUMBER OF APPLICANTS			
	Single Persons	Couples	Single Parents	TOTAL
YELLOWKNIFE	212	282	302	796
FORT SMITH	516	2,062	857	3,435
INUVIK	249	1,121	623	1,993
BAFFIN	425	3,871	880	5,176
KEEWATIN	218	1,913	448	2,579
KITIKMEOT	103	1,252	333	1,688
NWT TOTAL	1,778	10,538	3,467	15,783

YELLOWKNIFE REGION: FAMILY STATUS, EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



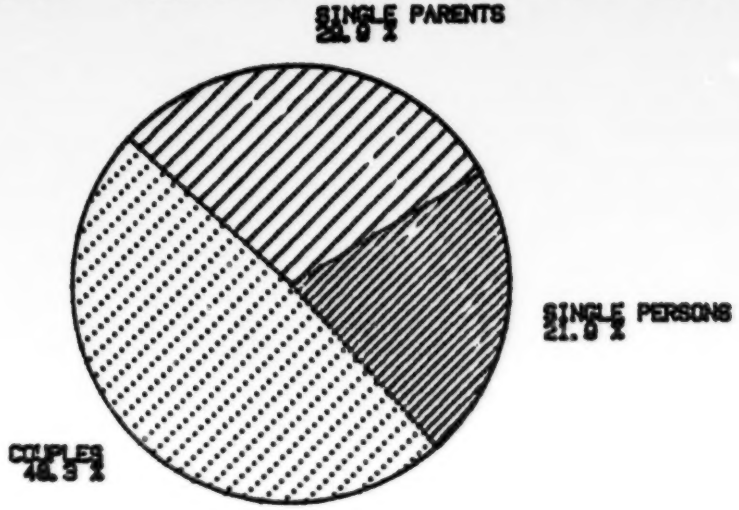
PIE CHART 8

YELLOWKNIFE REGION: FAMILY STATUS, NO. OF APPLICANTS (1984-85)



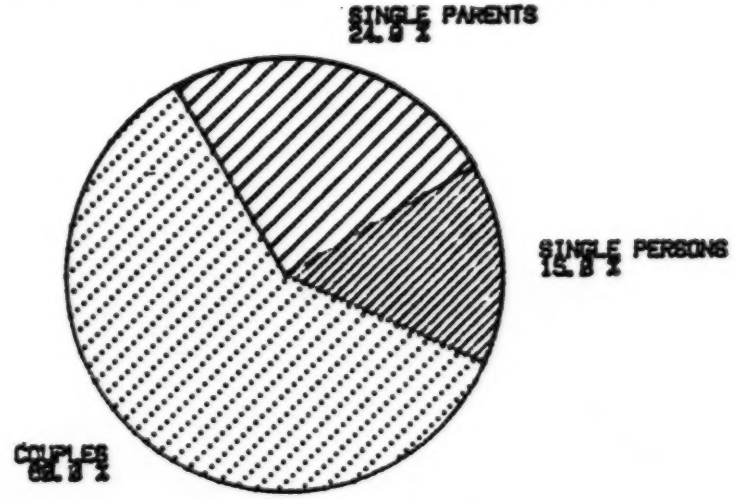
PIE CHART 9

FORT SMITH REGION: FAMILY STATUS. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



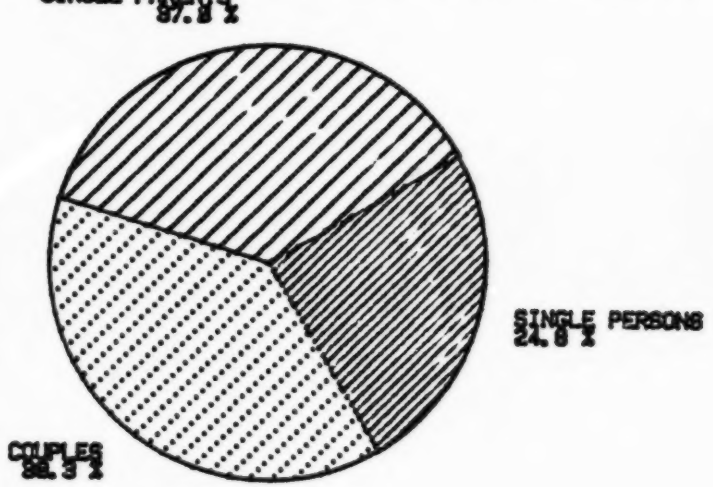
PIE CHART 10

FORT SMITH REGION: FAMILY STATUS. NO. OF APPLICANTS (1984-85)



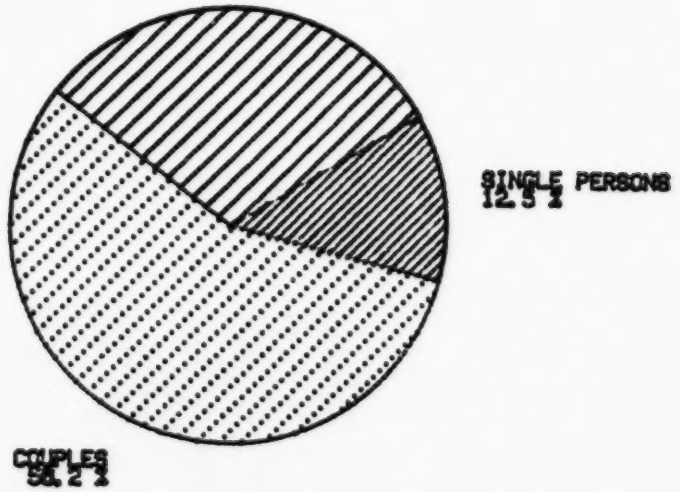
PIE CHART 11

INUVIK REGION: FAMILY STATUS, EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



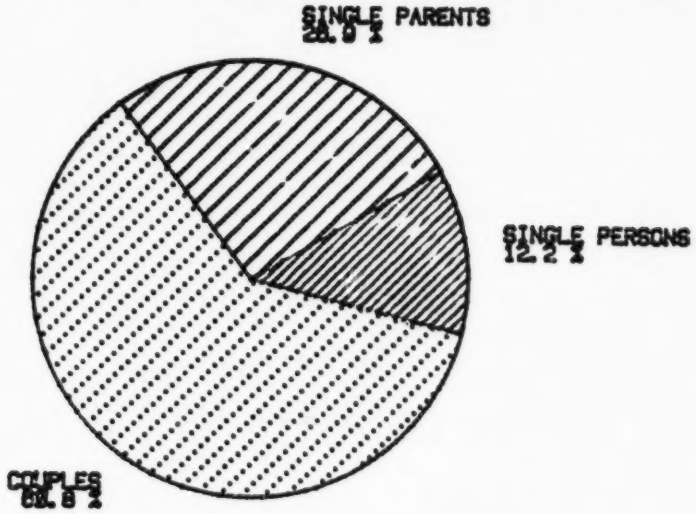
PIE CHART 12

INUVIK REGION: FAMILY STATUS, NO. OF APPLICANTS (1984-85)



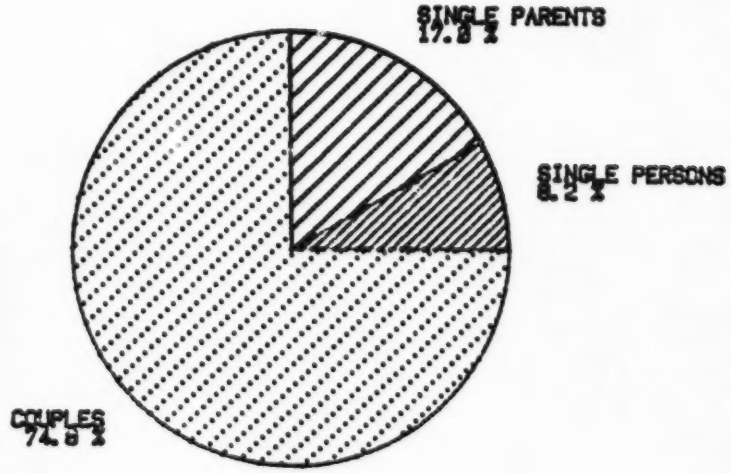
PIE CHART 13

BAFFIN REGION: FAMILY STATUS, EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



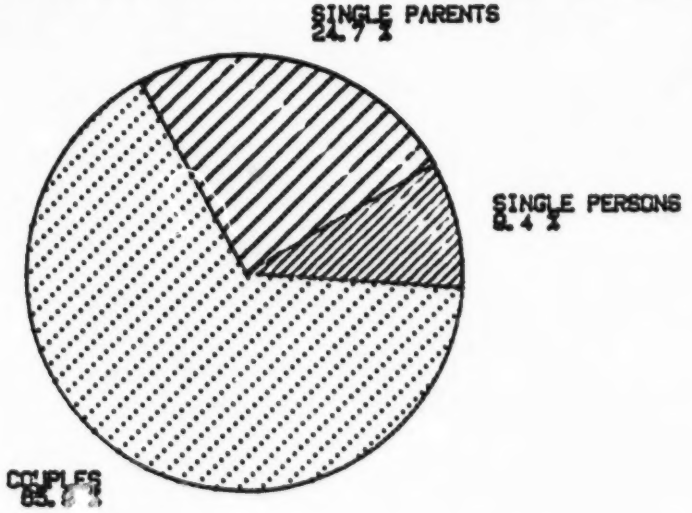
PIE CHART 14

BAFFIN REGION: FAMILY STATUS, NO. OF APPLICANTS (1984-85)



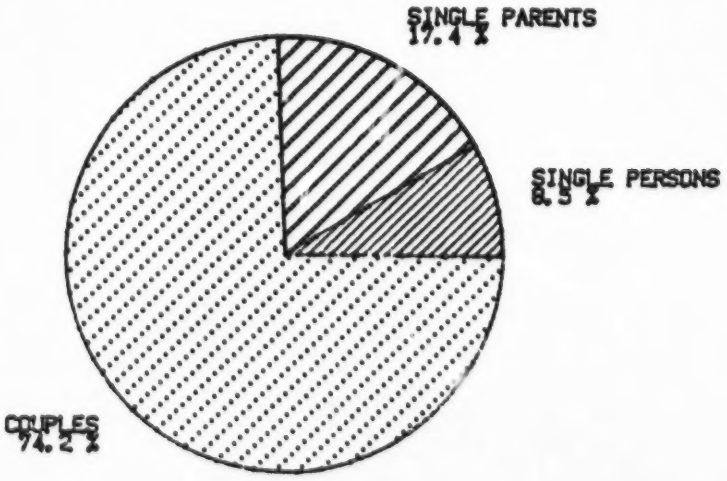
PIE CHART 15

KEEWATIN REGION: FAMILY STATUS. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



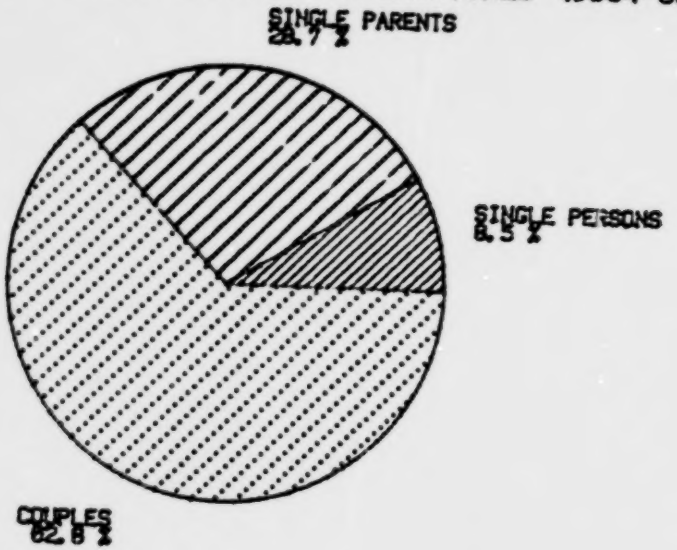
PIE CHART 16

KEEWATIN REGION: FAMILY STATUS. NO. OF APPLICANTS (1984-85)



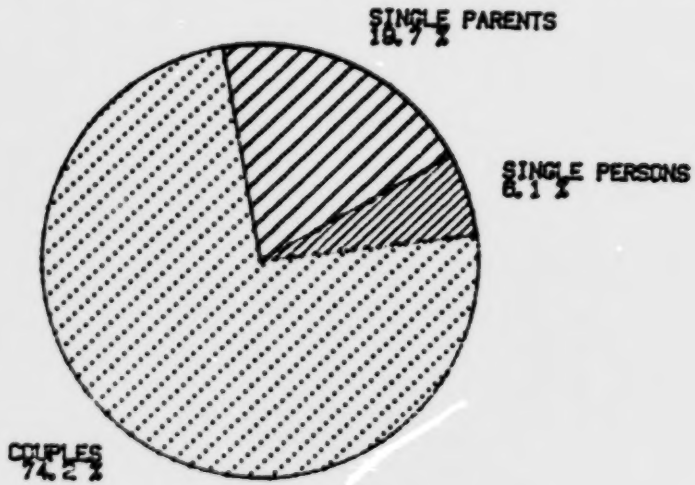
PIE CHART 17

KITIKMEOT REGION: FAMILY STATUS. EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



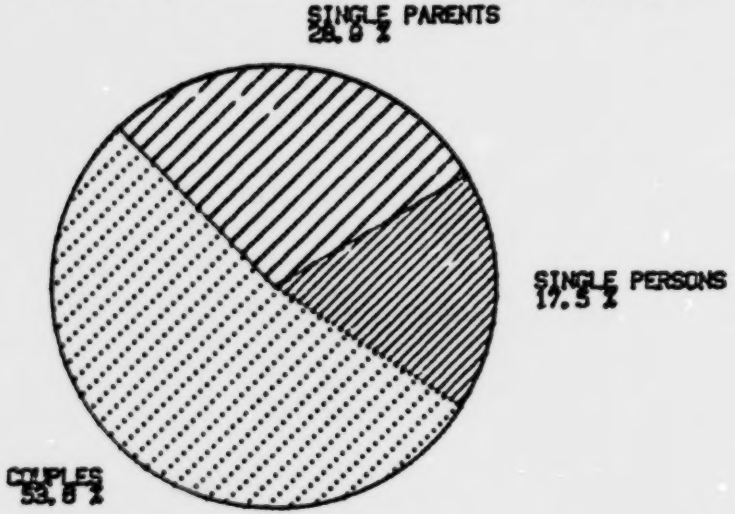
PIE CHART 18

KITIKMEOT REGION: FAMILY STATUS. NO. OF APPLICANTS (1984-85)



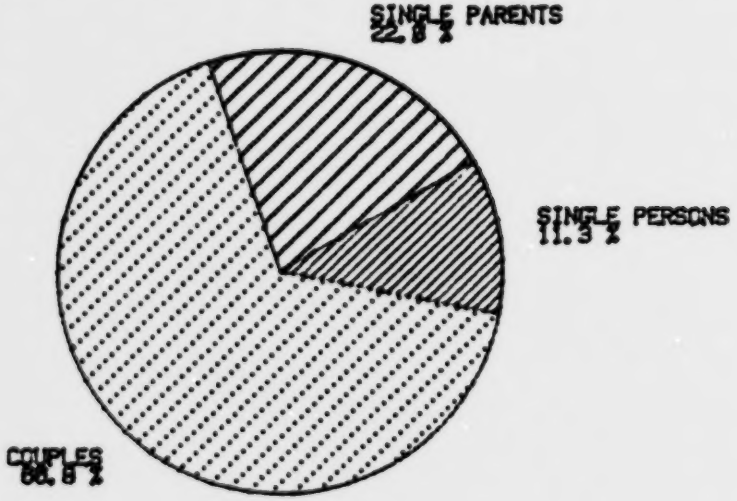
PIE CHART 19

NWT TOTAL: FAMILY STATUS, EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 20

NWT TOTAL: FAMILY STATUS, NO. OF APPLICANTS (1983-84)



PIE CHART 21

SECTION X - DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITIES

The purpose of this section is to compare social assistance expenditures in the communities in the Northwest Territories.

Three sets of social assistance data are used: the average social assistance per recipient, the average social assistance per case, and the percent of the community receiving social assistance.

As there are six food scales in the Northwest Territories, designed to compensate for the higher cost of food in communities distant from the food distribution centres, Edmonton, Winnipeg and Montreal, the amount of social assistance issued in the communities has to be adjusted to a common base level for comparison. Yellowknife was chosen as the base, and all food expenditures have been reduced to the Yellowknife level. For example, in Pangnirtung in the Baffin Region, a family of four persons would receive $493 for food; the same family would receive $340 in Yellowknife. The food scale differential between Pangirtung and Yellowknife is 45%. By reducing Pangnirtung food expenditures to the Yellowknife level, it is possible to compare the average social assistance to recipients in both communities.

The average of the average social assistance per recipient in 1983-84 in the Northwest Territories was $1,508; a recipient being defined as a person who receives social assistance for any length of time in a year. The average social assistance per case in 1983-84 was $317; a case being defined as a person applying in any one month. For example, a person who received social assistance in June, July, November and January in 1983-84 would be regarded as "one" recipient and "four" cases in that year.

ᐃᓕᖅ 10

ᐊᐱᖅ ᑐᑭ ᓯᒪᓂᖅᑕ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᓄᑦ

ᑕᒪᑐᒪ ᐃᓕᖅ ᑎᑎᕋᑦ ᓯᒪᓂᐅᕐᓂᖅ ᐱᐅ ᔪᑎᖏᖅ ᐅᖅ ᓇᑐᓴᐃᑦ ᑕᐅᓯᒪ-ᔪᒪᓂᖏᓐᓂᐅ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᓂ ᐊᐅᓚᐱᖅᑕ ᑐᓂ ᐊᔪᑦᑎᖅ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓂᐅᑉ ᑯᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᓕᒫᖅ ᑕᖏᓐᓂᐅ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᓂ ᐅᑎᓕᖅ.

ᖃᐅᔨᓴᑦ ᓂᐅᐊᔪᑦ ᐱᖓᓱᓕᖓᔪᑦ ᐊᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᔭᐅᓕ : ᐊᔪᑦ ᓴᑦ ᑐᓕᑎᔨᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑦ ᑕᐅᒪᔪᐅᑦ ᑐᑦ, ᖃᓄᖅ ᐊᖏᑎᑎᔪᒃ ᐃᑲᔪᐊᒍᔭᐅᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐅᓄᑦᓂ-ᖃᑦᓂᖏᑦ, ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᖃᑦ ᓱᐅᔨᑎᐊᖃᖓᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᓂ ᐃᓐᓇ ᑯᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᒋᐊᖃᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑦ.

ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᓕᑦ ᑐᓴᐅᔭᐅᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᓂ 6-ᓴᓗᑦ, ᑲᑎᒃᑭᒃ ᑕᐅᓴᒪᑦ ᑐᑎᒃ ᐊᑭᓕᐅᑕᐅᖃᖅᑕᑦ ᑕᑦ ᓂᐊᑦ ᑐᑎᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᓄᑦ ᓄᑦ ᓂᕈᖃᖅᐅᑦ ᑐᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᑐᓂᓗ ᓱᓂᒃ, ᓂᕈᒋᑦ ᐸᑦ ᑐᓂᑦ ᐃᓐᒥᓕᒥᓕ, ᐃᓂᐱᑦ ᒥᓕ ᒪᓐᑎᓐᓂᓕᒫᖃᖅᑕᑦ ᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ ᑲᑎᒃᑭᒃ ᑕᐅᖃᖅᑕᑦ ᑕᑦ ᐸᑦ ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᑐᓂᑦᑎᓗ ᑐᑦ. ᑲᓇᐃᓐ ᑲᑎᒃᑭᒃ ᑕᐅᓴᒪᑦ ᓴᓐᓂᖅ ᐃᓐᓇ ᑯᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᒋᐊᖃᖅᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ. ᑕᐃᒪ ᖃᐅᔨ ᒐᓗᑎᒥᐅᓂ ᐸᑦ ᓂᐊᑦ ᑐᓴ-ᓴᒥ ᓄᕐᕋᖃᖅᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓯᑕᒪᓂᒃ ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᑐᐅᑎᒃ ᓴᒥᓈᓂᒃ ᑐᓄᑦᓂ-ᖃᑦᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ $439-ᓂᒃ ; ᑕᐃᒪᓈᓐ ᐅᓄᑦᓂᖃᑦ ᑐᑦ ᑲᔪᐃᔨᒥᐅ-ᑕᐅᔪᑎᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᕋᑦᓴᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ $340-ᓂᒃ ᑲᔪᐃᔨᒥ. ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᒍᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑦ ᑲᔪᐃᔨᒥ ᐸᑦ ᓂᐊᑦ ᑐᑦ ᒥᓂ ᐊᐅᔭᐱᓕᓈᓂᖃᑦ ᑐᑦ 45%-ᒥᒃ. ᐸᑦ ᓂᐊᑦ ᑐᑦ ᒥ ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᑎᓕᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑦ ᒃᑲ ᑐᑎᒥ-ᑲᐅᓄᒃ ᑲᔪᐃᔨᒥ ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᕋᖅᑐᑦ ᖃᓄᖅ ᐊᐅᔭᐱᓕ-ᔪᑎᑎᒥᑲᑎᒋᐊᖃᖅ ᓴᓐᓂᖅᓂᓕᖅ ᑕᒪᐃᓈᓂ ᓄᓇᕗᖅᑕᐅᓱᓂ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᑎᑕᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑦ.

1983-84-ᒥ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᒍᓕᐅᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐊᔪᑦ ᓴᑦ ᑐᓕᑎᔨᓄᑦ ᑯᓂᓂ ᐅᓄᑦᓂᖃᖅᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ $1,508 ᖃᓄᐃᑲᖓᓂ; ᐅᑭᐅᑦᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓴᑦᒥ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᒍᖅᑐᑦ ᑐᑦ ᖃᖓᑐᐃᐸᓈᖅ. ᐊᑕᐅᓴᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᓪᓚ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓂᖅ ᑭᓐᓇ 1983-84-ᒥ $317 ᖃᓄᐃᑲᓂ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓂᐅᑦ ᑐᑦ; ᑕᒪᑦ ᑯᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓂᖅ ᑭᓐᓇ ᐊᑕᐅᓴᐅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᑕᖏᑭᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓴᒥ. ᑭᓐᓇᓗ ᑭᓚᐃᐸᓈᖅ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᒋᑎᑕᐅᔪᖅ ᓴᓐᒥ, ᔪᓚᐃᒥ, ᓄᓕᒻ ᑐᑎᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑲᓇᐃᑎᒥ 1983-84-ᓴᑎᓐᓄᐃ ᖃᐅᔭᓕᖅᐅᓚᓕᒻᒪᑦ "ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓂᐊᑐᖅ" ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐊᑦᑕᒍᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓴᐅᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓂᐊᑦ ᐸᓂᑎ-ᑲᒥᑦ ᖃᐅᔭᓕᖅᐅᓗᑎᒃ ᓴᑕᒪᐃᑦᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᔨᓂᐊᑦ ᓂᕈᓄᑦᓂ.

ᓄᓇᕗᑦᓂ ᐃᓕᓴᐃᑦᑕᐅᔪᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐃᒪᓐᓇᑦᓗᐊᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᖃᑦᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ $641 (ᑲᑎᒃ ᑎᑦ ᑎᐸᒥ) ᐊᒻᒪ $2918 (ᐊᑦᕕᐊᓂ) 60% ᓴᓇᓪᓕ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᑕ ᐊᑐᖃᑦᑕᑦ ᑐᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᓂᒃ $931-ᒥᑦ $2,085-ᒧᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᑲᖓᓗ $1,154-ᓴᓪᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐊᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᔪᑎᒃ ᑐᑦ.

The range in average social assistance per recipient in the communities is from $641 (Arctic Red River) to $2,918 (Eskimo Point). 60% of the communities lies within a range of $931 to $2,085, ie: $1,154. (Technically this represents one "standard deviation" on either side of the "mean").

The range in average social assistance per case is from $172 (Lake Harbour) to $574 (Norman Wells). 60% of the communities lies within a range of $248 to $386.

The range in percent of communities on social assistance is from 2% (Pine Point) to 91% (Snowdrift) with an average of 38%. 60% of the communities lies within a range of 18% to 58%.

There appears to be no pattern to account for the distribution of communities along the continuum. The range is wide and the regions are well distributed.

ᐊᓯᖏᑦ ᓴᓂᑦ ᐃᒃᓱᓕᕐᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᑦ ᐃᓚᖓᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᕕᐊᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒃ
$172 (ᑭᐳᒋᑦ) (ᓄᐊᓚᖓ ᐱᐅᔪᒋ) $574.
60% ᒥᔾᔨᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᑦ ᐃᒃᓱᓕᕐᓂᑦ ᓂᕆᑦ ᐊᓂᒃ ᐅᑎᖓ ᐱᒋᐊᑦ ᓴᒍ
$248-ᒥᑦ ᑎᑭᓪ ᓴᒍ $386-ᒧᑦ.

ᓄᓇᓕᖅᓂ ᐃᒃᓱᓕᕐᓂᑦ ᐊᑐᕐᕕᐊᓂᖅᑐᑦ ᐅᓪᓗᒥᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᖅᓯᒪᓂᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᑦᓂ-
ᖁᖁᑦ ᑕᑦ >ᑦ 2%-ᒥᑦ (<ᐃᓐ >ᐃᓐ) 91%-ᒧᑦ
Snowdrift-ᒥ ᑎᑭᓚᒋᖅ ᓴᑎᒃ 38%-ᒧᑦ. ᓄᓇᓖᑦᓯ
ᐃᓕᒥᑦ ᐅᓄᑦᓂᖁᑦ ᓴᑦ 60%ᓗᑦ ᓴᐊᑦ ᑐᓂᒃ ᐃᒃᓱᓕᕐᑎᑎᖅᑐᒃ ᑕᑭᑦ
ᐅᓄᑦᓂᖁᖁᑦ ᑕᑦ >ᑦ ᐱᒋᐊᑦᓂᖁᑦ ᓴᑎᒃ 18%-ᒥᑦ 58%-ᒧᑦ.

ᐋᑦᑭᒃ ᓓᒪᑦᓯᑎᒃ ᑐᒥᒃ ᑐᓂᐅᖁᑦ ᑕᐅᐸᖁᑦ ᑐᓴᕐᓯᑦ ᓄᓇᓖᑦ
ᐃᒃᓱᓕᕐᓂᑦ ᐸᓂᕐᑦ. ᑕᒪᐃᓐ ᓄᒃ ᐃᒃᓱᓕᕐᓂᑎᑦᖁᑦ ᑐᓴ
ᐃᒃᓱᓕᕐᖁᑦ ᑕᑦᒪᑕ ᐃᒃᓴᑦ ᑕᐅᑦ ᓄᓇᑦᓂᑦ ᐸᓂᒃ ᓗ ᑕᒪᐃᓐᓂᒃ
ᐃᒃᓴᑦ ᑕᐅᒋᐊᖁᑦ ᑐᓴ.

TABLE 21: ADJUSTED SOCIAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE BY RECIPIENTS, CASES AND COMMUNITIES, 1983-84

This table adjusts the social assistance expenditures in the communities to the food scale level of Yellowknife.

The allowance for food in the social assistance program is set out below. The difference between the scales is:

Scale	I (Base Line)
	II up 10% from I
	III up 25% from I
	IV up 35% from I
	V up 45% from I
	VI up 55% from I

Social assistance expenditures in the communities and regions cannot be compared because of the different scales. Scale VI communities tend to have higher expenditures because the food allowance is higher.

This table can be used to compare social assistance expenditures in communities.

ᐊᑭᑭᐊᑦᓯᒪᓕᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᕆᐃᓐ ᐃᑲᓴᑦᑐᐊᓘᓐᓂᒃ ᐊᑐᓕᕆᓂᖅᓴᖅᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᕐᕕᒃᓴᐅᓂᖅᓄᑦ, ᑲᒪᒋᔭᓕᒫᓂᖅᓄᓕᒫᓂ, ᐊᕐᓇᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᒫᓂ, 1983-84: ᓴᓇᙵᐅᑎᓯᒪᓕᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᕆᐊᓘᓐᓂᒃ ᑐᓴᕐᕕᒃᓴᐅᓂᖅᓄᑦ, ᑲᒪᒋᔭᓕᒫᓂᖅᓄᓕᒫᓂ, ᐊᕐᓇᓗ ᓄᓇᓕᖅᓄᑦ ᑲᔪᓯ ᐅ ᐊᑦᑐᐊᓘᓐᓃᖅᓯᒪᓂ.

TABLE 21: FOOD SCALE ADJUSTED SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) FIGURES, 1983-84

COMMUNITY	AVERAGE SA PER RECIPIENT	AVERAGE SA PER RECIPIENT ADJUSTED	AVERAGE SA PER CASE	AVERAGE SA PER CASE, ADJUSTED	PERCENT OF COMMUNITY ON SA
YELLOWKNIFE AREA					
Detah I	1,565	1,565	345	345	50
Yellowknife I	1,437	1,437	370	370	6
FORT SMITH REGION					
Fort Smith I	1,455	1,455	354	354	33
Snowdrift IV	1,645	1,349	390	320	91
Fort Providence II	1,217	1,144	251	236	37
Fort Simpson II	1,261	1,185	246	231	15
Nahanni Butte III	1,855	1,595	394	339	24
Fort Liard II	996	936	306	288	16
Fort Wrigley III	1,063	914	262	225	25
Trout Lake IV	1,729	1,418	278	228	25
Kakisa Lake II	1,327	1,247	226	212	36
Fort Resolution II	947	890	235	221	42
Pine Point I	849	849	361	361	2
Hay River I	859	859	291	291	8
Rae II	2,348	2,207	390	367	65
Lac La Martre IV	3,490	2,862	448	367	94
Rae Lakes IV	3,290	2,690	443	362	94
INUVIK REGION					
Inuvik III	1,132	974	-	292	17
Aklavik III	1,378	1,185	325	280	34
Fort McPherson III	1,187	1,021	330	284	32
Arctic Red Rvr. III	745	641	397	341	31
Tuktoyaktuk III	1,275	1,097	312	268	29
Sachs Harbour VI	2,206	1,655	473	355	17
Paulatuk VI	3,190	2,393	507	380	30
Norman Wells III	1,930	1,660	668	574	4
Fort Norman III	1,138	979	370	318	30
Fort Good Hope III	2,280	1,961	414	356	63
Fort Franklin IV	2,985	2,448	439	360	39
Colville Lake IV	2,314	1,897	414	339	54
BAFFIN REGION					
Igloolik V	2,221	1,732	421	328	78
Hall Beach IV	1,816	1,489	484	397	91
Pond Inlet V	1,541	1,202	434	339	53
Clyde River V	1,984	1,548	424	331	73
Arctic Bay V	1,546	1,206	386	301	45
Resolute Bay V	1,309	1,021	379	296	39
Grise Fiord VI	1,108	831	318	239	60
Lake Harbour V	881	687	221	172	55
Cape Dorset V	1,518	1,184	343	268	80

TABLE 21: FOOD SCALE ADJUSTED SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) FIGURES, 1983-84

COMMUNITY	AVERAGE SA PER RECIPIENT	AVERAGE SA PER RECIPIENT ADJUSTED	AVERAGE SA PER CASE	AVERAGE SA PER CASE, ADJUSTED	PERCENT OF COMMUNITY ON SA
Pangnirtung V	1,965	1,533	372	290	67
Broughton Island V	1,042	813	293	229	60
Sanikiluaq VI	2,006	1,645	360	295	91
Frobisher Bay VI	1,627	1,334	337	276	40
KEEWATIN REGION					
Chesterfield IV	2,313	1,897	367	301	46
Baker Lake VI	2,877	2,359	429	352	63
Coral Harbour IV	3,191	2,617	487	400	71
Repulse Bay V	3,009	2,347	603	470	-
Eskimo Point III	3,393	2,918	466	401	55
Whale Cove V	2,151	1,678	522	407	56
Rankin Inlet IV	2,579	2,115	445	365	47
KITIKMEOT REGION					
Holman IV	1,457	1,195	397	326	21
Cambridge Bay IV	1,203	986	256	210	35
Coppermine IV	1,425	1,169	312	256	38
Gjoa Haven V	2,279	1,778	402	314	72
Spence Bay V	2,252	1,757	391	305	80
Pelly Bay VI	1,982	1,487	437	328	42

TABLES 22 - 25: DISTRICTION OF COMMUNITIES, 1983-84

ᐊᒥᖏᓂᒃ ᐊᐱᖓᔪᓚᓂᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᐅ ᐊᒥᐅᓕᒥ ᑐᓴᖅᑐᒥ, ᓇᒻᓐᓂᖏᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂ, 1983-84: ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑎᕆᓚᐅᖅ ᑭᓐᑯᐃᓇᐅᑎᖅᓂᓐ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᑐᓴᖅᑐᒥ ᐃᑲᐅᖅᓯᒪᔪᓐ.

These tables show the distribution of communities for:

TABLE 22: Average Social Assistance Per Recipient, 1983-84

ᐊᒥᖏᓂᒃ ᐊᐱᖓᔪᓚᓂᒃ ᑭᓇᐅᔭᐃᐅ ᑐᓴᖅᑐᒥᑎᐱᓐᓂᒃᓄᑦ, ᓇᒻᓐᓂᖏᓂ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂ, 1983-84: ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑎᕆᓚᐅᖅ ᑭᓐᑯᐃᓇᐅᑎᖅᓂᓐ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᒥᓴᖓᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᐅᖅᓯᒪᔪᓐ.

TABLE 23: Average Social Assistance Per Case, 1983-84

TABLE 24: Percentage of Community on Social Assistance, 1983-84

>ᓴᖓᑎᒍᑦ (%) ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂ ᐃᑲᐅᖅᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ, 1983-84: ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑎᕆᓚᐅᖅ ᑭᓐᑯᐃᓇᐅᑎᖅᓂᓐ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂ ᐊᒥᓴᖓᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᐅᖅᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

TABLE 25: Reasons for Assistance, "Unemployed But Able", Percent of Total Cases, 1984-85

NOTE: 60% of all settlements are within the range indicated by:

60% . . . . . 60%.

95% of all settlements are within the range indicated by:

95% . . . . . 95%.

ᓂᒪᒃ ᐃᑲᐅᖅᑕᐅᔪᓐᓇᒃ ᐃᑲᐅᖅᑕᐅᓂᖅᑐᒃ, ᐃᓕᓴᕐᔪᐃᓕᖅᓂᒃ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᔪᐃᓕᓐᓂᕐᓗᓂᒃ, >ᓴᖓᑎᒍᑦ (%) ᐊᒥᖏᓂᒃ ᐊᐱᖓᔪᓚᓂᒃ, 1983-84: ᓴᖅᑭᑎᑎᕆᓚᐅᖅ ᑭᓐᑯᐃᓇᐅᑎᖅᓂᓐ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᔪᐃᓕᖅᓂᒃ ᓄᓇᓕᓐᓂ ᐃᑲᐅᖅᓯᒪᔭᖏᓐᓂᒃ.

TABLE 22: DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITIES, 1983-84, ADJUSTED AVERAGE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) PER RECIPIENT

	FORT SMITH	**YELLOWKNIFE**	**YELLOWKNIFE**		
	Pine Point 849	Yellowknife 1,437	Detah 1,565	**FORT SMITH**	**FORT SMITH**
	Hay River 859	**FORT SMITH**	**FORT SMITH**	Rae 2,207	Rae Lakes 2,690
	Fort Resolution 890	Fort Wrigley 914	Nahanni Butte 1,595	**INUVIK**	Lac La Martre 2,862
	INUVIK	Fort Liard 936	**INUVIK**	Paulatuk 2,393	**KEEWATIN**
	Arctic Red Rvr. 641	Ft. Providence 1,144	Sachs Harbour 1,655	Ft. Franklin 2,448	Eskimo Point 2,918
	BAFFIN	Fort Simpson 1,185	Norman Wells 1,660	**KEEWATIN**	
	Lake Harbour 687	Kakisa Lake 1,247	Colville Lake 1,897	Rankin Inlet 2,115	
	Broughton 813	Snowdrift 1,349	Fort Good Hope 1,961	Repulse Bay 2,347	
	Grise Fiord 831	Trout Lake 1,418	**BAFFIN**	Baker Lake 2,359	
		Fort Smith 1,455	Pangnirtung 1,533	Coral Harbour 2,617	
		INUVIK	Clyde River 1,548		
		Inuvik 974	Sanikiluaq 1,645		
		Fort Norman 979	Igloolik 1,732		
		Ft. McPherson 1,021	**KEEWATIN**		
		Tuktoyaktuk 1,097	Whale Cove 1,678		
		Aklavik 1,185	Chesterfield 1,899		
		BAFFIN	**KITIKMEOT**		
		Resolute Bay 1,021	Spence Bay 1,757		
		Cape Dorset 1,184	Gjoa Haven 1,778		
		Pond Inlet 1,202			
		Arctic Bay 1,206			
		Frobisher Bay 1,334			
		Hall Beach 1,489			
		KITIKMEOT			
		Cambridge Bay 986			
		Coppermine 1,169			
		Holman 1,195			
		Pelly Bay 1,487			
AMOUNT RECEIVED	$354	$931	$1,508	$2,085	$2,662
		60%.	. . . . .	. . . . .	.60%
	95%.	. . . . .	. . . . .	. . . . .	.95%

TABLE 23: DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITIES, 1983-84, ADJUSTED AVERAGE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) PER CASE

			YELLOWKNIFE		
			Detah 345		
			Yellowknife 370		
			FORT SMITH		
			Snowdrift 320		
			Nahanni Butte 339		
		FORT SMITH	Fort Smith 354		
		Fort Liard 288	Pine Point 361		
		Hay River 291	Rae Lakes 362		
		INUVIK	Lac La Martre 367		
		Tuktoyaktuk 268	**INUVIK**		
		Aklavik 280	Fort Norman 318		
		Ft. McPherson 284	Colville Lake 339		
		Inuvik 268	Arctic Red Rvr. 341		
		BAFFIN	Sachs Harbour 355		
		Cape Dorset 268	Ft. Good Hope 356		
	FORT SMITH	Frobisher Bay 276	Ft. Franklin 360		
	Kakisa Lake 212	Pangnirtung 290	Paulatuk 380		
	Ft. Resolution 221	Sanikiluaq 295	**BAFFIN**		
	Fort Wrigley 225	Resolute Bay 296	Igloolik 328		
	Trout Lake 228	Arctic Bay 301	Clyde River 331		
	Fort Simpson 231	Clyde River 301	Pond Inlet 339		
	Ft. Providence 236	**KEEWATIN**	**KEEWATIN**	**BAFFIN**	**INUVIK**
	BAFFIN	Chesterfield 301	Baker Lake 352	Hall Beach 397	Norman Wells
	Broughton 229	**KITIKMEOT**	Rankin Inlet 365	**KEEWATIN**	574
BAFFIN	Grise Fiord 239	Coppermine 256	**KITIKMEOT**	Coral Harbour 400	**KEEWATIN**
Lake Harbour	**KITIKMEOT**	Spence Bay 305	Holman 326	Eskimo Point 401	Repulse Bay
172	Cambridge Bay 210	Gjoa Haven 314	Pelly Bay 328	Whale Cove 407	470

AMOUNT REC'D $178 $248 $317 $386 $456

60% 60%

95% 95%

TABLE 24: DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITIES, 1983-84, PERCENT OF COMMUNITY ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA)

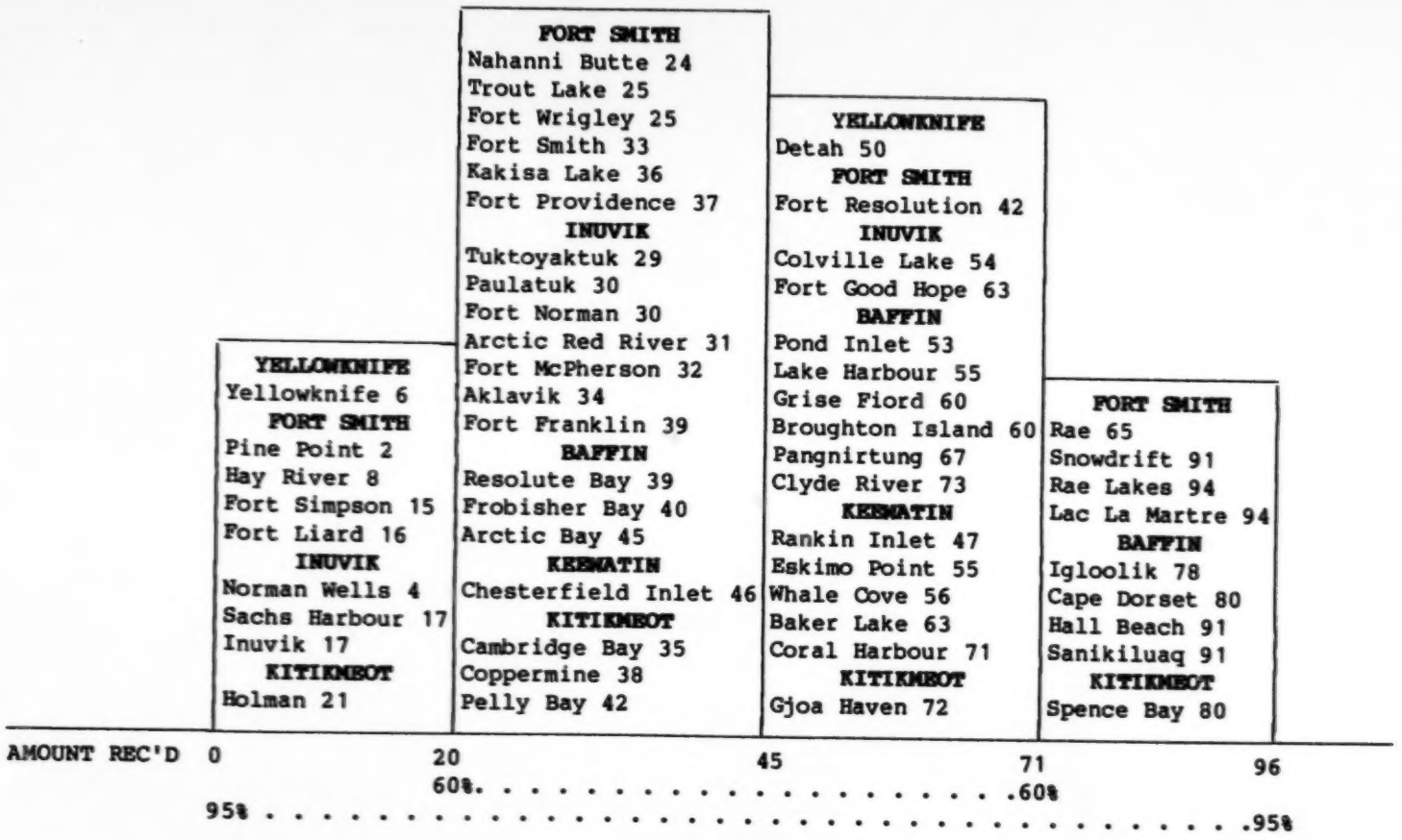
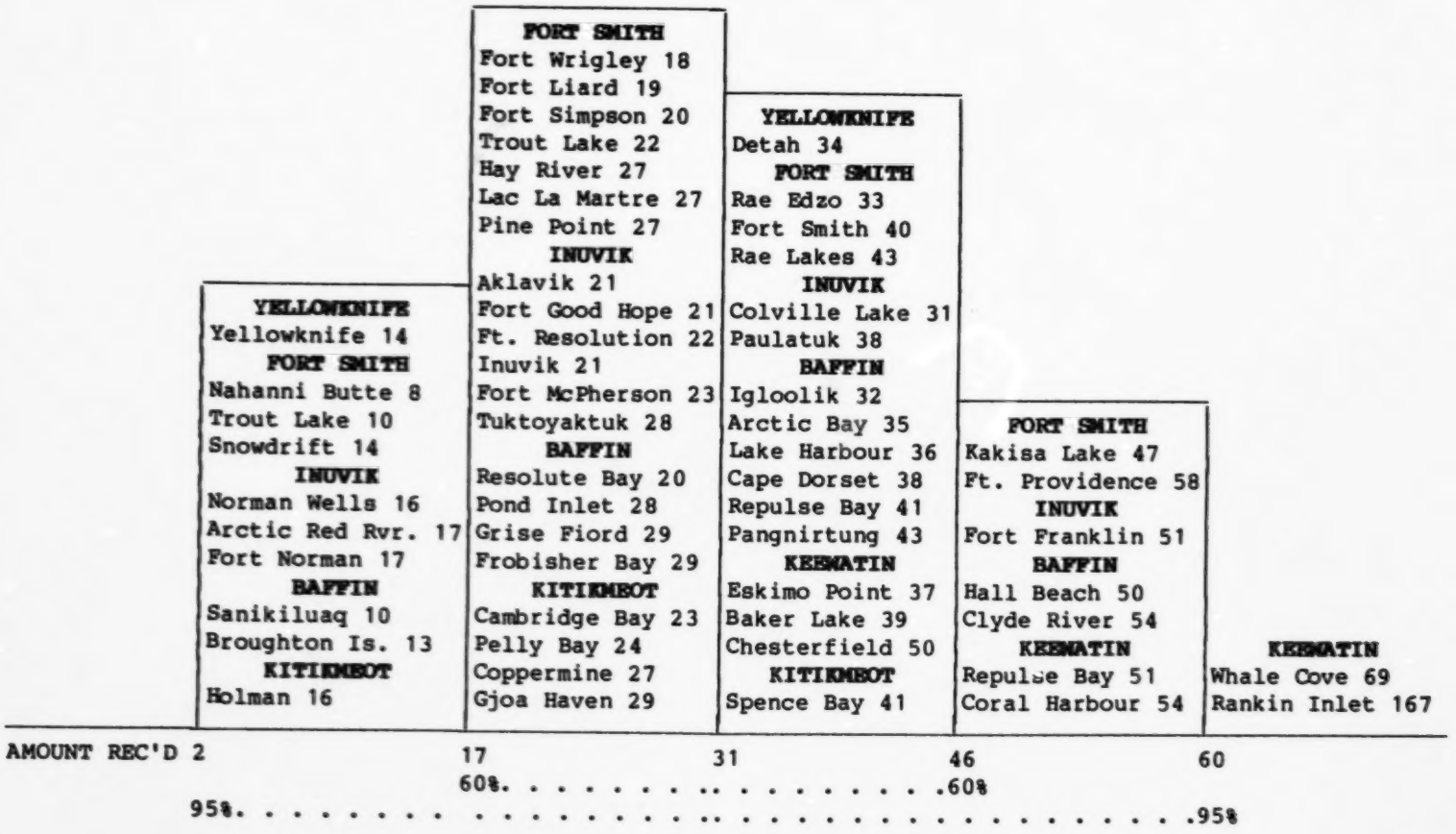


**TABLE 25: DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITIES, 1983-84,
REASON FOR ASSISTANCE, UNEMPLOYED BUT ABLE PERCENT OF TOTAL CASES**



SECTION XI - HOUSING SUBSIDY

The social assistance program provides an allowance for rent and mortgage payments. Almost 87% of social assistance clients who receive a rent subsidy live in public housing, administered by the NWT Housing Corporation. 75% pay the minimum rent of $32 per month, as their income is below approximately $200 per month. 12% pay an average rent to the Housing Corporation of $132 per month, their income being over $200 per month.

Only 9% of those who receive a rent subsidy live in other than public housing; 4% receive assistance with mortgage payments.

85% of those who receive assistance with mortgage payments live in Yellowknife and in the Fort Smith region. Almost 70% of social assistance recipients of minimum rent live in the Baffin, Keewatin and Kitikmeot regions. 80% of those who receive assistance with rent for other than public housing live in Yellowknife and Fort Smith; Inuvik accounts for a further 15%.

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ᐃᒃ ᓄᖅ ᓴᐊᓇᓄᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᐊᑎᕆᐅᑉᑲᒃ ᑐᑦ

ᐊᓴᖅ ᓴᖅ ᑐᓕᑎᕆᒃ ᑯᓘᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᑦᑲᒃ ᑕᖅᑭᑦ ᐊᑐᖅ ᐃᐅᔨᓴᒪᓐᓇᖅ ᑎᑦ ᓯᓚᖅ ᐃᒃ ᓄᖅ ᓴᐊᓇᓄᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᒃ ᓴᓗᒃ ᐊᑐᖅ ᑐᐊᖅ ᑐᓄᖅ ᓗ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᒃ ᓴᓗᒃ . ᑕᒪᐃᓐᓂᑲᓴᒃ 87% ᑭᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐊᓴᖅ ᓴᖅ ᑐᓕᑎᕆᒃ - ᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᒃ ᓄᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᖅ ᐳᑐ ᑭᑐᑐᐃᓐᓇᐃᑦ ᐃᒃ ᓄᕐᑎᑎᑦᑲᒃ ᑕᕐᓐᓂᒃ , ᓄᓇᑦ ᓯᐊᖅ ᐃᒃ ᓄᑕᑎᕆᖅ ᓴᐊᑲ ᑯᐅᓪᓗᑦ ᓄᑲ . 75% ᑭᓴᐅᓴᖅ ᐊᑭᓪᖅ ᑐᐃᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᖅ ᐳᑐ $32 ᑕᖃᑭᒪᑦ , ᑭᓇᐅᓴᓪᓕᐊᕐᓂᖅ $200-ᒧᑦ ᑎᑭᓯᒪᖏᑦ ᑕᕐᓂᒪᒪᑕ ᑕᖃᑭᑦᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᑦᒥ . 12% ᑭᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᐃᒃ ᓄᑕᑎᕆᖅ ᓴᐊᑲ ᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᑭᓪᖅ ᑐᐃᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᖅ ᐳᑐ $132-ᓂᒃ ᑕᖃᑭᖅᒥ ᐊᑕᐅᓯᑦᒥ ᑭᓇᐅᓴᓪᓕᐊᕐᓂᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᒪᒃ $200-ᐅᖓᑖᓄᑦ .

9% ᑐᐃᓐᓇᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᓂ ᓄᓇᑦ ᓯᐊᖅ ᐃᒃ ᓄᑕᑎᕆᖅ ᓴᐊᕐᓂᑦ ᑕ ᐃᒃ ᓄᕐᑎᑎᕐᓂᑦ ᑕ ᐊᓯᑎᓐᓂᒃ ᐃᒃ ᓄᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᖅ ᐳᑐ ; 4%ᐱᓴᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᖅ ᑕᐅᑦᑕᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐃᒃ ᓄᖅ ᓴᐊᓇᓄᖅ ᐊᑭᖅᑕᐅᑎᒃ ᓴᒥᓐᓇᓄᑦ .

85%ᑭᓴᐅᓴᖅ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᑦ ᐃᒃ ᓄᖅ ᓴᐊᒥᓐᓇᓄᑦ ᐊᑭᖅᑕᐅᑎᒃ ᓴᒥᓐᓇᓄᑦ - ᓄᓇᑦᑐᐅᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᖅ ᐳᑐ ᑲᓗᓇᐃᑦ ᐋᒪᒪᓗ ᑭᐳᑦ ᓯᒥᑦ ᐊᐃᒃ ᑐᑦ ᓯᒥ - ᒪᓂᕐᓂᓂ. 70% ᖃᓂᑭᓴᖏᓐᓂᑦ ᑐᑦ ᐊᓴᖅ ᓴᖅ ᑐᓕᑎᕆᒃ ᑯᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᒃ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᑕᐅᑦᑐᒃ ᑐᑦ , ᑭᓴᓕᖅᑕᑦᒥ ᐋᒪᒪᓗ ᖃᑎᖅᑕᒥᐅᓂ. 80% ᑭᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᑦ ᓯᐊᖅ ᐃᒃ ᑐᓕᑎᕆᒃ ᓴᓗᒃ ᑯᓘᑦ ᐃᒃ ᓄᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᖅ ᐳᑐ ᐊᓯᐅᓂ ᐃᒃ ᓄᖓᑦ ᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᑦᑐᐅᖏᖏᑦ ᑕᖅ ᐳᑐ ᑲᓗᓇᐃᑦᒥ ᐋᒪᒪᓗ ᖃᑎᖅᑕᒥᐅᓂ; ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᒥᐅᐃᑦ 15% ᑭᓴᕐᓂᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᓯᐊᖅ ᐸᒃ ᑐᑦ .

TABLE 26: HOUSING SUBSIDY, 1984-85

ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᐊᓕᓵᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕋᑦ, 1984-85: ᐃᑲᓴᕐᕋᕐᕕᒃᓯᒪᓂᖅ ᐃᓕᓵᓄᑦ ᑭᐳᑦᑐᑕᐃᓚᖅᑐᖅ ᑭᓪᓗᓗ ᐃᓕᓵᔪᕐᕋᓚᓂ ᐱᓇᐅᔭᓚᐅᖅ ᑮᓇᐅᑉᓯᓚᐅᖅ ᑭᐳᑦᑎᐊᐅᑦᑐᑕᓄᑦ.

Social assistance can be used to cover the cost of rent, mortgage payments and utilities.

Table 25 shows the number of people who receive assistance for rent, mortgage payments and utilities in the following categories:

1. HOUSING CORPORATION - minimum rent.
   The Housing Corporation charges a minimum rent of $32 to all tenants with an (approximate) income of $200/month or less. Utilities are not included in the minimum rent.

2. HOUSING CORPORATION - more than minimum rent.
   The Housing Corporation charges rent according to the income of the tenant. Income between $200 and $400/month is assessed at a sliding percentage of 16.7% to 25%. Above $400, rent is 25% of the assessed income. (NOTE: Assessed income is actual income less certain deductions. Utilities are not included in the rent charged.)

3. OTHER SOURCES - Rent to other sources, ie: rent to a landlord other than the Housing Corporation.

4. MORTGAGE ASSISTANCE - A monthly allowance may be paid to persons who are purchasing their own home if the costs are not more than it would be for rented accommodation.

The table also shows the average payments per month, the average total payments per year and the average number of months for which people received rent assistance.

TABLE 26: HOUSING SUBSIDIES, 1984-85

TABLE 26A: RENTAL ASSISTANCE

REGION	RENTAL FROM HOUSING CORPORATION							RENT FROM OTHER SOURCES			
	MINIMUM RENT $32/MONTH			MORE THAN MINIMUM RENT/MONTH							
	RECI-PIENTS	AVE NO. OF MONTHS	AVE. SUBSIDY PER YEAR RENT & UTIL.	RECI-PIENTS	AVE. NO. OF MONTHS	AVE. RENT PER MONTH	AVE. SUBSIDY PER YEAR RENT & UTIL.	RECI-PIENTS	AVE. NO. OF MONTHS	AVE. RENT PER MONTH	AVE. SUBSIDY PER YR. RENT & UTIL.
NWT TOTAL:	1,301	5.4	201	219	2.6	132	547	162	3.2	378	1,201
YELLOWKNIFE	44	3.9	277	28	3.1	253	788	60	3.2	407	1,281
FORT SMITH	247	4.0	245	77	2.5	175	445	64	3.7	385	1,437
INUVIK	124	5.0	166	48	1.8	117	204	23	3.0	358	1,057
BAFFIN	304	5.1	159	60	3.3	37	121	1	1.0	32	32
KEEWATIN	372	6.8	218	2	1.0	292	292	6	2.2	32	69
KITIKMEOT	210	5.9	35	3	4.0	140	559	-	-	-	-

TABLE 26B: MORTGAGE ASSISTANCE

REGION	NO. OF RECIPIENTS	AVERAGE PAYMENT PER MONTH	AVERAGE SUBSIDY PER YEAR
YELLOWKNIFE	18	220	745
FORT SMITH	39	227	558
INUVIK	9	260	289
BAFFIN	-	-	-
KEEWATIN	-	-	-
KITIKMEOT	1	32	96

SECTION XII - NEED ITEMS

The allowance for food takes up almost 70% of social assistance expenditures; clothing 7% and rent 5% are the next major items.

In Yellowknife food (30%) is the major item; in the Fort Smith and Inuvik regions food is 56%; north of the tree line in the Baffin, Keewatin and Kitikmeot regions food is approximately 80%, clothing is over 7% in Yellowknife and in the Fort Smith, Inuvik and Keewatin regions, 5% in the Baffin Region and under 3% in the Keewatin region.

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ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐊᓱᑦ ᓴᓐᑦ ᑐᓀᑎᓵᓄᖅ ᓄᑦ ᐃᒃᓯᑎᒋᓕᒃ ᑕᕈᑦ 70% ᐅᔨᓕᒃ ᐳᑦ ; ᐊᵃ ᓄᕐᓄᑦ 7% ᐅᔨ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐃᒃ ᓄᑦ ᓱᐊᓄᑦ 5% ᑐᒃ ᓕᑎᕈᐅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐊᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᕈᑎᐊᖏᓪᓗᐊᑦ ᑐᓄᑦ ᑭᓯᐊᓂ ᓂᕈᓄᑦ ᐃᒃᓯᑕᐅᓕᖅᑐᒃ ᑐᓂᓄᑦ ᒥᑭᓂᑦ ᓴᐅᑦ ᓄᑎᒃ .

ᖃᓄᐃᔨᒥ ᓂᕈᑦ ᐊᒋᐊᓗᐅᑦ ᓄᒥᑦ ᐃᒃᓯᑕᐅᓕᖅᑐᒃ ᐳᑦ (30%); ᑐᐊᑦ ᓯᒥᑦᒥᓪ ᐃᓚᐃᑉ ᒥᐅᓄᓗ ᓂᕆᑦ 56% ᐅᖏᑦᑕᑦ ᐳᑦ ; ᓂᕈᓄᑦᓗ ᐃᒃᓯᑕᐅᓕᖅᑐᒃ ᑐᑦ ᕿᑭᑦ ᒋᓗᑉ ᒥ , ᑭᓕᒃᓂᑦ ᒥ ᐊᒻᒪ ᕿᑎᑦ ᒥᐅᓂ 80% ᐅᖏᑦᑕᑦ ᐳᑦ , ᐊᑦ ᓄᕐᓄᑦ ᐃᒃᓯᑕᐅᓕᖅᑐᒃ ᑐᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᔨᒥ 7% ᐅᖃᒋᓚᑦ ᒃᑕᑦ ᐳᑦ ᐅᐊᑦ ᓯᒥᑦᒥᐅᓄᑦ , ᐃᓚᐃᑉ ᒥᐅᓄᑦᓗ ᑭᓕᒃᓂᑦ ᒥᐅᓄᑦᓗ 5% ᐅᔨ ᓄᑎᒃ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᕿᑎᑦ ᒥᐅᓂ ᑐᖃᓂᑦ ᐸᒃ ᓄᑎᒃ 3% .

TABLE 27: NEED ITEMS BY REGION

The social assistance program provides an allowance for basic needs such as food, clothing and rent, and special needs such as damage deposits and transportation; and for welfare services such as day-care and uninsured health costs.

Table 27 shows the total value for the need items in the applications for social assistance in each region. Only those items which make up 2% or more of the total are listed.

Below is a list of all need items allowed under the social assistance program.

Basic Need Items	Special Need Items
Food	Housekeeping
Clothing	Rehabilitation
Household	Laundry
Personal	Special Clothing
Rent	Transportation
Fuel/Utilities	Telephone
Room & Board	Expenses Incidental to Employment
Special Diet	Expenses Incidental to Education
Special/Nursing Care	Handicapped
Comforts	Repairs, Additions, Alterations to Property
Welfare Items	Household Equipment
Day Care	Outstanding Accounts
Uninsured Health Costs	Funeral
	Damage Deposit
	Emergency

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TABLE 27: NEED ITEMS BY REGION, 1984-85

ITEMS	EXPENDITURES	% OF TOTAL NEED AMOUNT	AVERAGE CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE $/CASE
NWT TOTALS:				
Food	8,123,252	68	1,892	358
Clothing	777,131	7	763	85
Rent	646,211	5	746	72
Fuel/Utilities	333,711	3	241	115
Aged/Disabled	556,165	5	354	131
Room & Board	270,847	2	71	316
Miscellaneous [a]	745,458	6	1,582	357
Other	445,823	4	239	155
TOTAL	11,898,598	100	2,030	488
YELLOWKNIFE REGION				
Food	239,180	31	99	202
Clothing	56,527	7	84	56
Rent	158,461	20	53	251
Fuel - Utilities	51,857	7	39	111
Aged/Disabled	50,774	7	34	125
Room & Board	80,164	10	22	304
Day Care	43,877	6	10	366
Miscellaneous [b]	56,895	7	27	315
Other	40,678	5	35	97
TOTAL	778,413	100	126	516
FORT SMITH REGION				
Food	1,581,747	56	474	278
Clothing	216,688	8	197	92
Rent	218,668	8	142	129
Fuel-Utilities	219,700	8	152	121
Aged/Disabled	155,446	6	97	134
Miscellaneous [c]	291,788	10	527	305
Other	126,546	5	76	138
TOTAL	2,810,583	100	501	468
INUVIK REGION				
Food	872,806	56	237	307
Clothing	112,489	7	155	60
Rent	77,753	5	79	82
Fuel - Utilities	57,573	4	35	136

[a] household; personal; burial/funeral; incid/employ; emergency; day-care; nursing home.

[b] household; personal; incid/employ; burial/funeral; emergency; nursing home.

[c] household; personal; room & board; burial/funeral; incid/employ; emergency; day care; nursing home.

TABLE 27: NEED ITEMS BY REGION, 1984-85

ITEMS	EXPENDITURES	% OF TOTAL NEED AMOUNT	AVERAGE CASE/MONTH	AVERAGE $/CASE
Aged/Disabled	96,235	6	63	127
Room & Board	62,254	4	11	468
Burial/Funeral	40,521	3	3	1,095
Nursing Home	35,971	2	3	922
Miscellaneous [d]	100,932	6	300	160
Other	104,885	7	36	241
TOTAL	1,561,419	100	267	487
BAFFIN REGION				
Food	2,814,444	82	552	425
Clothing	178,614	5	169	88
Aged/Disabled	122,078	4	76	133
Miscellaneous [e]	251,164	7	618	203
Other	69,072	2	37	155
TOTAL	3,435,372	100	578	496
KEEWATIN REGION				
Food	1,639,971	78	324	421
Clothing	181,476	9	131	115
Rent	85,083	4	218	33
Aged/Disabled	88,035	4	57	129
Miscellaneous [f]	47,566	2	119	140
Other	56,566	2	34	140
TOTAL	2,098,697	100	336	520
KITIKMEOT REGION				
Food	963,901	82	200	402
Clothing	31,077	3	27	97
Rent	44,078	4	107	34
Aged/Disabled	42,097	4	26	136
Miscellaneous [g]	53,207	4	41	277
Other	44,558	4	19	201
TOTAL	1,178,918	100	213	462

[d] household; personal; incid/employ; emergency; day care.
[e] rent; fuel/utilities; household; personal; room & board; burial/funeral; incid/employ; emergencies; day care.
[f] fuel/utilities; household; personal; room & board; burial/funeral; incid/employ; emergency; day care, nursing home.
[g] fuel/utilities; household; personal; room & board; burial/funeral; emergency; day care; nursing home.

TABLE 28: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND APPLICANT ETHNIC STATUS, NWT TOTALS, 1984-85

Tables 28A and B show age group and ethnic status of social assistance recipients in the NWT for 1984-85. The ethnic breakdown of social assistance is based on health case numbers which distinquish between Status Indian, Inuit and "Non-Native persons. Metis persons are included in the "non-native" column as the health care numbering system does not have a "Metis" category.

ᐅᐃ ᑐᑎᕐᓂ 28-A-ᒥ ᐊᒃ ᒪᓗ B-ᒥ ᒎᐃ ᑯᓴᐅᑎᐃ ᑎᒪᑕ ᐊᑦ ᕿᔪᓕᐃ ᓂᐃ ᐊᒃ ᐳᒥᕐᑐᓂᐃ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᓴᕆᑎᐊᖃᓄᐅᑦ ᓂᕐᓂᓂᐃ ᐃᑲᓇᓱᐊᕐᓚᐅᐃ ᑐᑦ ᓄᓇᑦᓀᐊᑦ ᒥ 1984-85-ᒥᓗ. ᐊᐃᐃ ᑐᓀᒪᓂᑎᓴᕐᑦ ᐃᑲᓇᓱᐊᕐᓚᐅᐃ ᑐᑦ ᐋᖅᑭᑦ ᑕᐅᓀᒪᓴᑦ ᐊᖅᓂᐊᖃᖅᑕ ᑐᓂᓀᓚᐅᑦ ᐃᓕᓴᕆᑎᐊᕐᓂᒃᑯᑦ ᒪᓕᒃᑲᓂᐃ ᒎᐃ ᑯᑎᔭᓇᖅ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ, ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓄᑦ ᐊᒃ ᒪᓗ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᓴᖅᓗ ᐊᒃ ᒪᓗ ᐃᖅᑲᐃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᓴᕆᑦ. ᐃᖅᑲᐃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᓴᕆᑦ ᑕᕐᓂ ᐃᓕᓴᐅᓕᖃᖅᑕᒪᓕᒃᑐᑦ ᒪᑕ ᐃᓄᐃᑦᑕᑐᑦ ᐃᖅᑲᐅᑎᑦ ᑐᑦ ᑐᑭᓯᐅᑦ ᐱᑦ ᓴᐳᑎᓕᑦ ᑎᑎᕋᑦ ᑕᐅᓕᒪᓴᖅᑦᒪ ᒪ ᒎᐃ ᑎᐊ ᒥᑦᓴᓄᑦ.

TABLE 28: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) BY AGE GROUP AND RECIPIENT ETHNIC STATUS, NET TOTALS, 1984-85

TABLE 28A: PERCENT OF AGE GROUP BY ETHNIC STATUS, NET TOTALS, 1984-85

AGE	TOTAL SA RECIPIENTS	INDIAN		INUIT		NON-NATIVE	
		NUMBER	PERCENT OF AGE GROUP	NUMBER	PERCENT OF AGE GROUP	NUMBER	PERCENT OF AGE GROUP
Under 20	379	104	27.4	217	57.3	58	15.3
20 - 29	1,689	377	22.3	1,017	60.2	295	17.5
30 - 39	945	231	24.4	533	56.4	181	19.2
40 - 49	729	194	26.6	436	59.8	99	13.6
50 - 59	691	199	28.8	387	56.0	105	15.2
60 - 64	299	113	37.9	149	49.8	37	12.4
65+	276	88	31.9	149	54.0	39	14.1
TOTAL	5,008	1,306	26.1	2,888	57.6	814	16.3

TABLE 28B: PERCENT ETHNIC STATUS ON SOCIAL ASSISTANCE, NWT TOTALS, 1984-85

ALL REGIONS	INDIAN			INUIT			NON-NATIVE		
	POPULATION PROJECTIONS (1985)	NUMBER ON SA	PERCENT ON SA	POPULATION PROJECTIONS (1985)	NUMBER ON SA	PERCENT ON SA	POPULATION PROJECTIONS (1985)	NUMBER ON SA	PERCENT ON SA
NWT TOTAL	11,749	1,306	11.1	18,107	2,888	15.9	21,781	814	3.7

PIE CHARTS NO. 22-28:

These charts show the proportion of social assistance dollars spent on the various items of need: food, clothing, rent, fuel, etc.

PIE CHART 29: SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) AND ETHNIC ORIGINS, PERCENTAGE TOTAL OF NWT POPULATION, 1984-85

This pie chart shows the percent of Inuit, Indians and Non-Native in the total population who receive, and who do not receive, social assistance.

<ᐃᓕᒍᖅ ᓇᓗᐅᑎᕐᓂᖅ 22-ᒥᑦ 28-ᒍᑦ: ᐊᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᔨᑎᐊᓯᑦ ᐅᓂᑦ ᓂᕐᓂᑦ

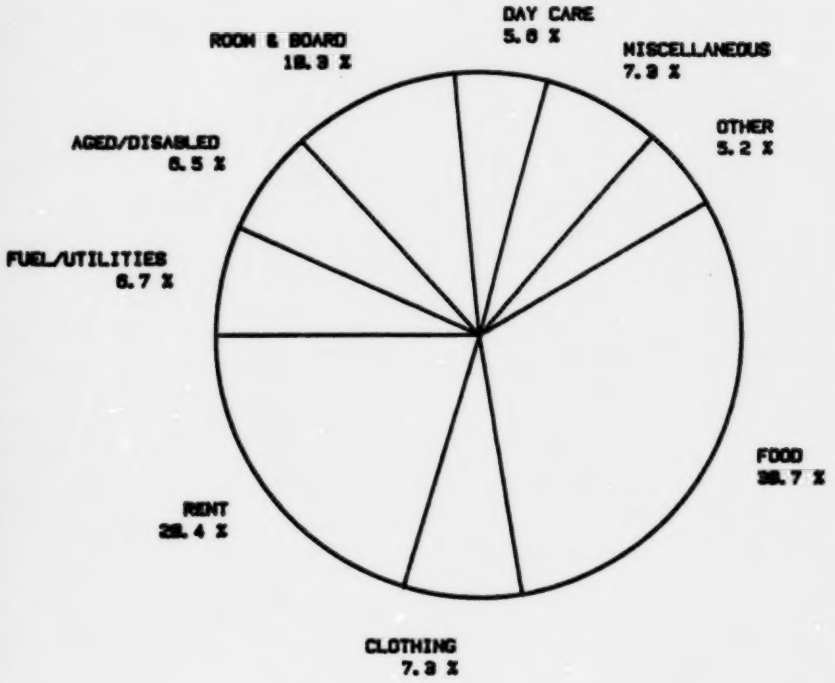
ᒎᓐ ᑯᐊ ᑎᑎᕋᐅᔨᑦᓭᒪᔪᑦ ᐅᖏᐅᓭᖏᑦ ᐊᑦ ᑭᓇᐅᔨᓂᓐ ᐃᑲᔪᑎᑐᓐ ᐊᓂᑦ ᑐᓂᓐ ᐅᓂᑦ ᓂᕐᓂᓐᓂᓐ ᐊᑐᑦ ᑕᐅᑎᓐ ᑐᑦ ᐅᑯᓂᖓ: ᓂᕿᓂᑦ, ᐊᓐᓂᕆᓂᑦ, ᐃᒪᓕᑦ ᐊᔪᕐᓐᓂᑦ, ᐅᑦ ᓭᐊᓕᒃ ᒧᑦ ᐊᒪᒃ ᓕ, ᐊᓗᕐᓐᓂᑦ.

<ᐃᓕᒍᖅ ᓇᓗᐅᑎᖓ 29: ᐃᒃᓯᓭᐊᕐᒪᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᐃᓐ ᑐᑕᐅᓭᒪᓂᕐᒥᑦ ᐅᓴᓐᓭᕐᓂᒍᑦ ᐊᒥᓱᓂᕐᒥᑦ ᑲᑎᓐ ᑐᑭᑦ ᓄᓇᑦᓭᐊᖅᑎ 1984-85-ᒥᓗ.

ᒎᓐᓇ <ᐃᓕᒍᖅᑐᓐ ᑕᑯᓐ ᓴᐅᑎᓐ ᑎᒪᒪᑦ ᐊᒥᓱᓂᑎᕐᓂᓐ ᐅᓴᓐᓭᕐᓂᒍᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ, ᐃᖏᓕᑦ ᐊᒪᒪᓗ ᖃᓗᐊᓕᑦ ᐃᖏᓕᓐᓗ ᖃᓗᐊᖏᓐᓄᐊᓯᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᒃᓯᓭᐊᓕᓭᓯᐊᓂᑦ ᐊᒪᒪᓗ ᐃᒃᓯᓭᐊᓕᐅᕐᓂᑦ ᑐᑦ.

YELLOWKNIFE REGION

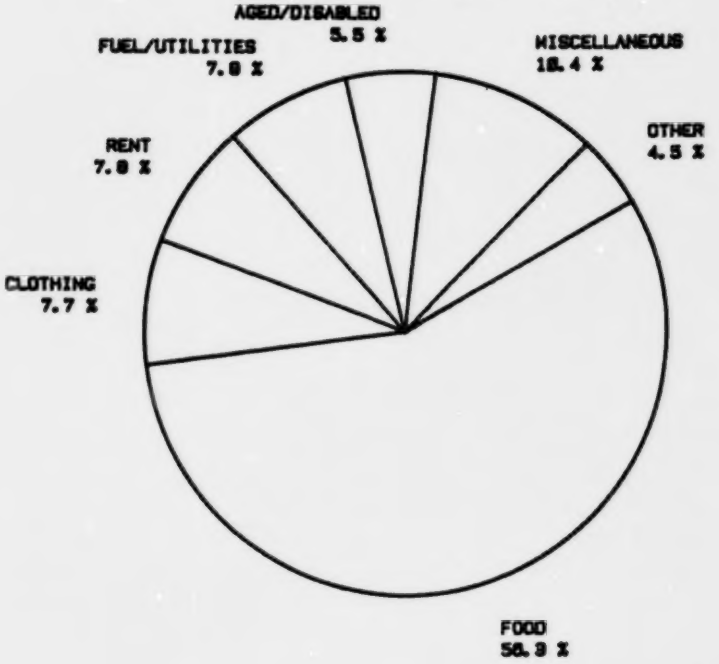
NEED AMOUNT EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 22

FORT SMITH REGION

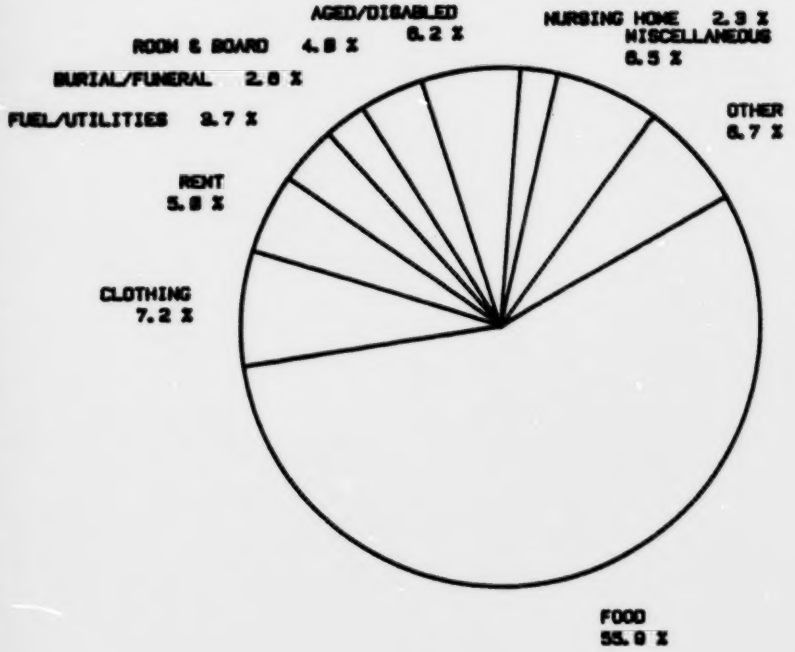
NEED AMOUNT EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 23

INUVIK REGION

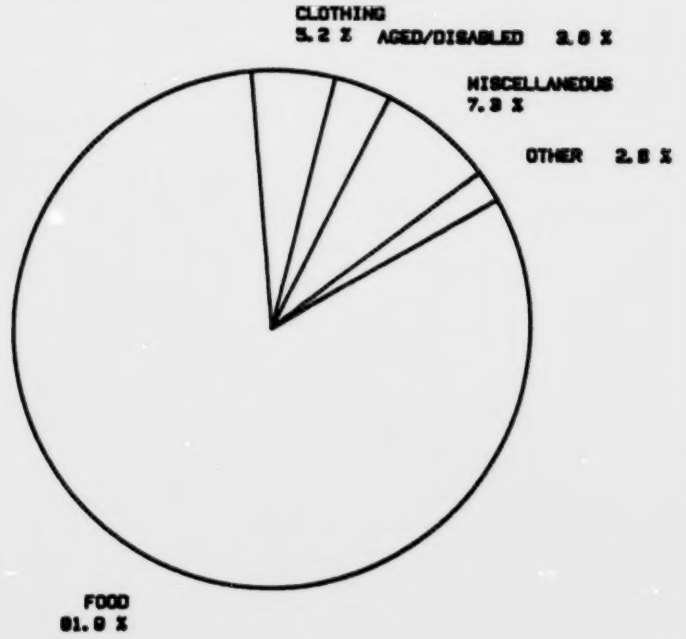
NEED AMOUNT EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 24

BAFFIN REGION

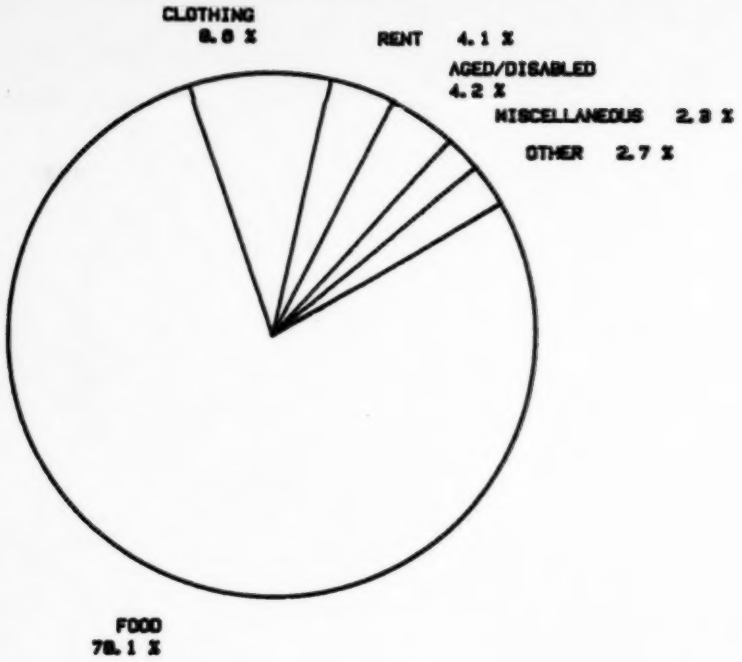
NEED AMOUNT EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 25

KEEWATIN REGION

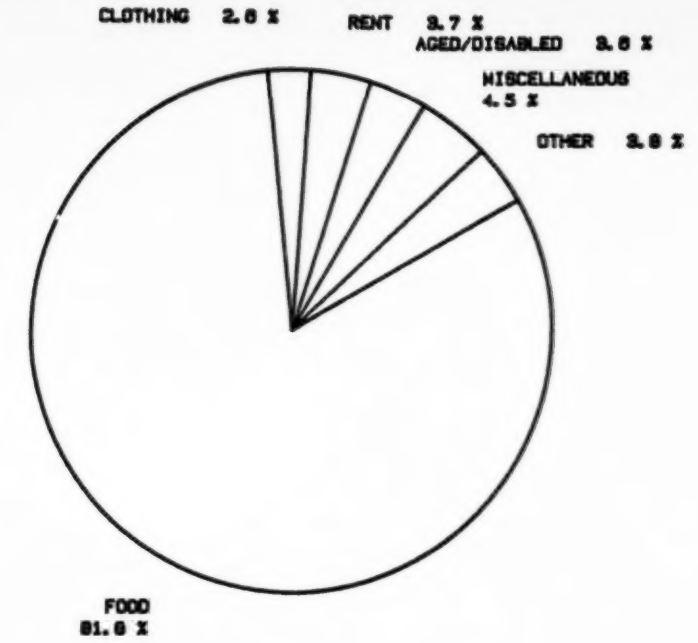
NEED AMOUNT EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 26

KITIKMEOT REGION

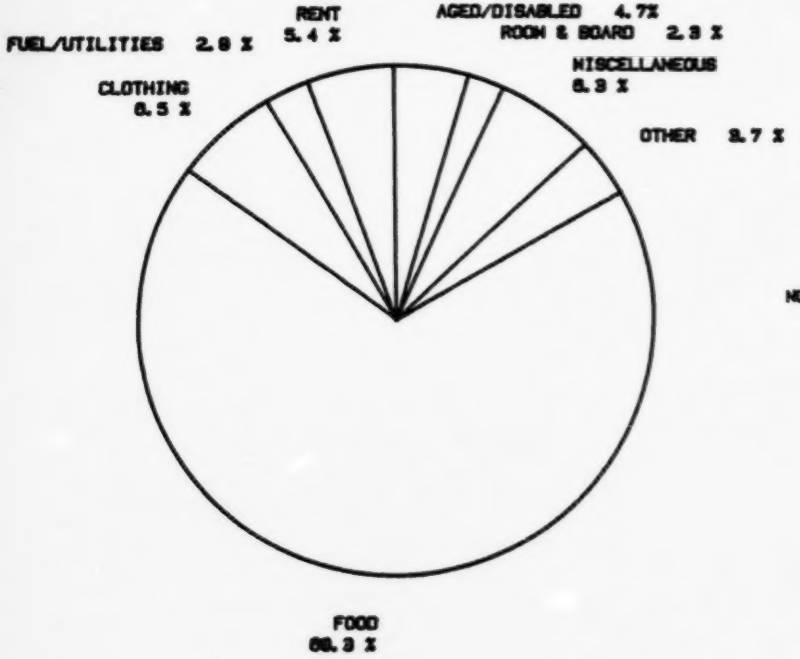
NEED AMOUNT EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 27

N. W. T. TOTAL

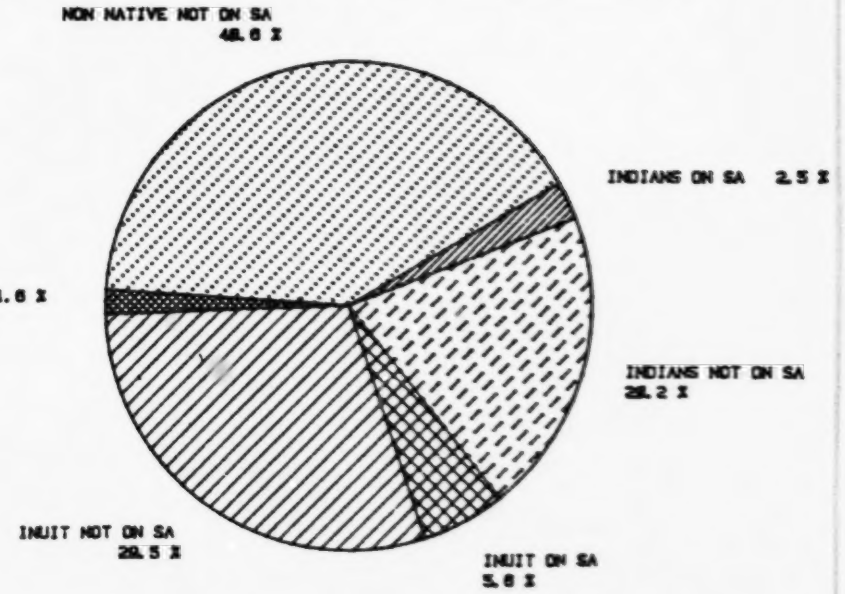
NEED AMOUNT EXPENDITURES (1984-85)



PIE CHART 28

SOCIAL ASSISTANCE (SA) AND ETHNIC ORIGINS

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL NWT POPULATION (1984-85)



PIE CHART 29

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ᑲᑎᒪᔨᓂᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᑦ ᐸᓇᐅᔨᐃᑦ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᑎᑐᑎᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐊᒥᐱᒃᓄᑦ ᐸᓇᐅᔨᑦᑐᑎᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1983-84.

ᐅᓴᖅᑎᓗᒃ (%) ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓇᓕᒃ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ, ᐊᑭᑦ ᐊᒻᒪ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᐊᕐᓗᒃ ᐸᓇᐅᔨᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦᑕᒫᓂ ᐊᓪᓚᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ ᐸᓇᐅᔨᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ, 1983-84.

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓇᓕᒃ (%) ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓇᓕᒃ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1983-84.

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓇᓕᒃ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᒪᑭᒌᓇᔭᐅᔪᓐᓇᓕᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1980-85.

ᐃᓄᖕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓱᐊᕐᓗᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1984-85.

ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓇᓕᒃ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᑦ ᐸᐃᒪᓕᕆᔨᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1980-84.

ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᐊᕐᓗᒃ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1984-85.

ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᐊᕐᓗᒃ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1980-84.

ᐃᓄᖕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓱᐊᕐᓗᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1984-85.

ᐃᓄᖕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓱᐊᕐᓗᒃ ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1984-85.

ᐸᓇᐅᔨᐊᑦᑐᑎᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐃᓚᖏᓐᓇᓕᒃ: ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ ᐊᓯᖏᓐᓇᓕᒃ ᐃᑲᖏᕐᓂᐊᓕᓐᓂᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᖕᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᐱᕐᔪᒪᓂᖅᐳᖅ, 1984-85.

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ᑲᒪᒋᐅᑦᓱᒪᓕᕆᓂᖅ ᓄᑕᖅᑐᑦ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᓄᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᐊᕐᓗᒍᓄᑦ, 1984-85.

ᑲᒪᒋᐅᑦᓱᒪᓕᕆᓂᖅ ᓄᑕᖅᑐᑦ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᓄᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᑯᓂᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᑕᖏᑦᑕᓂᖅ, 1984-85.

ᐊᓂᓂᕆᓂᖅ/ᐃᓄᓐᓃᑦᑐᑦ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᓄᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᐃᓕᓴᕐᓂᐊᕐᓗᒍᓄᑦ, 1984-85.

ᐊᓂᓂᕆᓂᖅ/ᐃᓄᓐᓃᑦᑐᑦ: ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᒍᓄᑦ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᑕᑯᓂᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᑕᖏᑦᑕᓂᖅ, 1984-85.

ᓴᓪᓕᐅ ᐊᕐᕌᒍᓐᓇᖅᑐᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᖏᓐᓄᑦ ᐊᑐᐅᓯᒪᔪᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᑎᖓᔪᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅᐳᑦ, 1984-85.

ᓴᓪᓕᐅ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᑕᐅᔪᓄᑦ ᐃᑲᔪᕐᓗᑕᐅᓂᖏᑦ: ᐅᖃᖅᑐᓄᑦ (%) ᐊᑕᖏᓐᓇᓄᑦ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᒻᒪᓗ ᓄᓇᕗᑦ ᐊᑎᖓᔪᖅᓯᒪᓂᖅᐳᑦ, 1984-85.

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A-1 Business
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Yvonne Lynn ..... ᐊᐅᓚᓕᖅᓱᑦ ᑐᓴᒪᒃ ᓴᓕᑎᕐᓂᑦ

Wells Marshall..... ᐊᒥᓕᒃᓱᑦ ᑎᑎᕆᔨᓄᑦ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᑦᑎ
ᐅᖃᓕᒍᓕᑦ ᐃᓕᑎᔨᒃ ᑯᓘᓂᑦ

John Moss..... ᐅᖃᓕᒍᓕᑦ ᐃᓕᑎᔨᒃ ᑯᓘᓂᑦ
ᐅᖃᓕᒍᓕᑦ ᑎ

Louise Nicklen..... ᐅᖃᐅᓕᓕᑎᔨᑦ ᐊᐅᓚᑦ ᓕᖅᑦ

Betty Harnum..... ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᓱᖏᓐᓇᓕᒐᓱᖅᑦ

Phil Howard ..... ᐃᐢᑭᒋᑦ ᐅᖃᐅᓕᓕᑎᔨᖅᑦ

ᑐᓴᔨᑦ :

ᓕᐅᓂ ᑯᓄᒃ - ᐃᓄᒃ ᑐᑦ
ᔪᓕᐊᓇ ᐊᐃᑦᓴᒃ - ᐃᓄᒃ ᑐᑦ
ᑭᑕ ᔭᒃᓴᒃ - ᐃᓄᒃ ᑐᑦ
ᐅᒪᓕᖅ ᐃᔨᑦᓕᐊᖅ - ᐃᓄᒃ ᑐᑦ

Lucy Ann Yakeleya - North Slavey
Freddie Norwegian - South Slavey
Leona Poitran - Chipewayan
Enna Vittrekwa - Loucheux
Mary Rose Drygeese - Dogrib
Jocelynne Delisle - ᐅᐃᒪᑎᑐᑦ

Dick Clarke..... ᐊᖏᔪᖅᑲᑎᓴᐅᔪᖅ
ᐊᔪᑦ ᓴᑦ ᑐᓕᑎᔨᒃ ᑯᑦ
ᐃᒃᔭᑎᑎᓕᖅ ᑕᓂᖅᒃ ᓄᓇ
ᐱᓕᑎᔨᐅᔪᓄᑦ